

B13

高压キセノンガス検出器を用いた
ニュートリノレスニ重ベータ崩壊探索

市川温子, Atsuko K. Ichikawa
Tohoku university
for the AXEL collaboration

Tohoku univ., Kyoto univ., U. of Tokyo, Kobe univ., Yokohama NU, KEK

neutrino-less double-beta ($0\nu\beta\beta$) decay

ニュートリノがマヨラナ粒子であるのかどうか？
最重要課題の一つ

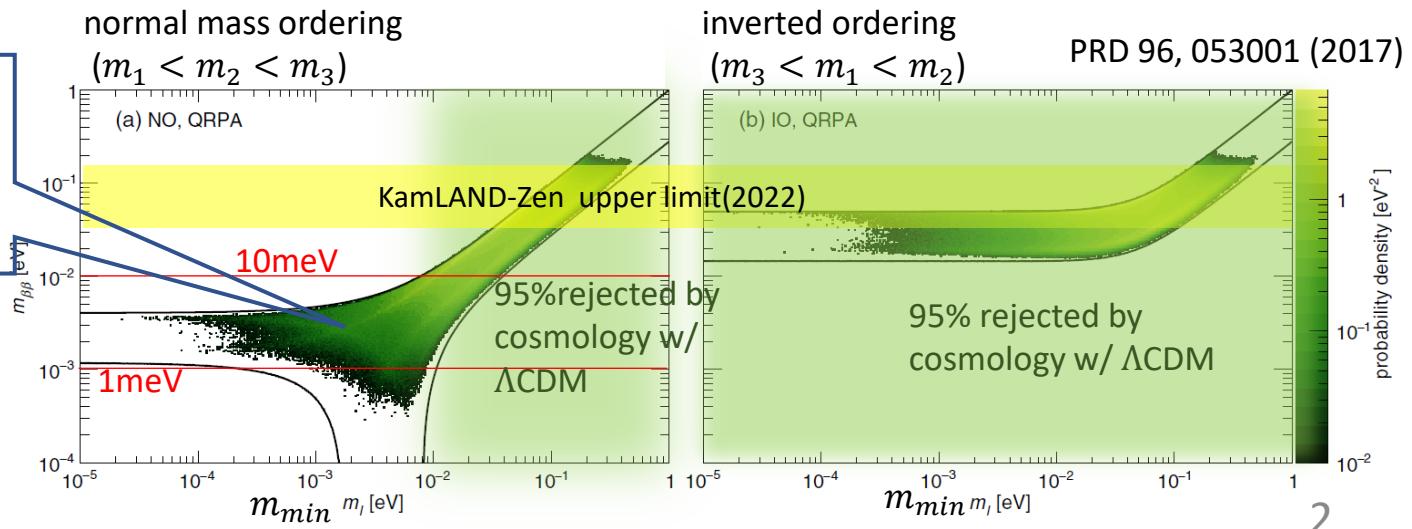
ニュートリノの質量の軽さ、大統一理論のモデル選定、
物質・反物質非対称な宇宙の理由

ニュートリノを伴わない二重ベータ崩壊探索が重要

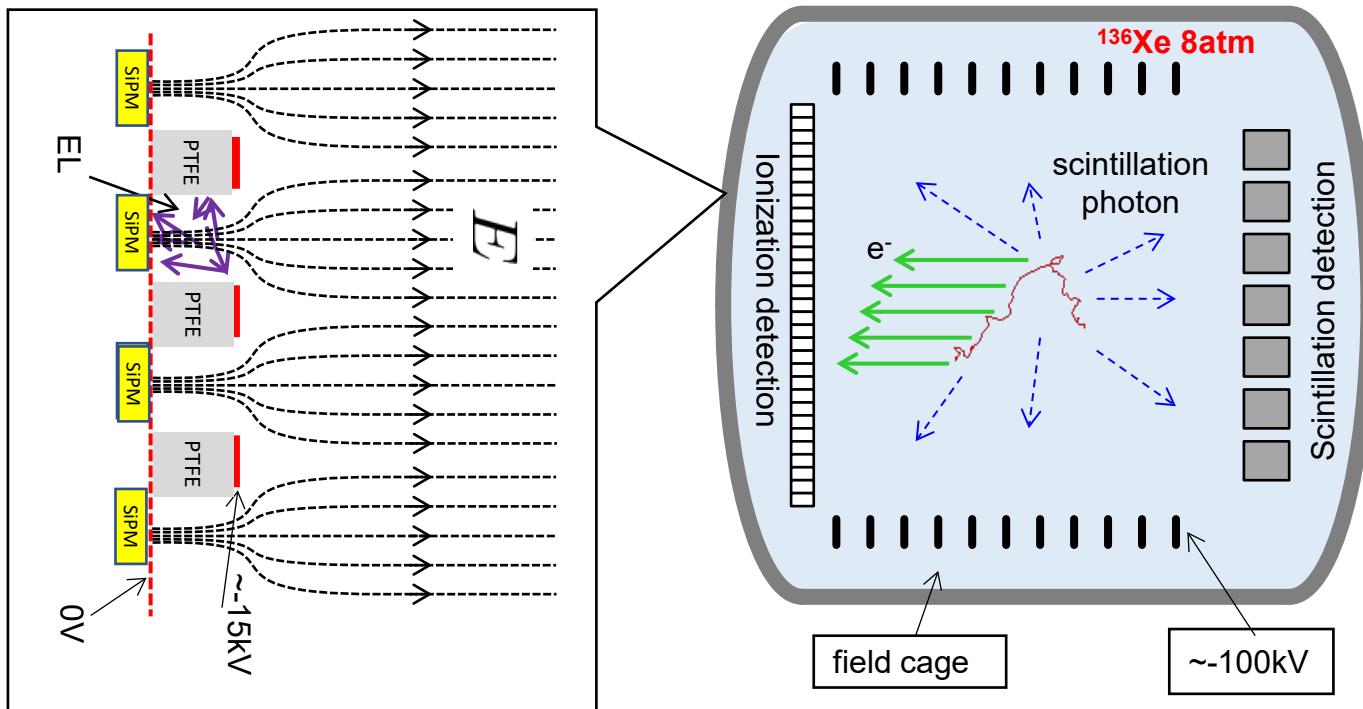
ニュートリノがマヨラナ質量を持つ場合にのみ起きる
寿命：ニュートリノ質量の2乗に反比例

Need **> 1 ton** double-beta nuclei and **background free**

Posterior distribution
given the knowledge
on neutrino mixing
parameters

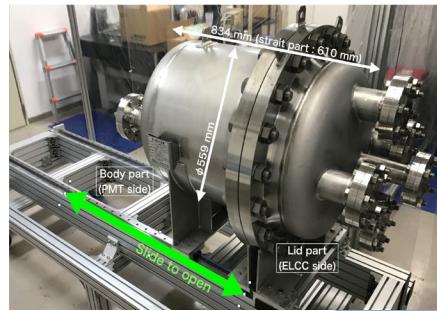


A Xenon ElectroLuminescence Detector



ELCC : Unique readout mechanism
It enables high energy resolution with a **large** detector

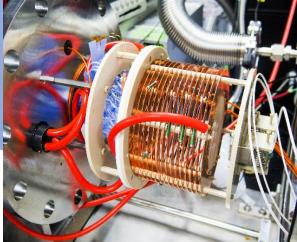
Road Map



10-L prototype

2014–2018

- $\sim 0.05\text{kg}$ @8bar
- ELCC proof of principle



180-L prototype

2018–2024

- $\sim 4.5\text{kg}$ @8bar
- phase-1 : 168 ch
- phase-2 : 672ch



Kamioka observatory

2025–

physics data taking

1000L(24 kg) scale

~2030
physics data taking

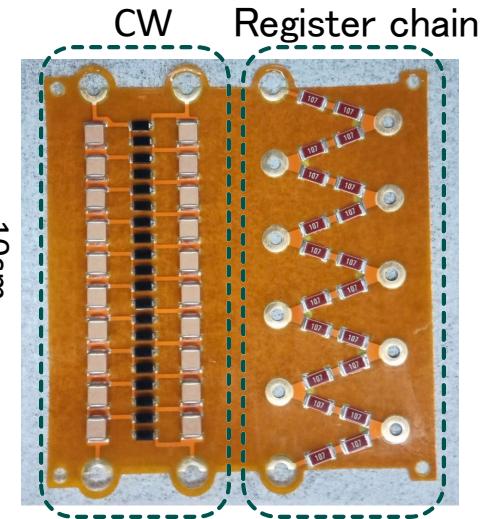
100kg scale

10 ton scale

1 ton scale

Development for
1000L and 100kg
detector in FY2024

Cathode high voltage by Cockcroft-Walton generator in Chamber



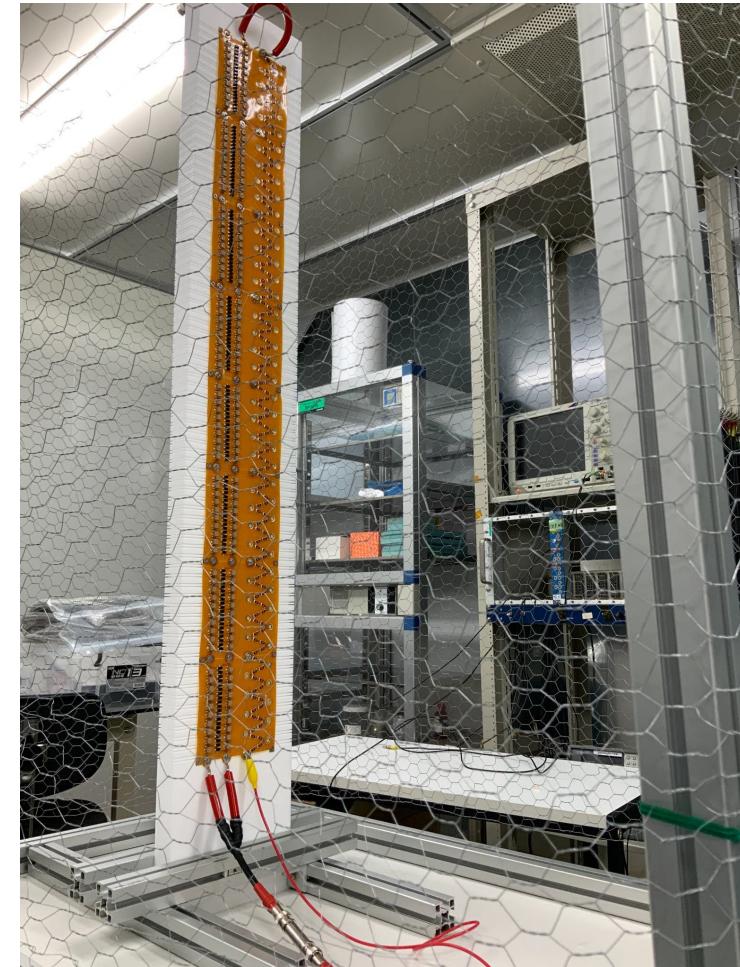
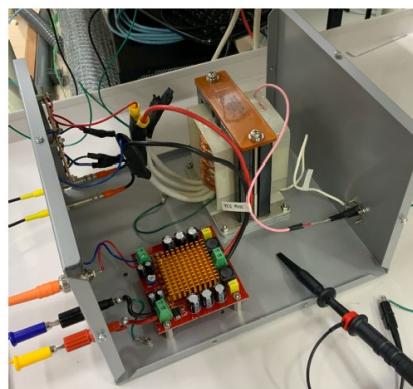
1000L detector Design
value : 76.4 kV

make recombination
negligible

Cockcroft-Walton
generator in chamber!

No feedthrough for
super-high voltage

76kV achieved! in
atmosphere
input 1.8kV_{pp} , 13kHz



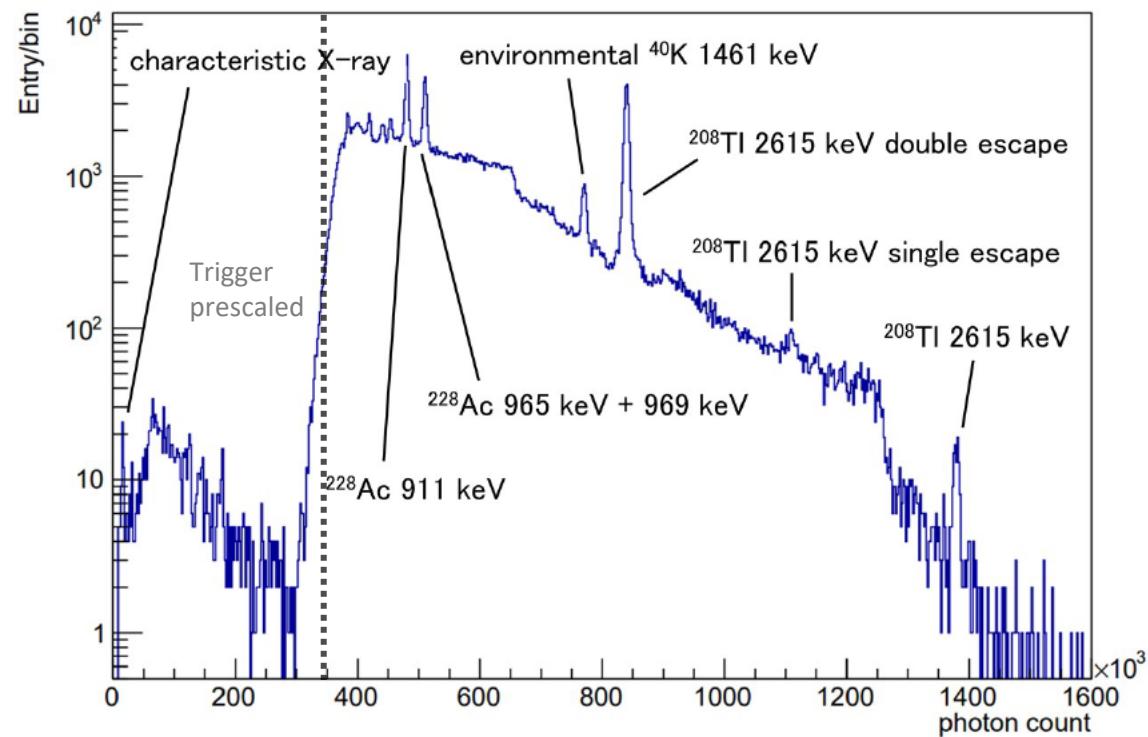
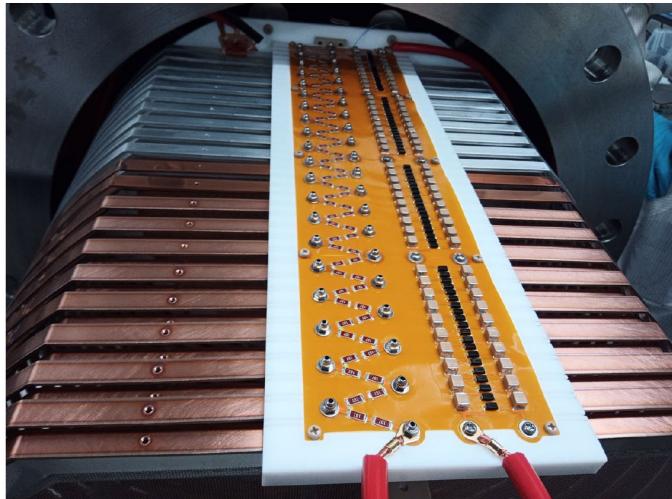
Cathode high voltage by Cockcroft-Walton generator in Chamber with 180L prototype

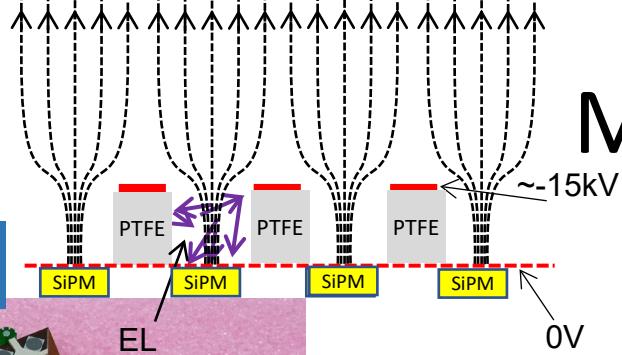
World first demonstration

Submitted to a journal

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2501.08554>

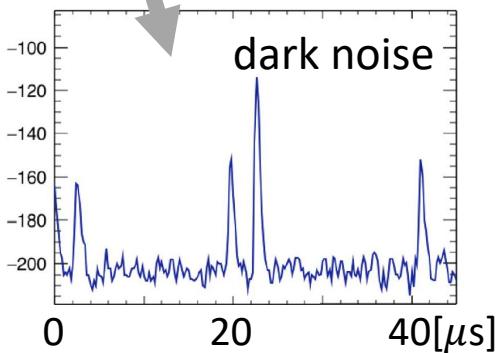
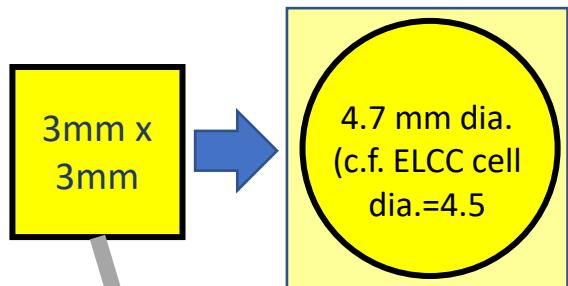
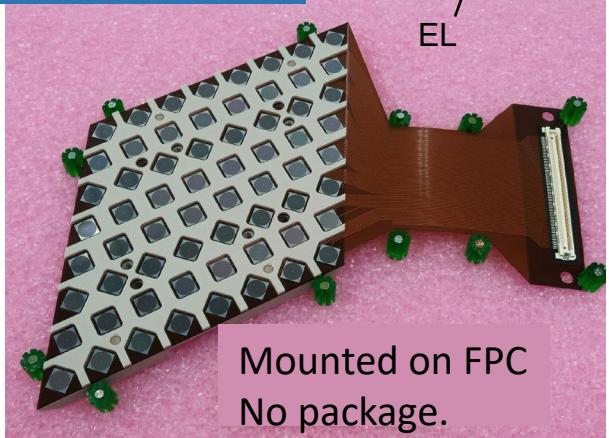
No noise effect
~1 month operation



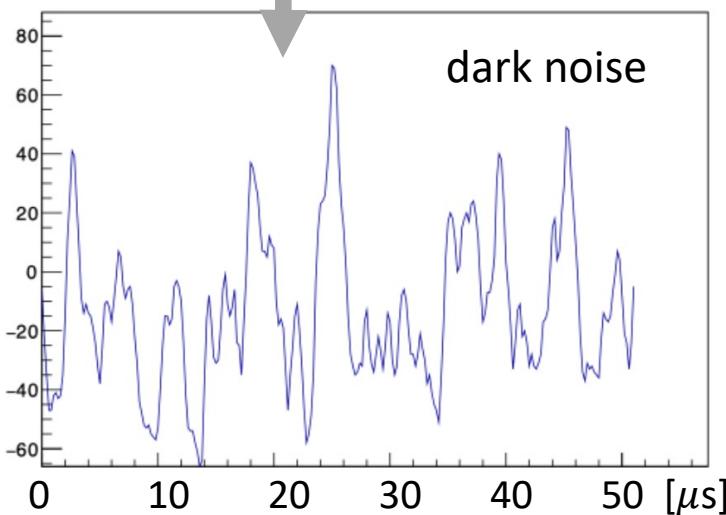


MPPC & electronics

New MPPC



New 64ch digitizer



Firmware development on-going

- Data compression

VUV Scintillation(t_0) detection



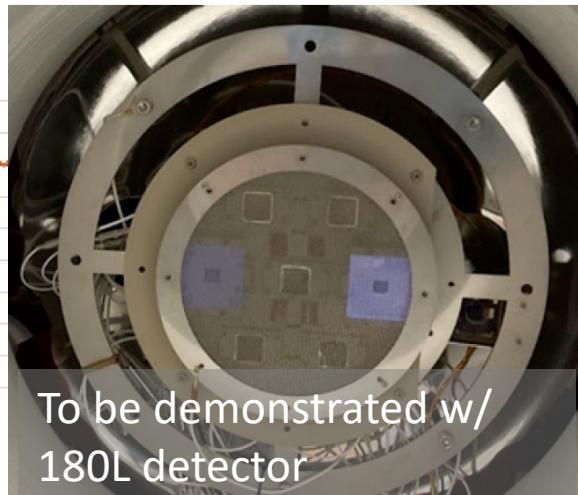
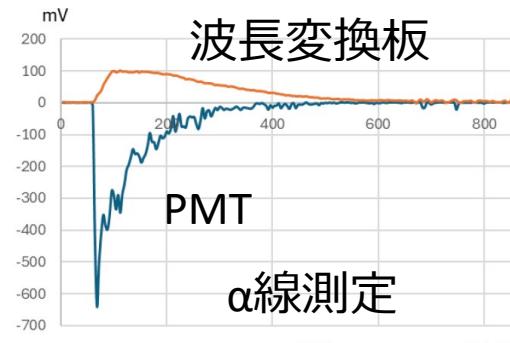
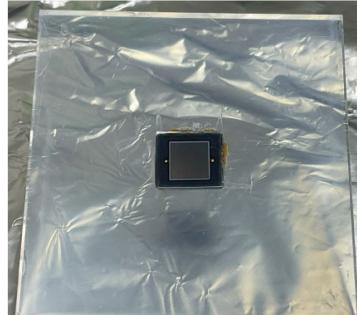
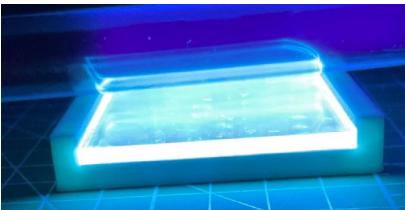
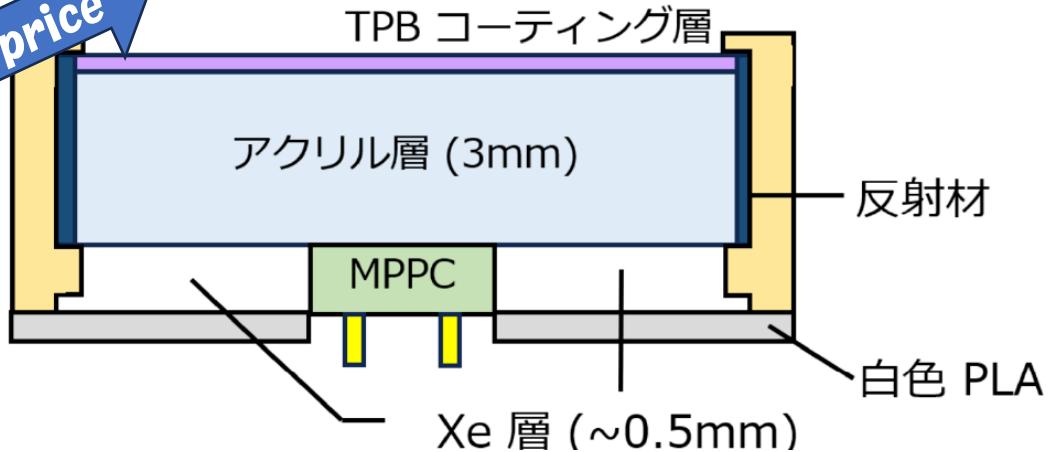
HPK R8520-406

- VUV sensitive
- High-press. compatible.
- **~0.7 photon/PMT**
@Q-value(2.5 MeV)

X16 w/ 1/10 price

$50 \times 50 \text{ mm}^2$ Wavelength-shifter plate + $6 \times 6 \text{ mm}^2$ MPPC

Expect 11 photon/plate @ Q-value(2.5 MeV)



To be demonstrated w/
180L detector

(キセノンガスでこのエネルギーでは)
世界最高のエネルギー分解能のさらなる向上

Breakdown of energy resolution at 1863 keV (昨年度報告)

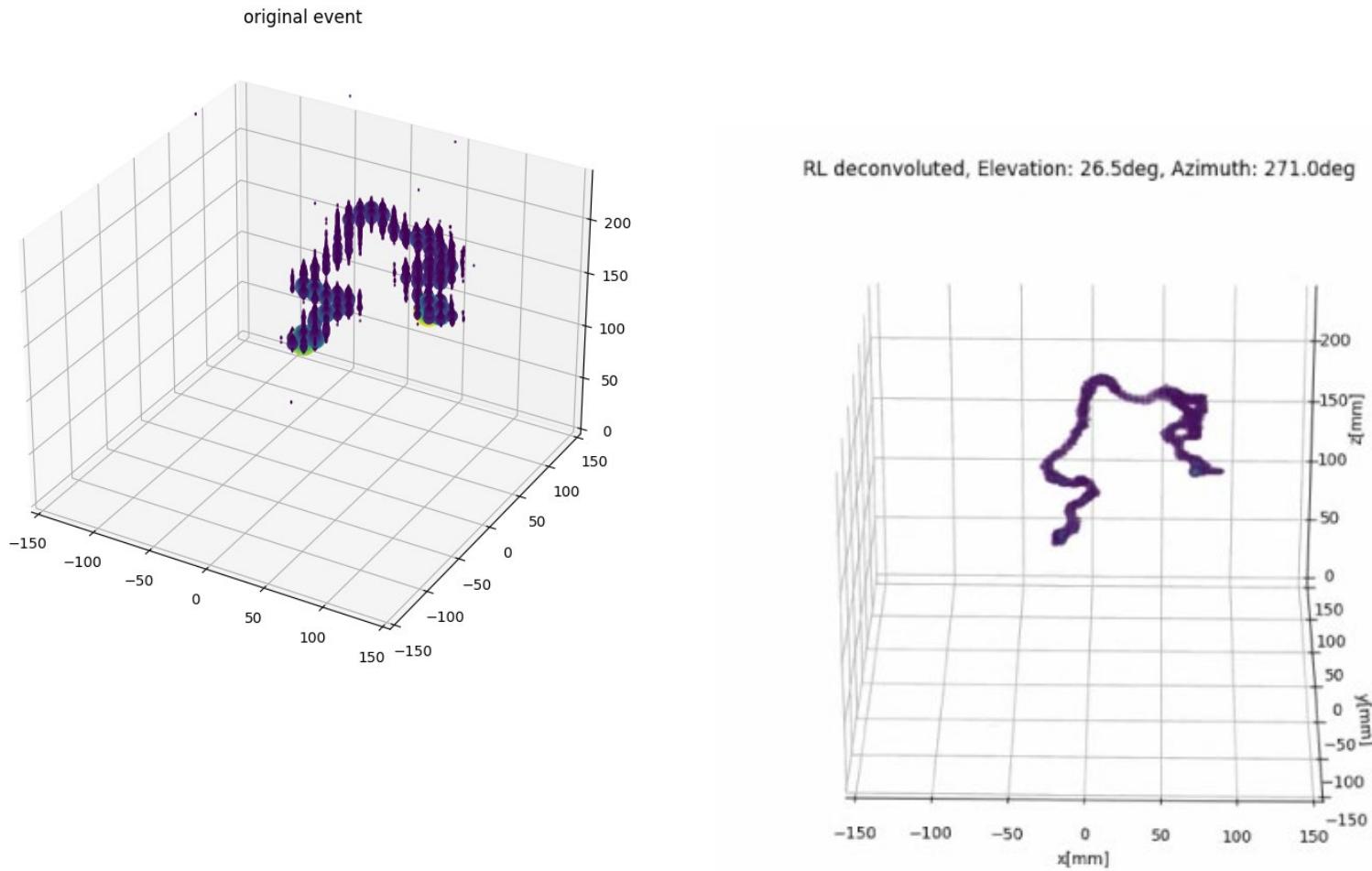
	FWHM 0.32 %	今年度達成 → 解析の改良等で0.12%に
Error in the time variation correction		
Fluctuation of the number of initial ionization electrons	0.29 %	Intrinsic
Fluctuation of the EL generation and detection	0.24 %	
Error in the EL gain correction	0.23 %	→ 解析の改良で0.02%に
Recombination	0.22 %	
Fluctuation of the MPPC non-linearity	0.18 %	
z mis-reconstruction	0.13 %	
Variation in time bin of time variation correction	$\lesssim 0.16$ %	
Error in the z -dependence correction	$\lesssim 0.11$ %	
Accuracy of the MPPC recovery times	$\lesssim 0.11$ %	
Offset of the baseline	$\lesssim 0.09$ %	
Fluctuation of the attachment	$\lesssim 0.02$ %	
Position dependence of the EL gain	0 %	
Waveform processing in the FEB	0 %	
Estimation total	0.63 % to 0.67 %	
Data total	(0.73 ± 0.11) %	10

(キセノンガスでこのエネルギーでは)
世界最高のエネルギー分解能のさらなる向上

Breakdown of energy resolution at 1863 keV (昨年度報告)

	FWHM	今年度達成 来年度目論見
Error in the time variation correction	0.32 %	→ 解析の改良等で0.12%に
Fluctuation of the number of initial ionization electrons	0.29 %	Intrinsic
Fluctuation of the EL generation and detection	0.24 %	→ 新MPPCで0.14%に
Error in the EL gain correction	0.23 %	→ 解析の改良で0.02%に
Recombination	0.22 %	→ 目標電場で~0%に
Fluctuation of the MPPC non-linearity	0.18 %	
z mis-reconstruction	0.13 %	→ シンチ検出効率を上げることで~0%に
Variation in time bin of time variation correction	$\lesssim 0.16 \%$	
Error in the z -dependence correction	$\lesssim 0.11 \%$	
Accuracy of the MPPC recovery times	$\lesssim 0.11 \%$	
Offset of the baseline	$\lesssim 0.09 \%$	
Fluctuation of the attachment	$\lesssim 0.02 \%$	
Position dependence of the EL gain	0 %	
Waveform processing in the FEB	0 %	
Estimation total	0.63 % to 0.67 %	
Data total	$(0.73 \pm 0.11) \%$	

Track convolution



Sensitivity - 1 ton case -

Estimation (with old geometry)

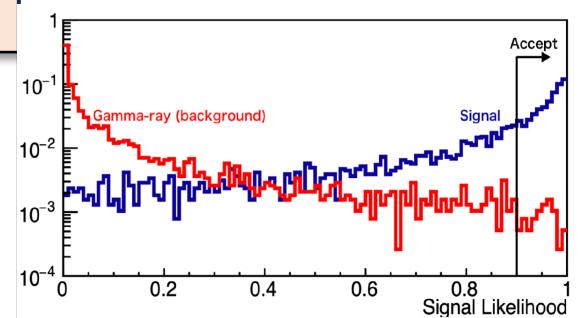
Event generation
(Geant4)

- Fully-contained
- ROI: Q-value $\pm 0.5\%$
- 36×36×36 pixels

Signal acceptance: 50%
Bkg rejection: 99.95%

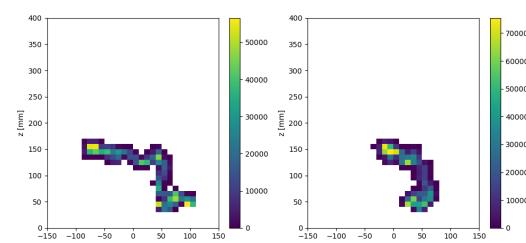
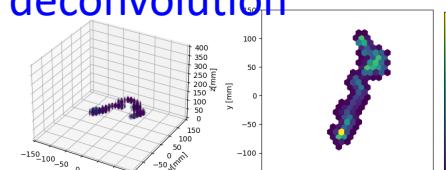
Signal acceptance: 27%
Bkg rejection: 99.9996%

Selection by CNN



- Background assumption
10 tons of oxygen free copper as inner wall
- 10-years operation would give 90% lower limit of
 - 1.2×10^{27} yrs w/ 0.6% E resolution
 - 2.5×10^{27} yrs w/ 0.32% E resolution
c.f. KamLAND-zen limit 2.3×10^{26} yrs
- Plan to improve ML selection with a combination of **deconvolution**

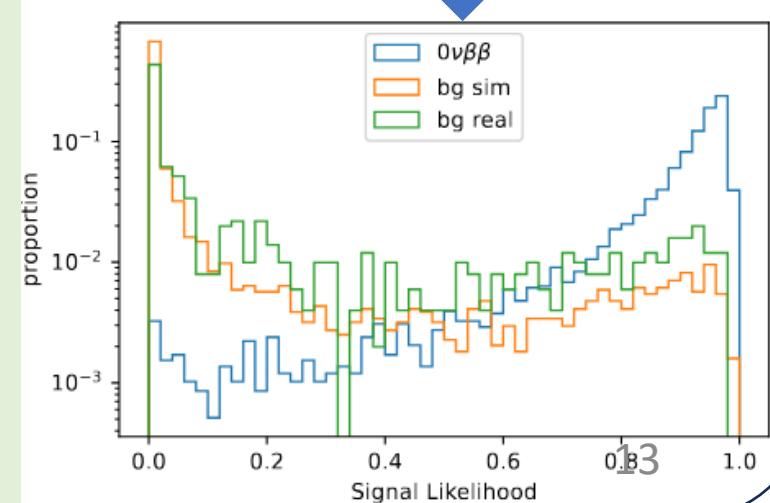
example of
“mimic” event



This year update

w/ more realistic simulation
w/ recent 3D CNN

comparison w/
data for bkg



まとめ

性能評価 w/ 180L試作機@京都

- ✓ ~0.6% (FWHM) energy resolution
元の目標は0.5%だったが、今は0.4%以下を目指している。
- ✓ Cockcroft-Walton in chamber 成功!

1000Lデモンスト레이ター@神岡の準備

- ✓ 75kV CW 大気中で成功
- ✓ 新型シンチレーション検出器
- ✓ 64chディジタイザのファームウェア開発
- ✓ 放電対策、ガス制御系、低放射化コネクタ

来年度の計画

- ✓ 64ch MPPCボード + ディジタイザを180L試作機で動かす

↓

神岡へ

今年度の採択額 : 20万円。 (旅費の予定だったが、まだ執行していない。)