

12 Nov. 2019

Dark Matter searches in the 2020s

U. of Tokyo, Kashiwa

SUSY Dark Matter Searches at LHC and Future Colliders

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Outline of the talk

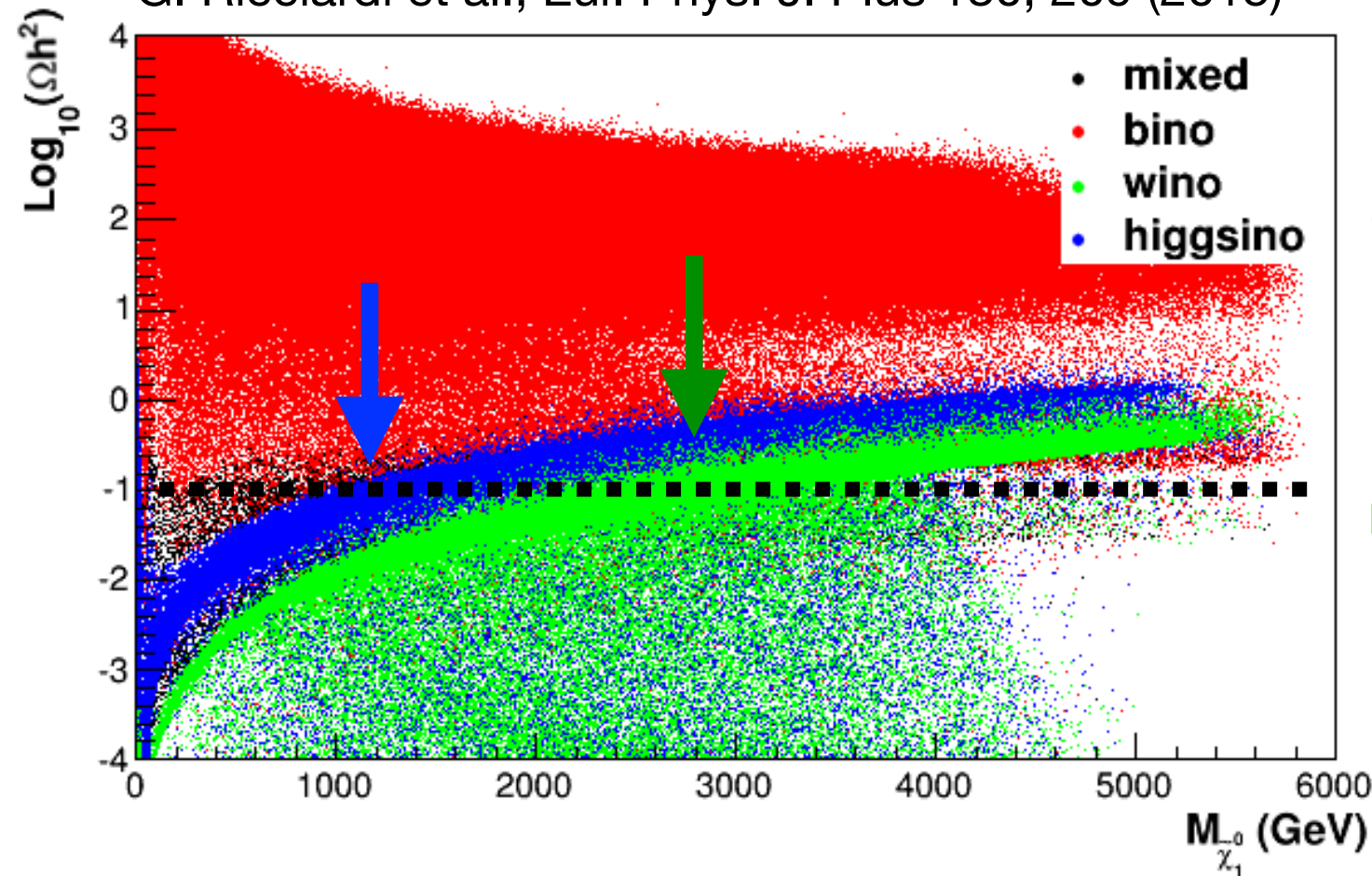
- ▶ Neutralino dark matter in SUSY
- ▶ Collider search strategy for Neutralino dark matter
- ▶ Signatures for direct electroweakino production
- ▶ Compressed dark matter searches
- ▶ Current and future bounds on compressed scenario

SUSY Dark Matter

Lightest neutralino in MSSM most extensively studied as DM candidate

- ▶ **Bino DM** over-produced due to too low cross section
- ▶ If thermally produced, the pure **Wino**(**Higgsino**) DM mass below $\sim 3(1)$ TeV

G. Ricciardi et al., Eur. Phys. J. Plus 130, 209 (2015)

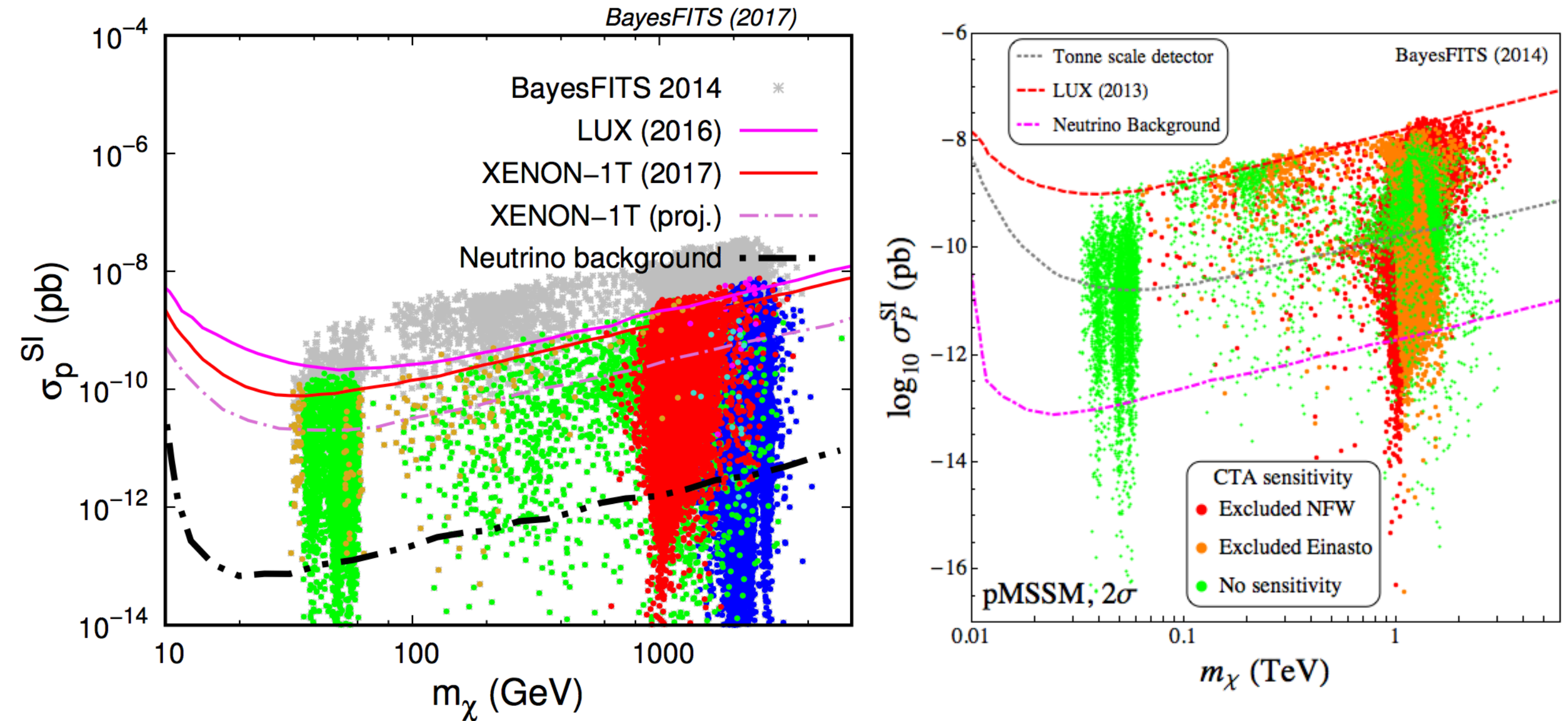


Bino DM significantly constrained
(except e.g, stau-coannihilation region)

Focus on Wino and Higgsino DM
➡ *Compressed particle spectra
expected naturally due to $SU(2)$
gauge multiplet structure*

Neutralino DM - Status & Prospects -

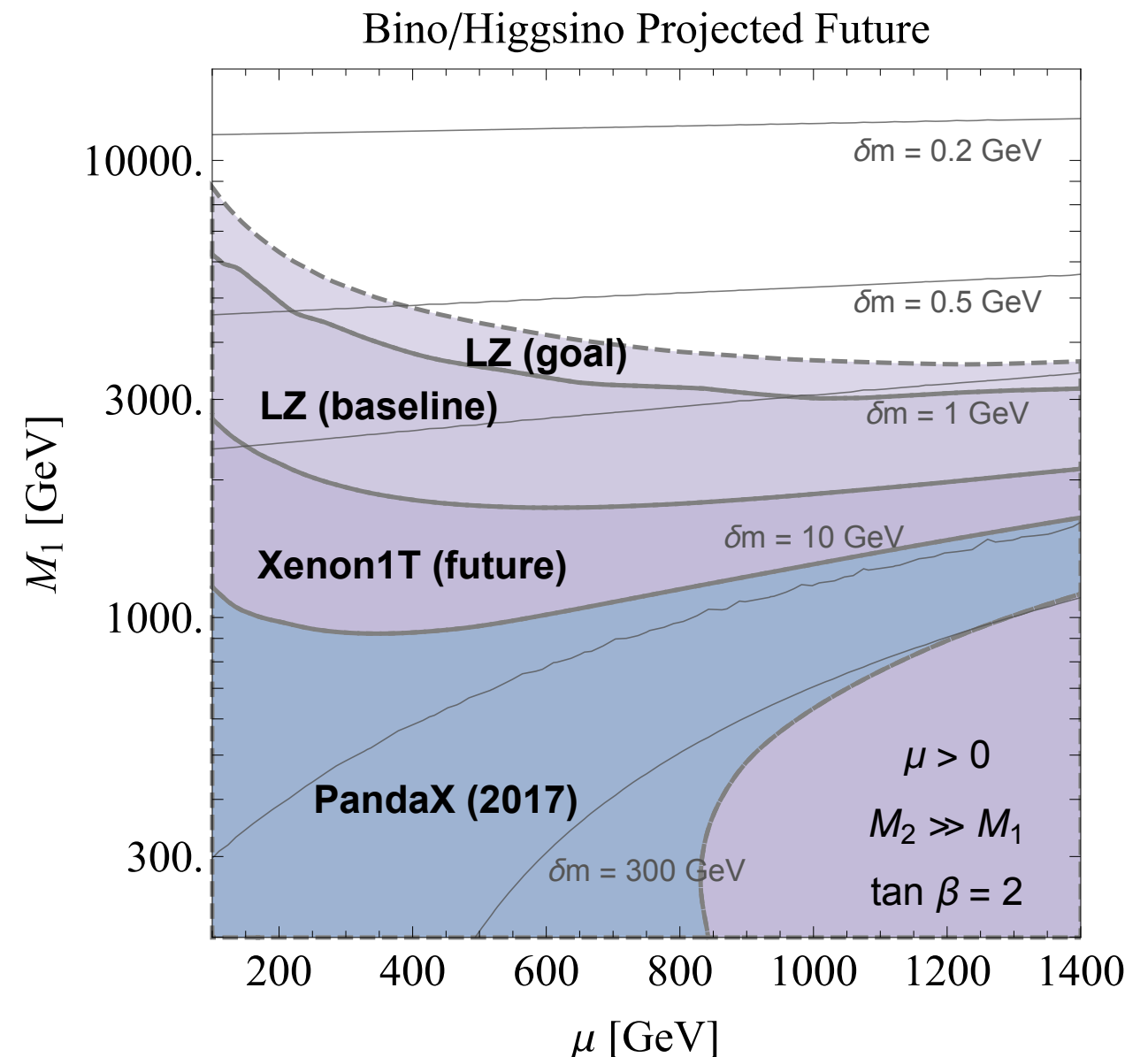
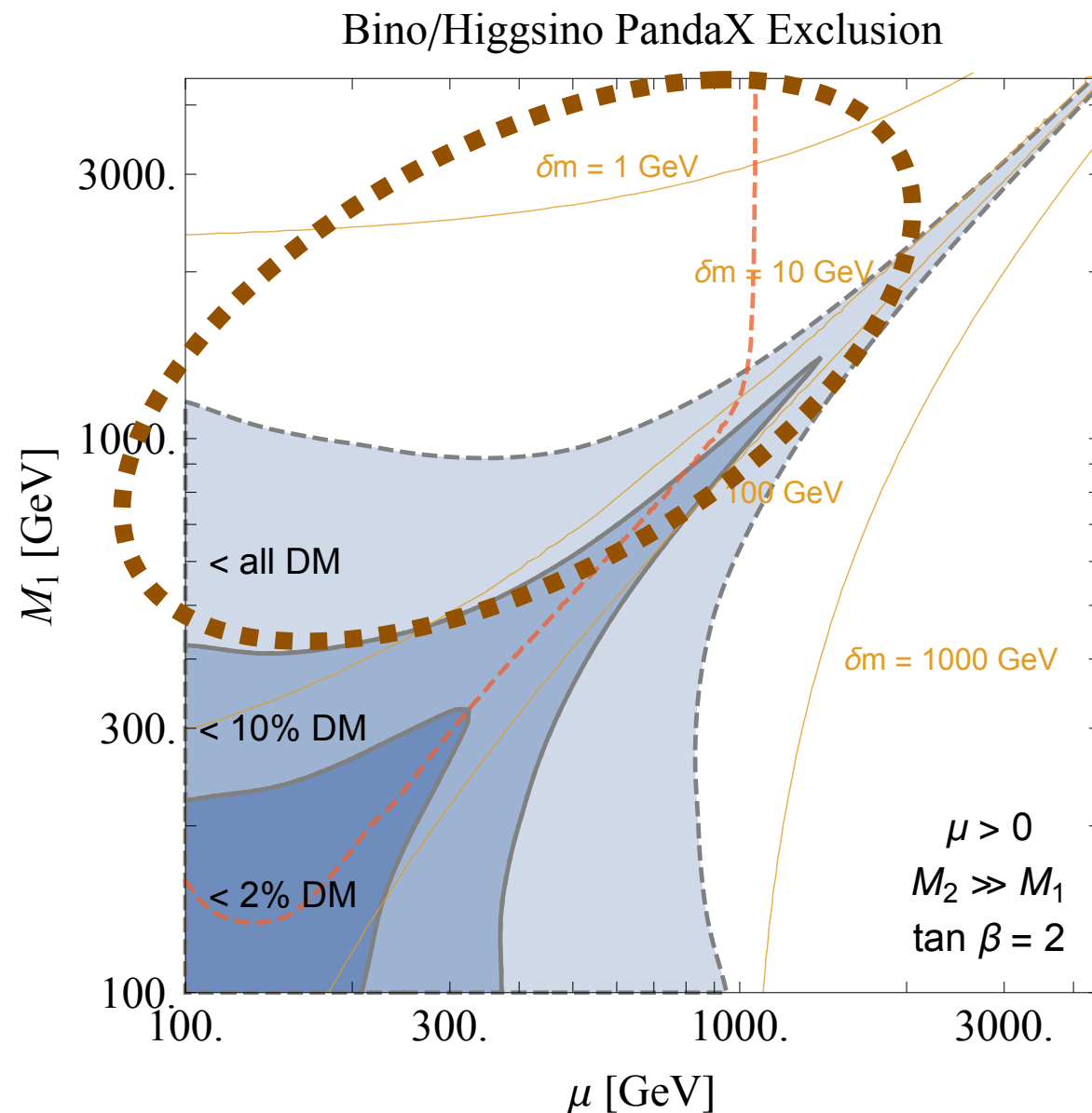
L. Roszkowski et al., Rep. Prog. Phys. 81, 066201 (2018)



- **Pure Wino DM** constrained by indirect detection (with astrophysical uncertainty)
- Strong constraint from direct detection on **nearly pure Higgsino DM**
- Direct detection/future lepton colliders more sensitive to Z/Higgs-pole regions

Neutralino DM - Status & Prospects -

R. Krall, M. Reece, Chin. Phys. C 42, 043105 (2018)



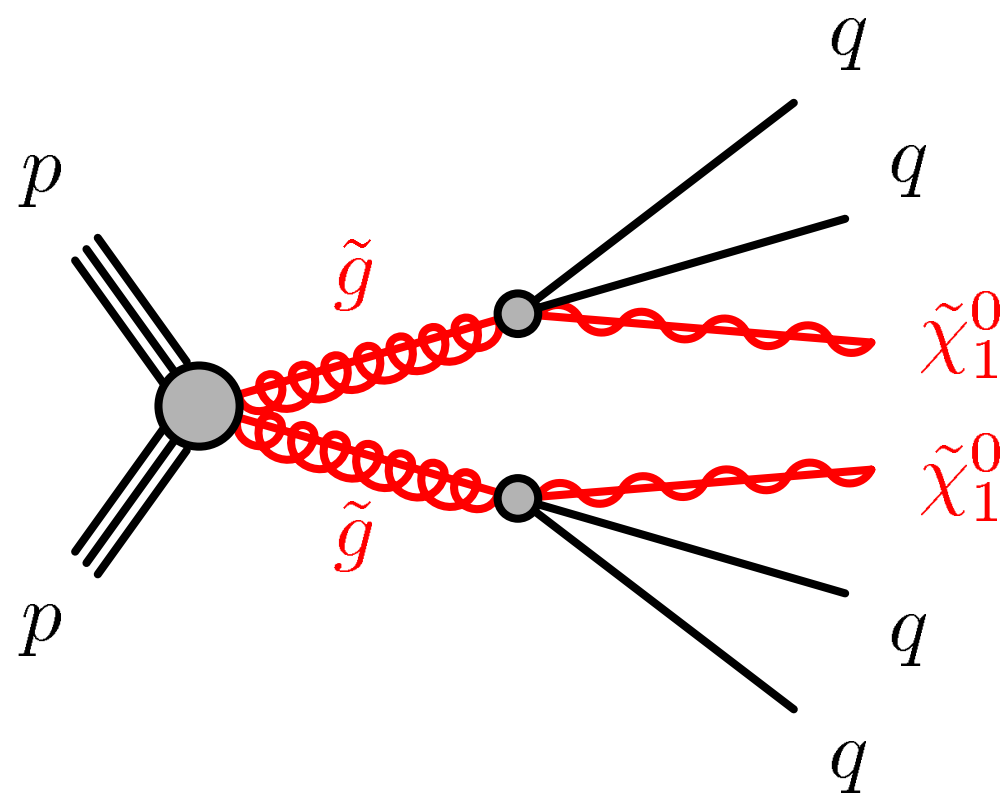
- Mixed Bino/Higgsino states also constrained by direct detection while sensitivity depends on the mass splitting $\delta m = m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$
- ➡ What can collider do for mixed states (e.g, Bino-Wino, Bino-Higgsino) at $\delta m \sim \mathcal{O}(0.1-10)$ GeV?

Neutralino DM at Colliders

General search strategy for neutralino DM at LHC

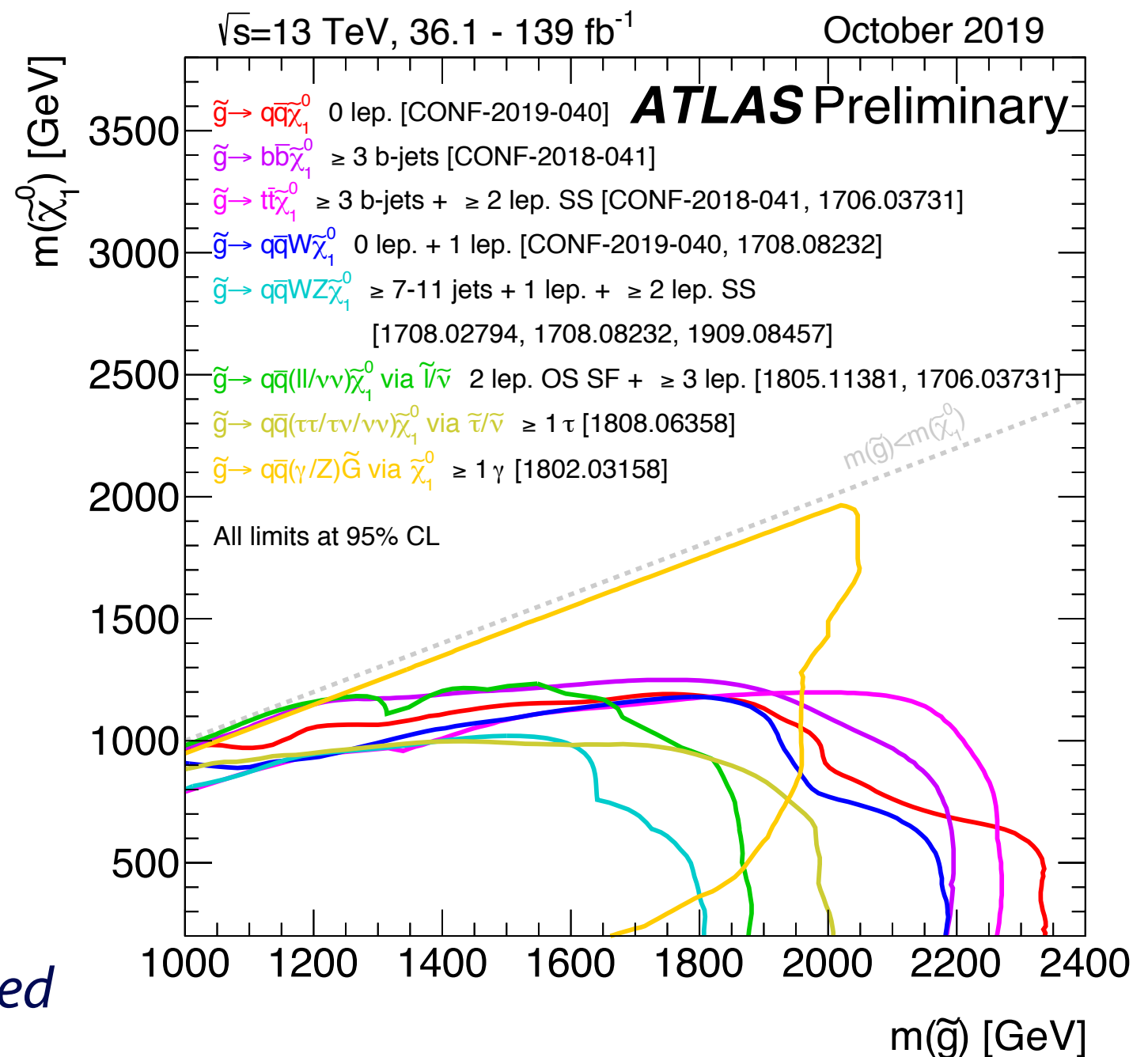
Consider accompanying particles when looking for DM in SUSY

► **Production in gluino/squark decays** (if they are not too heavy)



$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ excluded up to ~ 1 TeV
for $m(\tilde{g}) \sim 2$ TeV

*Under simplified model where only
colored particles and DM are considered*

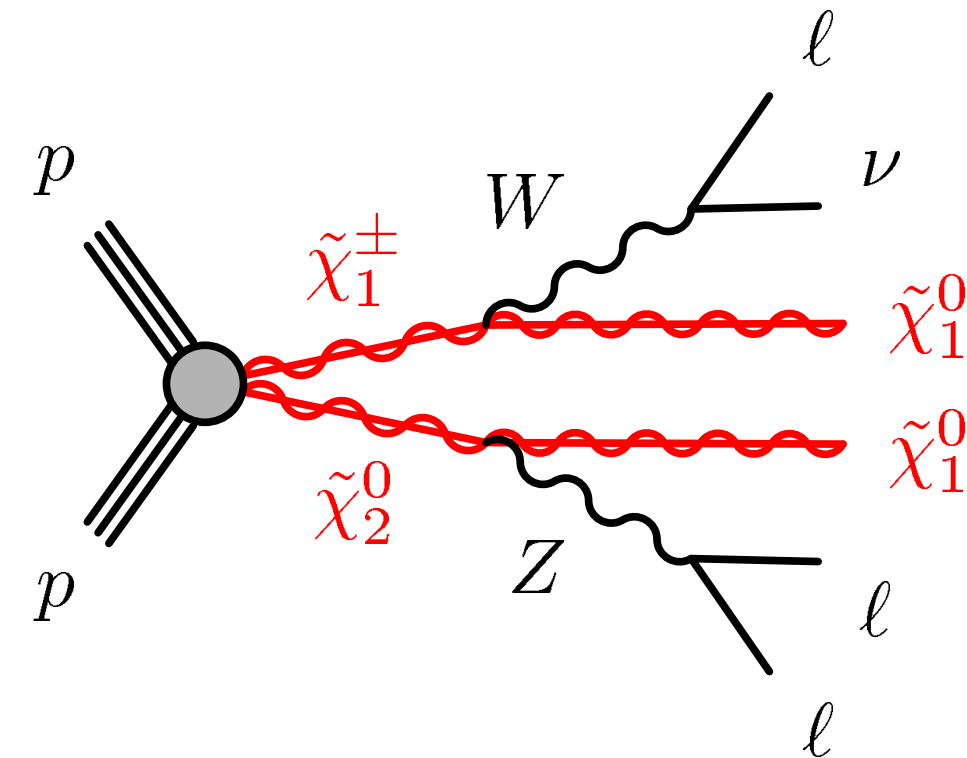


Neutralino DM at Colliders

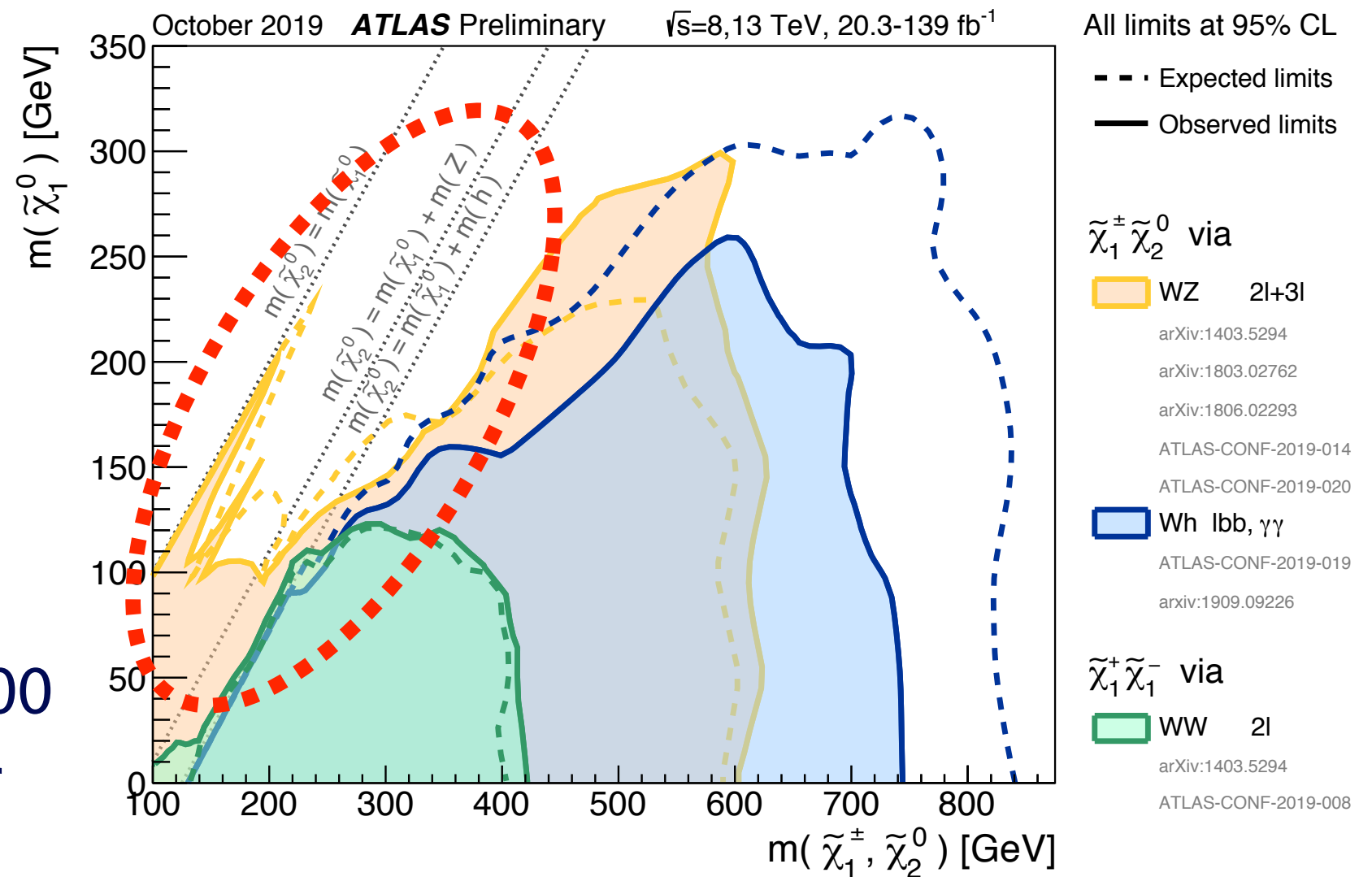
General search strategy for neutralino DM at LHC

Consider accompanying particles when looking for DM in SUSY

- Production in gluino/squark decays (if they are not too heavy)
- Direct production with weak iso-spin partners



$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ excluded up to ~ 300 GeV, but much weaker for “compressed” region

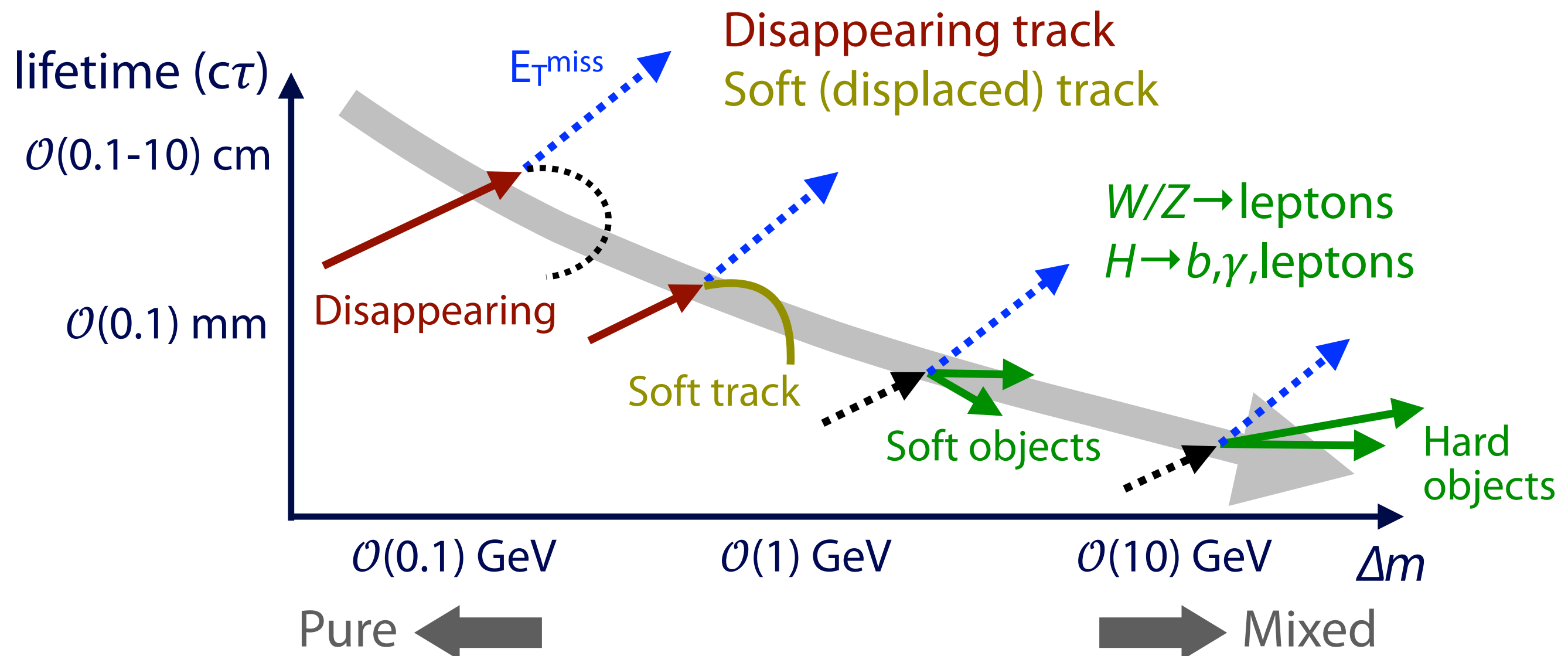


Neutralino DM at Colliders

Search strategy for direct production with weak iso-spin partners

Signature depends on compositions/masses of electroweakino states

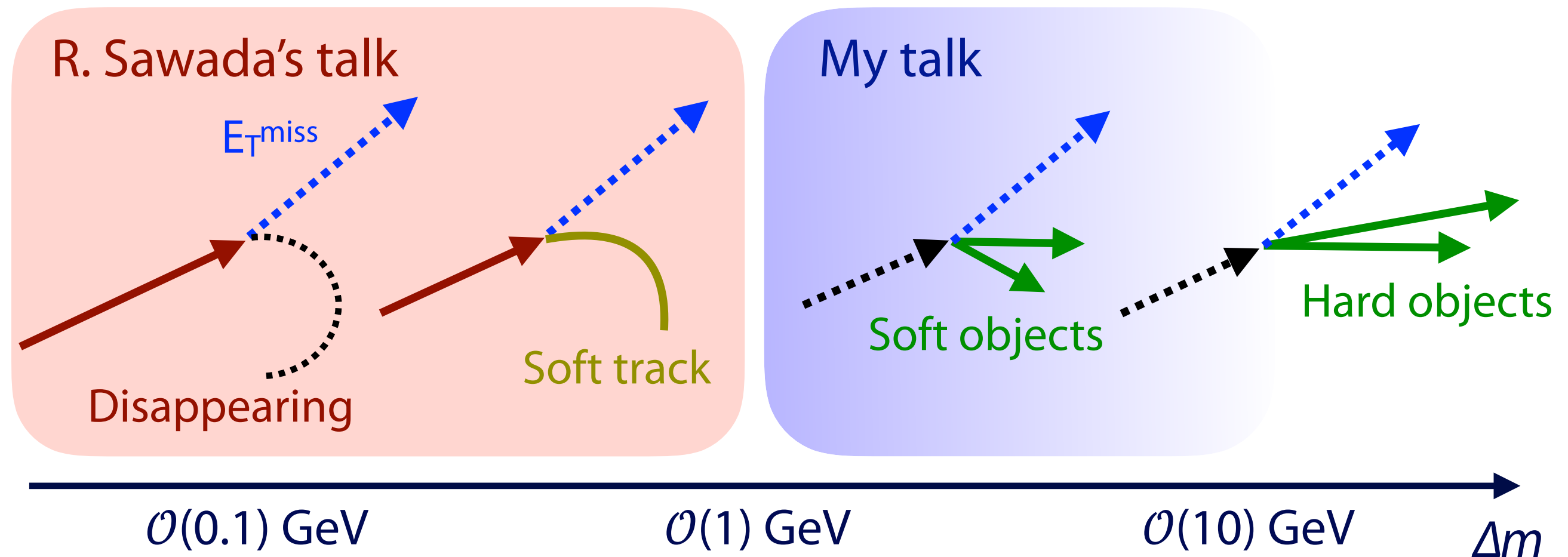
- Decay mode : $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm/\pi^\pm + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z/H + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- Mass splitting : $\Delta m_\pm = m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ $\Delta m_0 = m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$



Search for Direct Production

Target in this talk : mixed states with $\Delta m \sim \mathcal{O}(1-10)$ GeV

- ➡ high(low)- p_T leptons from on(off)-shell W/Z decay
- ➡ ISR jet or VBF jets to boost DM system (trigger, reconstruction)
- ➡ large E_T^{miss} (trigger)



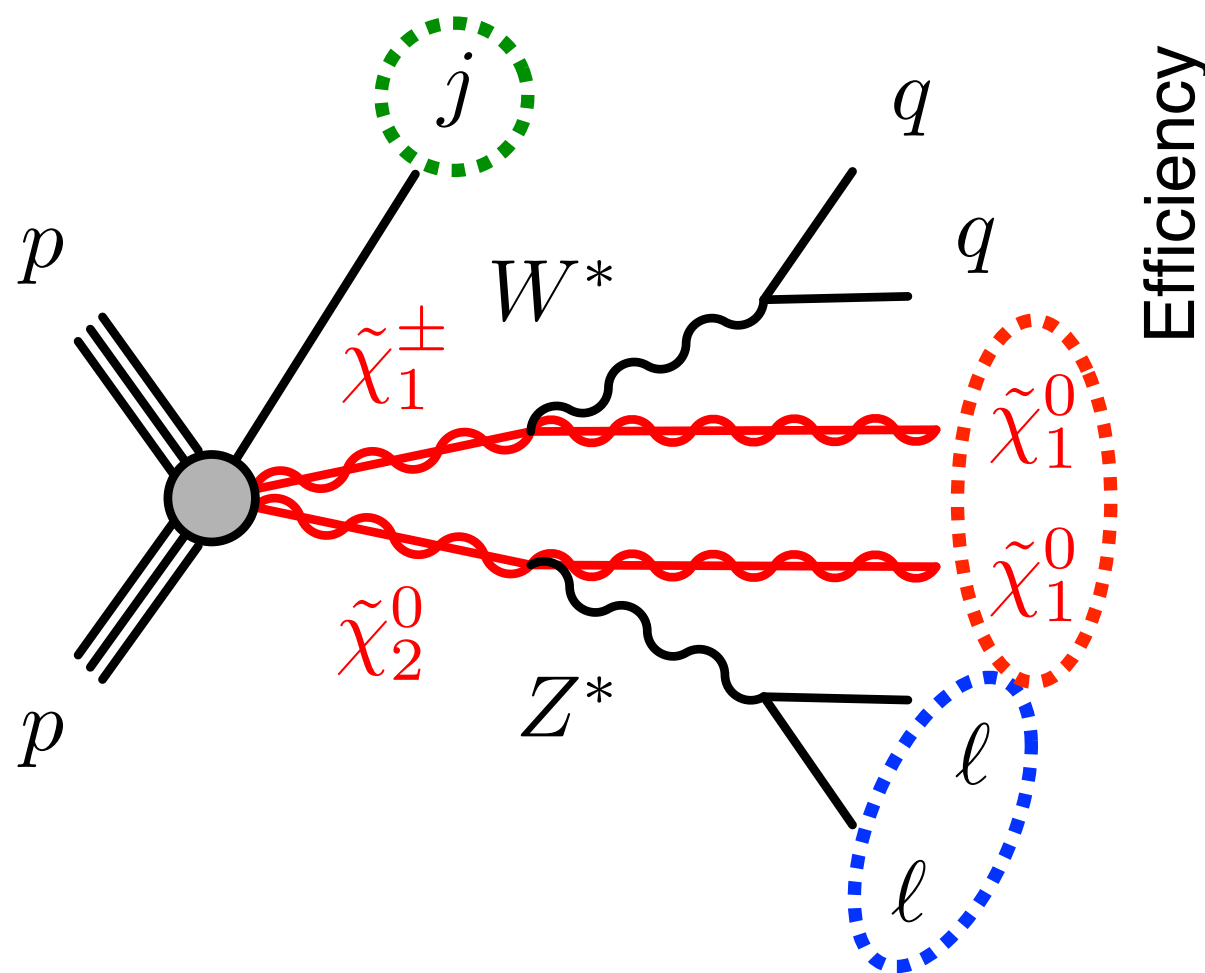
Focus on compressed signature searches (not exhaustive) in this talk

Compressed Signatures (I)

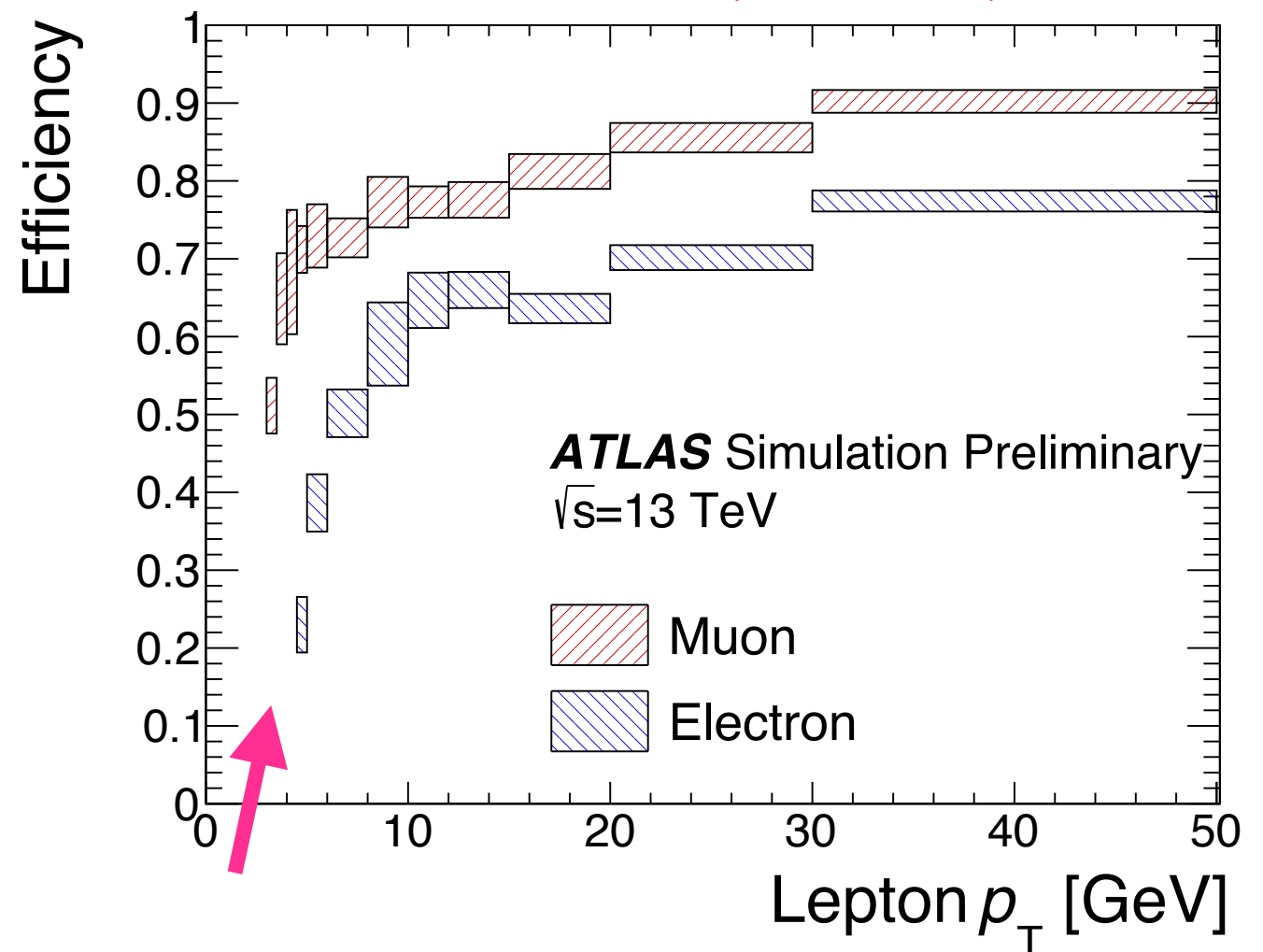
Multi-leptons + ISR jet + E_T^{miss} for DY production

ATLAS-CONF-2019-014

- ➔ low- p_T leptons from off-shell W/Z
- ➔ large E_T^{miss} (trigger) + ISR jet to boost DM system

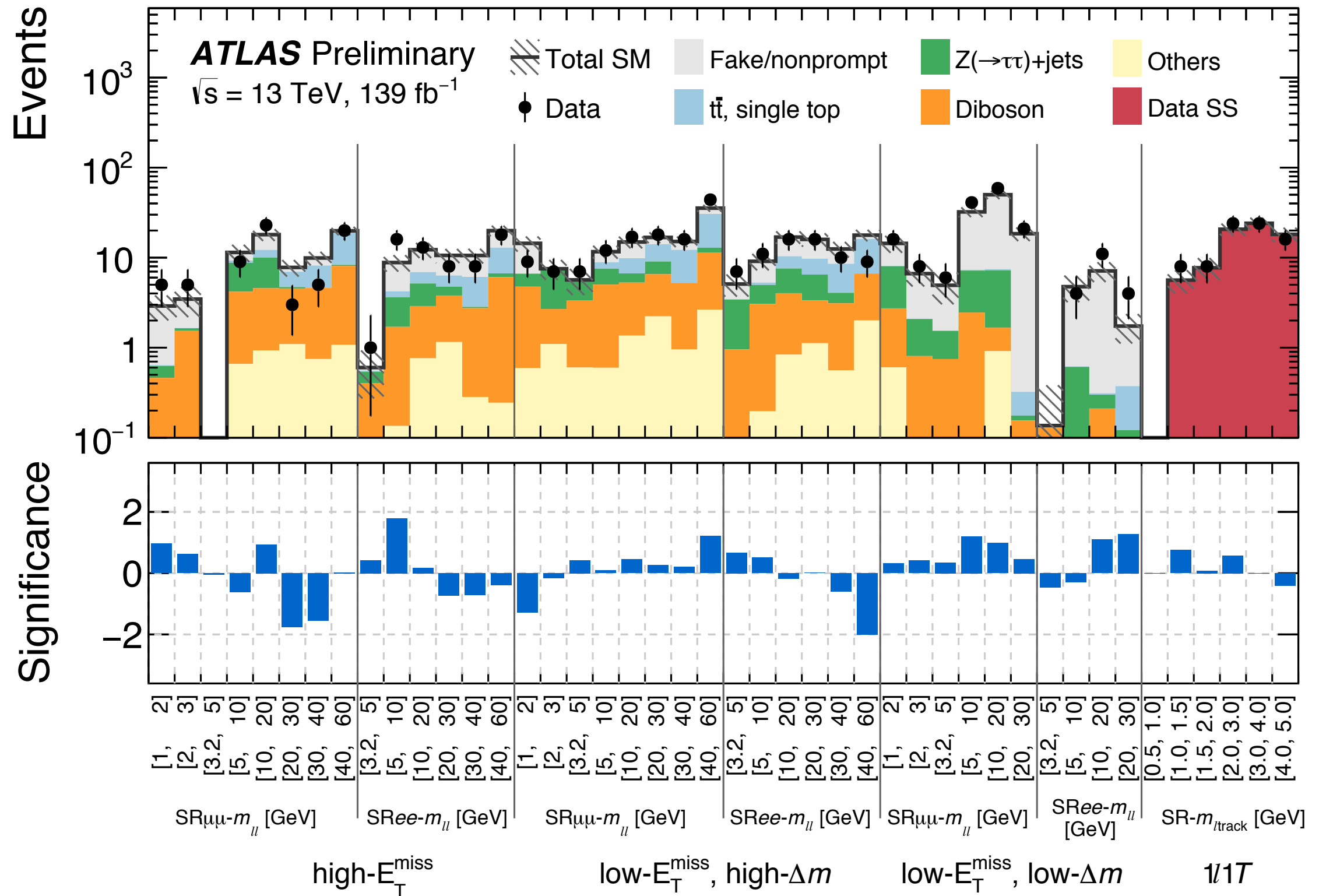


Low- p_T efficiency is a key!!



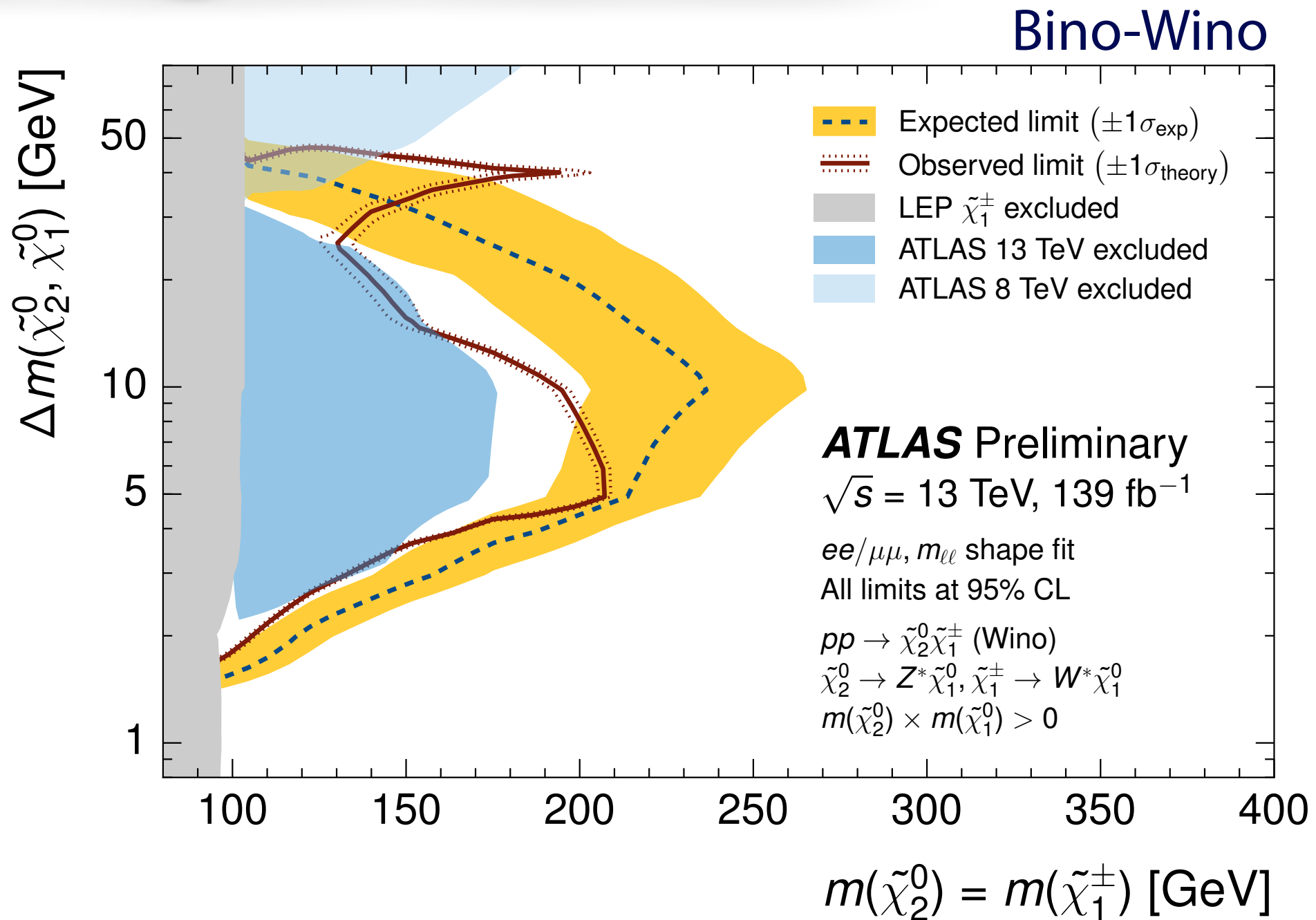
2-leptons and 1-lepton+1-track (to recover lepton inefficiency at low p_T)
 Multiple signal regions to target signal with different E_T^{miss} and Δm values

Multi-Lepton Searches



No significant deviations from background predictions

Multi-Lepton Searches



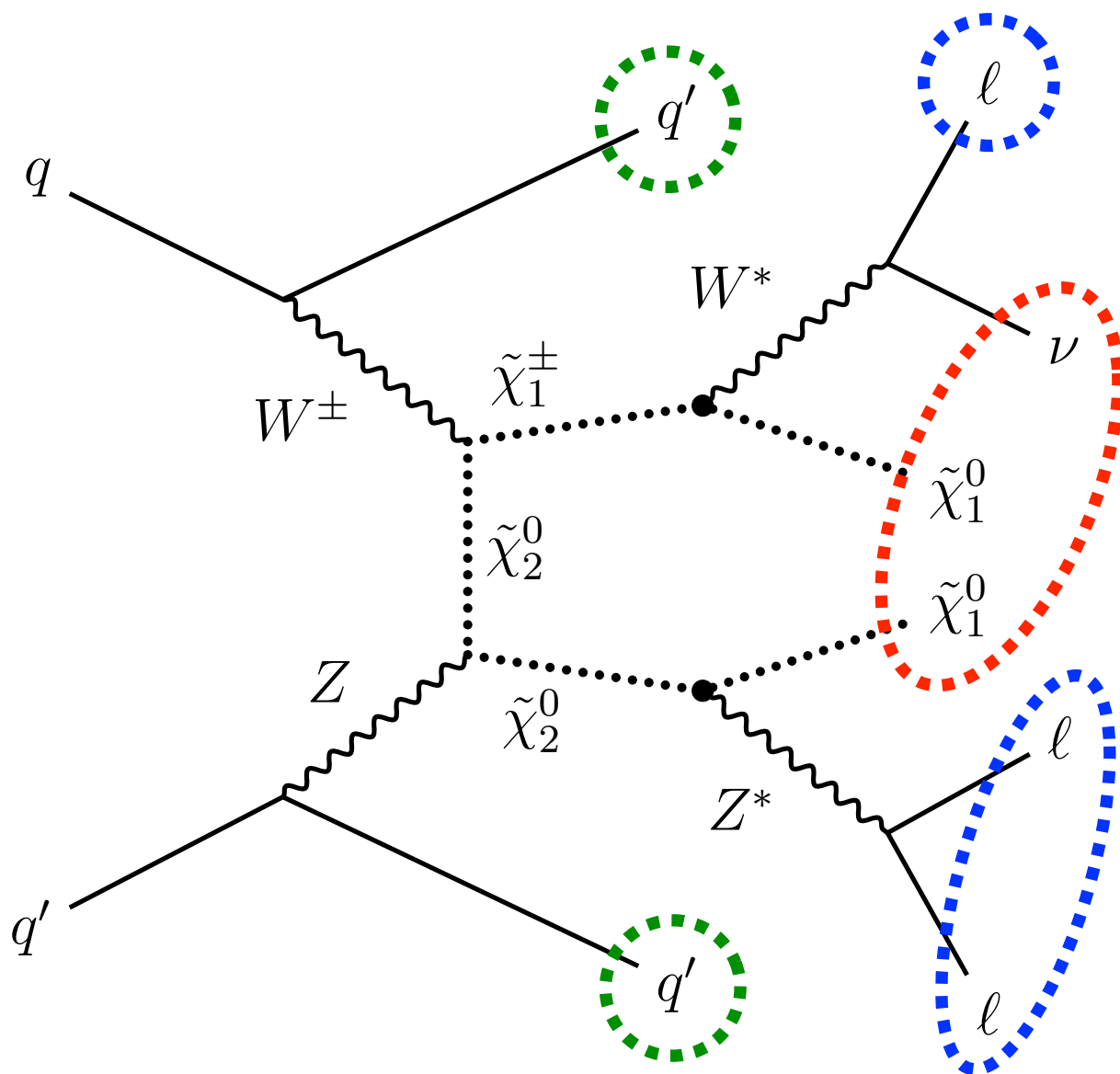
- Obs. limits worse or better than Exp. limits due to fluctuations in data
- 1-lepton+1-track contributes to small Δm region, but only marginal
- ➡ Important to improve (very) low- p_T lepton tagging to go smaller Δm

Compressed Signatures (II)

JHEP 08 (2019) 150

Leptons + forward jets + E_T^{miss} for VBF production

- ➔ low- p_T lepton from off-shell W/Z
- ➔ large E_T^{miss} and H_T^{miss} (trigger) + VBF jets to boost DM system

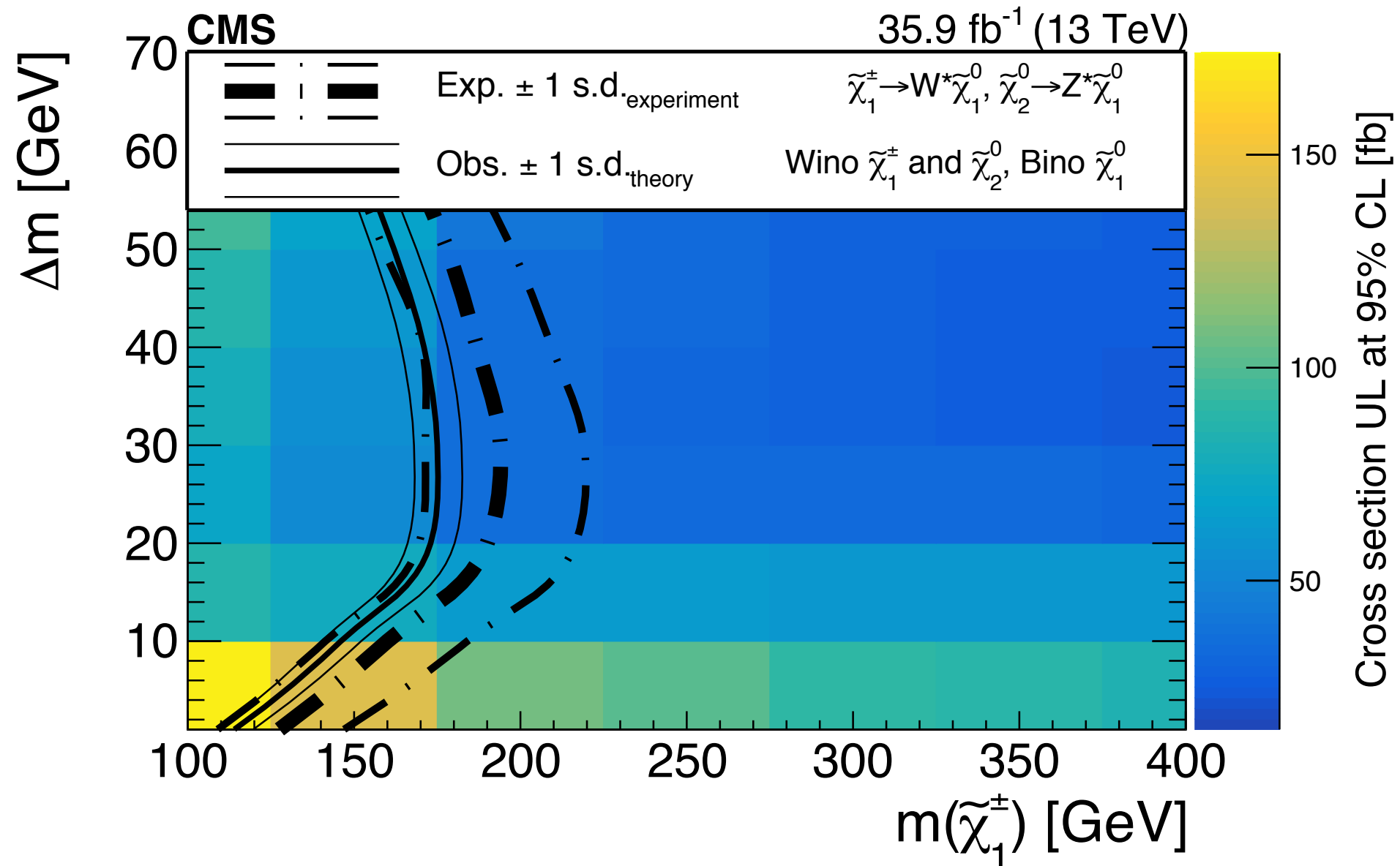


Accessible to small Δm by boosting the DM system while suppressing BG using forward jets

0-lepton and 1-lepton (μ , e , τ_{had}) channels
(leptons often too soft to be reconstructed)

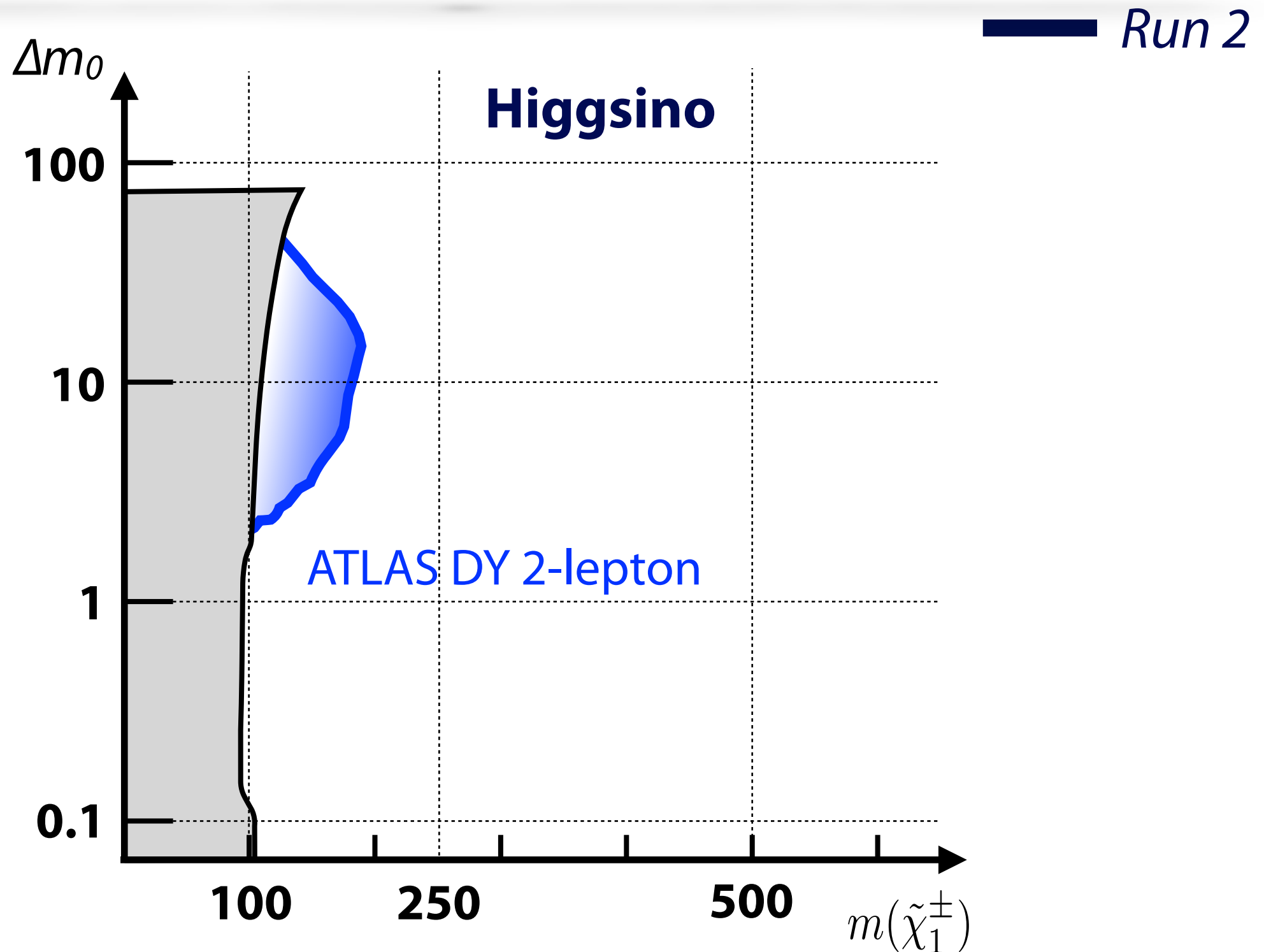
VBF Topology Searches

Bino-Wino



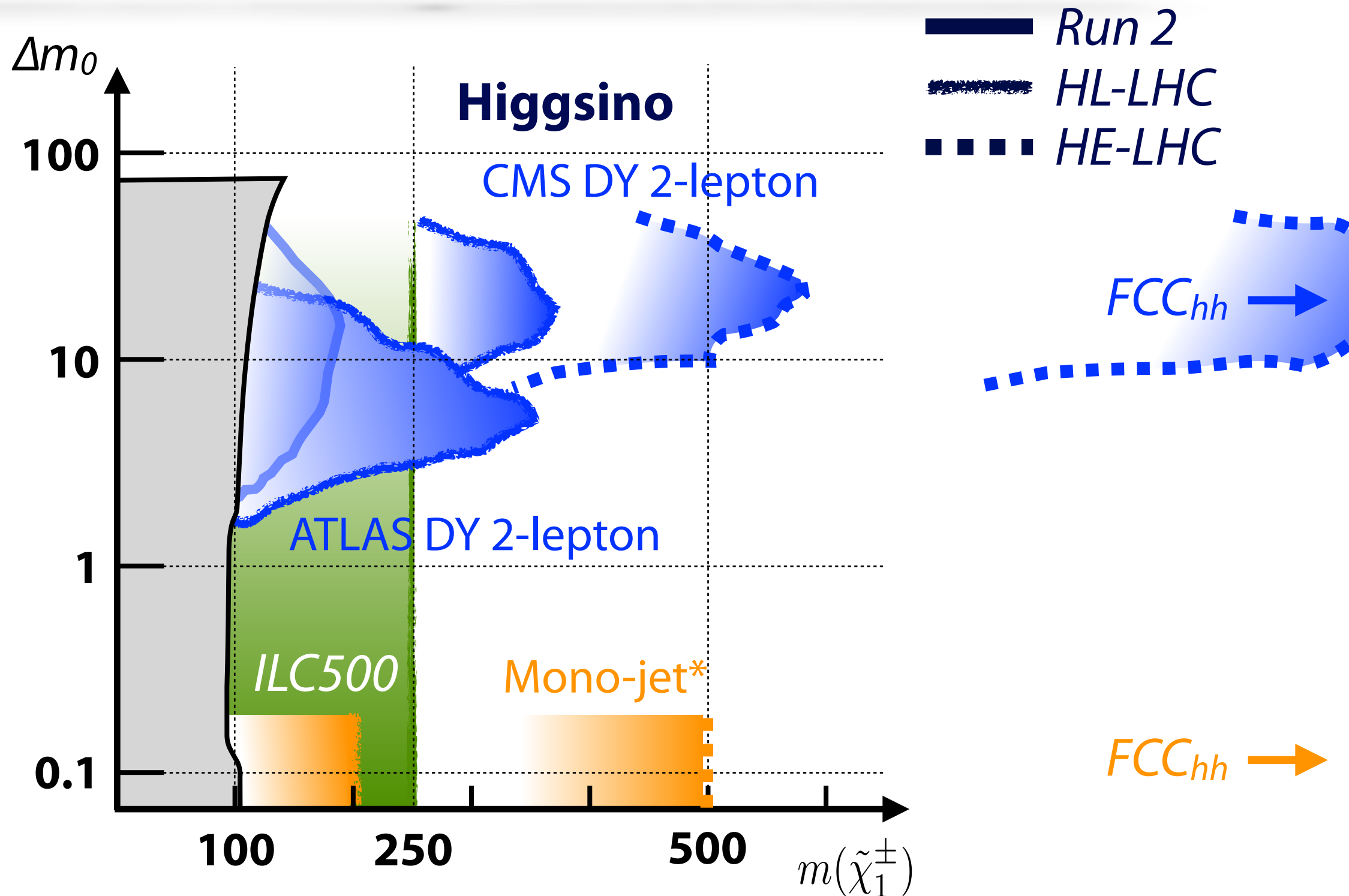
- Sensitivity to $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ with 100-150 GeV in the range $1 < \Delta m_0 < 10$ GeV
- 0-lepton channel dominates sensitivity at small $\Delta m_0 \sim 1$ GeV
- ➡ Good complementarity by the 0-, 1- and 2-lepton channels

Bounds on Compressed Scenario



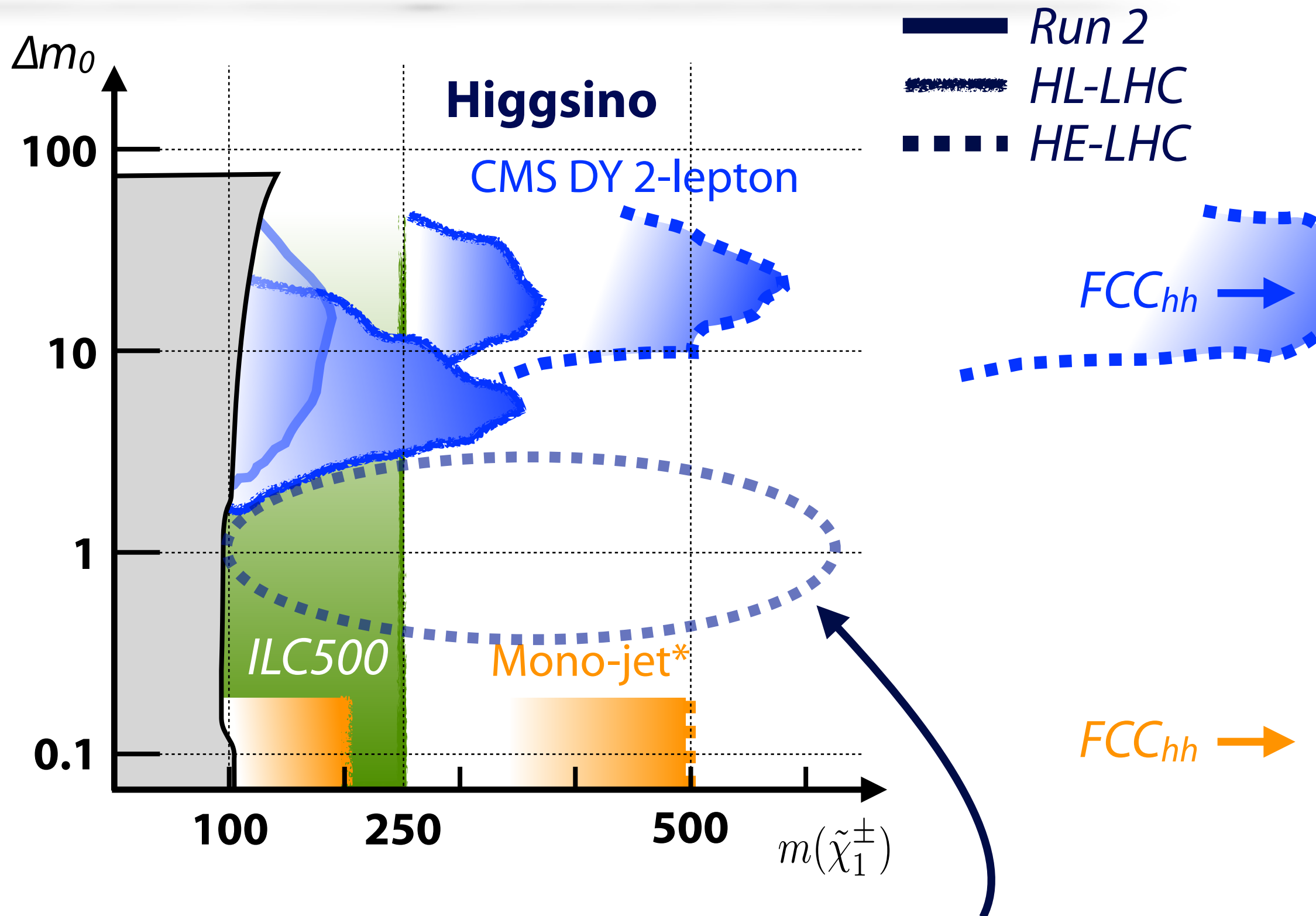
No Higgsino interpretation for the VBF result...
Bounds from disappearing track not shown here

Bounds on Compressed Scenario



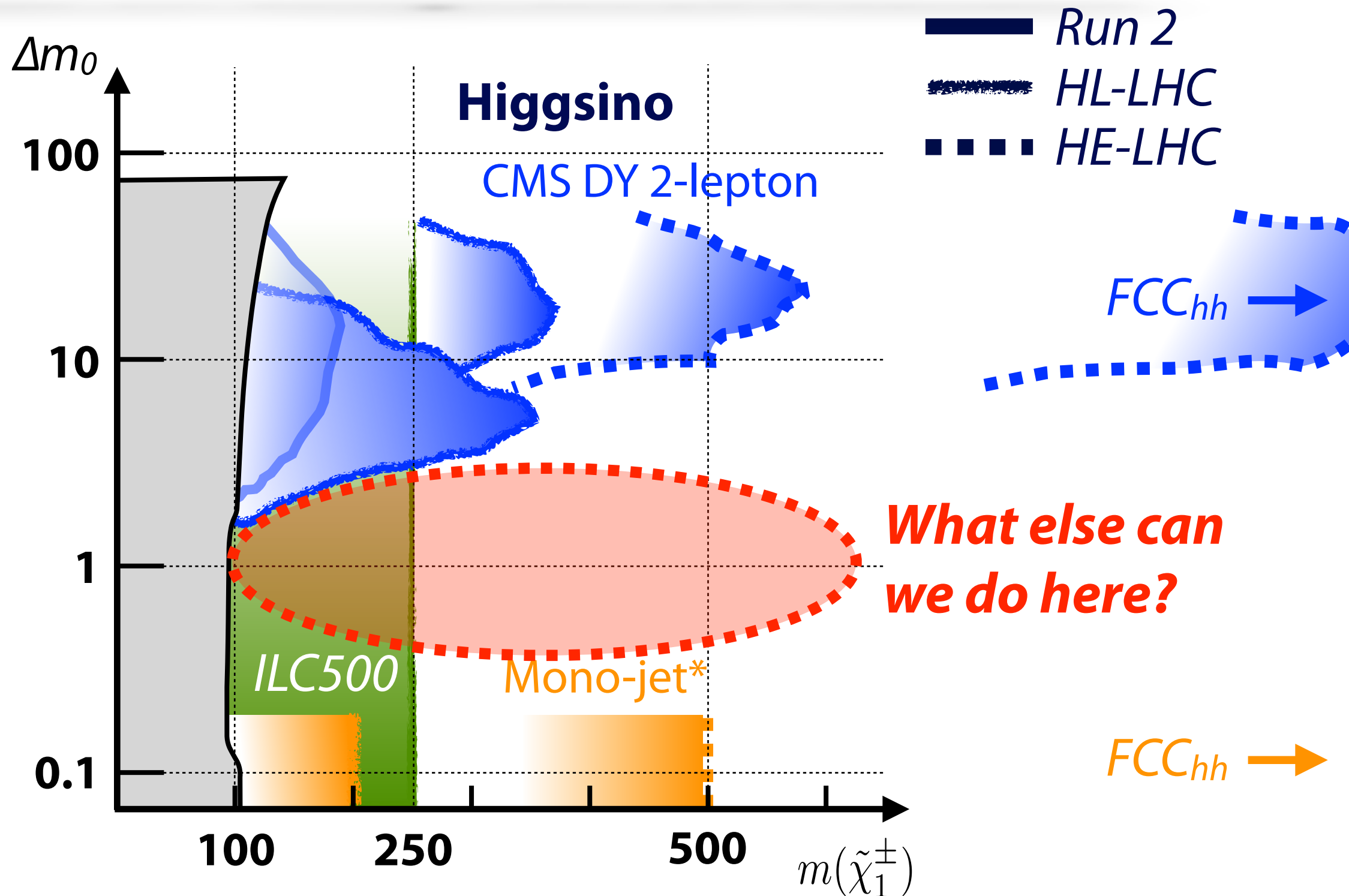
Projections for future colliders (Lepton collider sensitive up to $\sqrt{s}/2$)

Bounds on Compressed Scenario



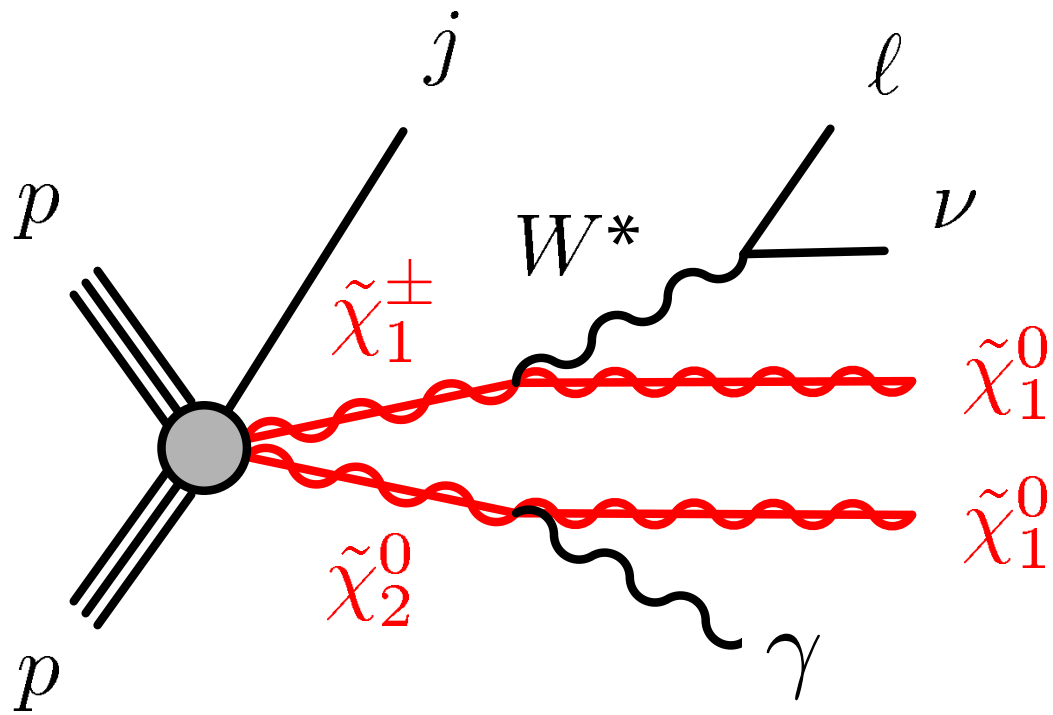
Interesting to explore this phase space with VBF analysis

Bounds on Compressed Scenario



$\Delta m \sim 1$ GeV region to be filled with new techniques
 (→ See R. Sawada's talk for track-based approaches)

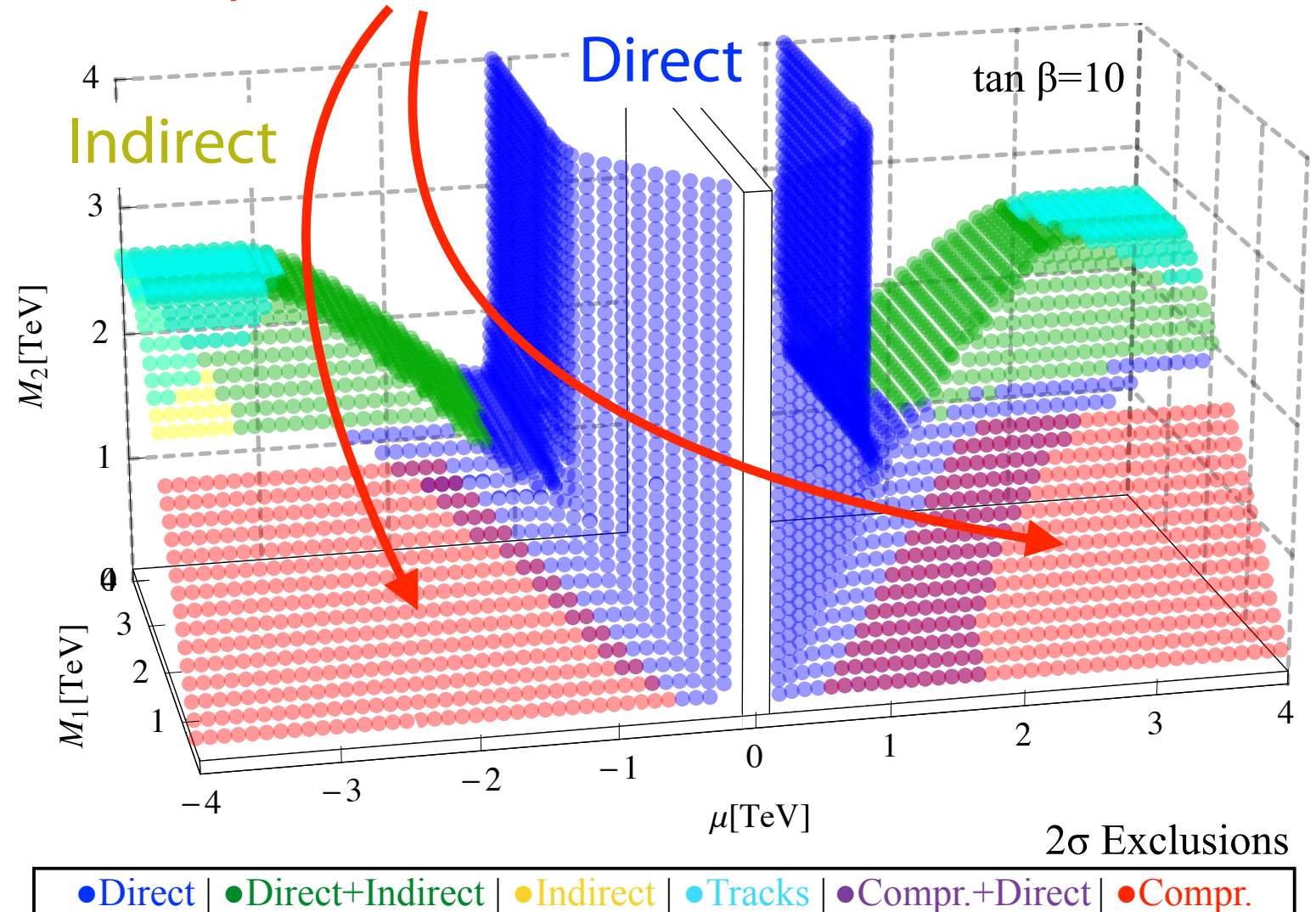
Compressed Searches - Option 1 -



Exploit soft photon from $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \gamma + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ to access intermediate Δm_0 range

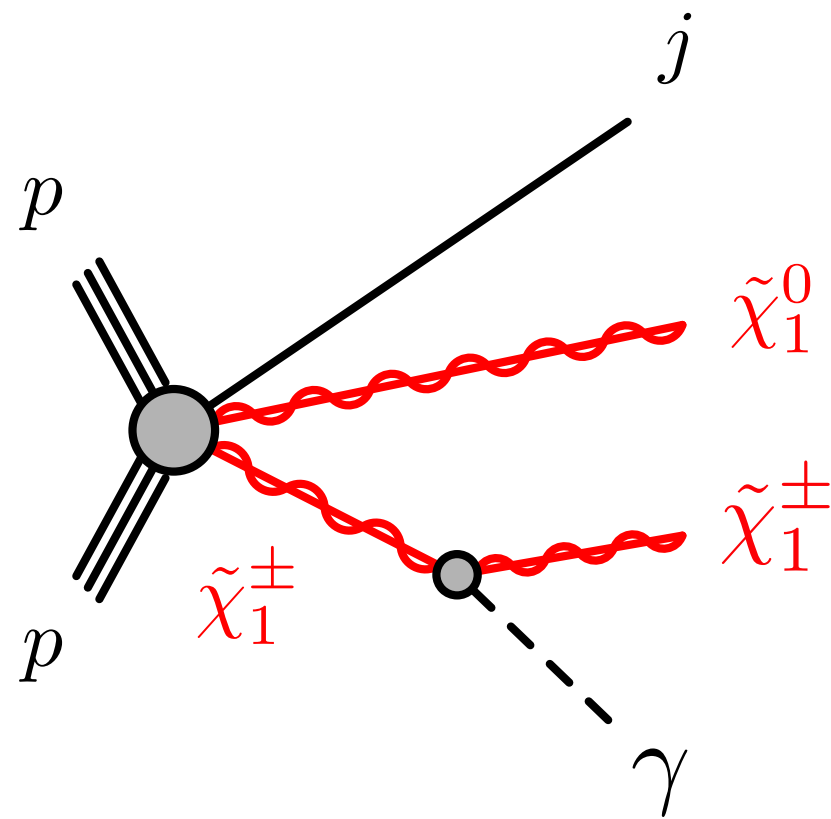
Collider
(Compressed Bino-Wino)

J. Bramante et al.,
PRD 93, 063525 (2016)



- Bino-Wino ($\Delta m_0 \sim 10-40 \text{ GeV}$) probed up to $\sim 1.6 \text{ TeV}$ at $100 \text{ TeV}, 10 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
- Very little sensitivity from direct or indirect searches
- ➡ Unique advantage of future 100 TeV collider for compressed Bino-Wino scenario

Compressed Searches - Option 2 -



Exploit FSR photon from $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$
(no look at $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ decay)

→ Insensitive to Δm_\pm !!

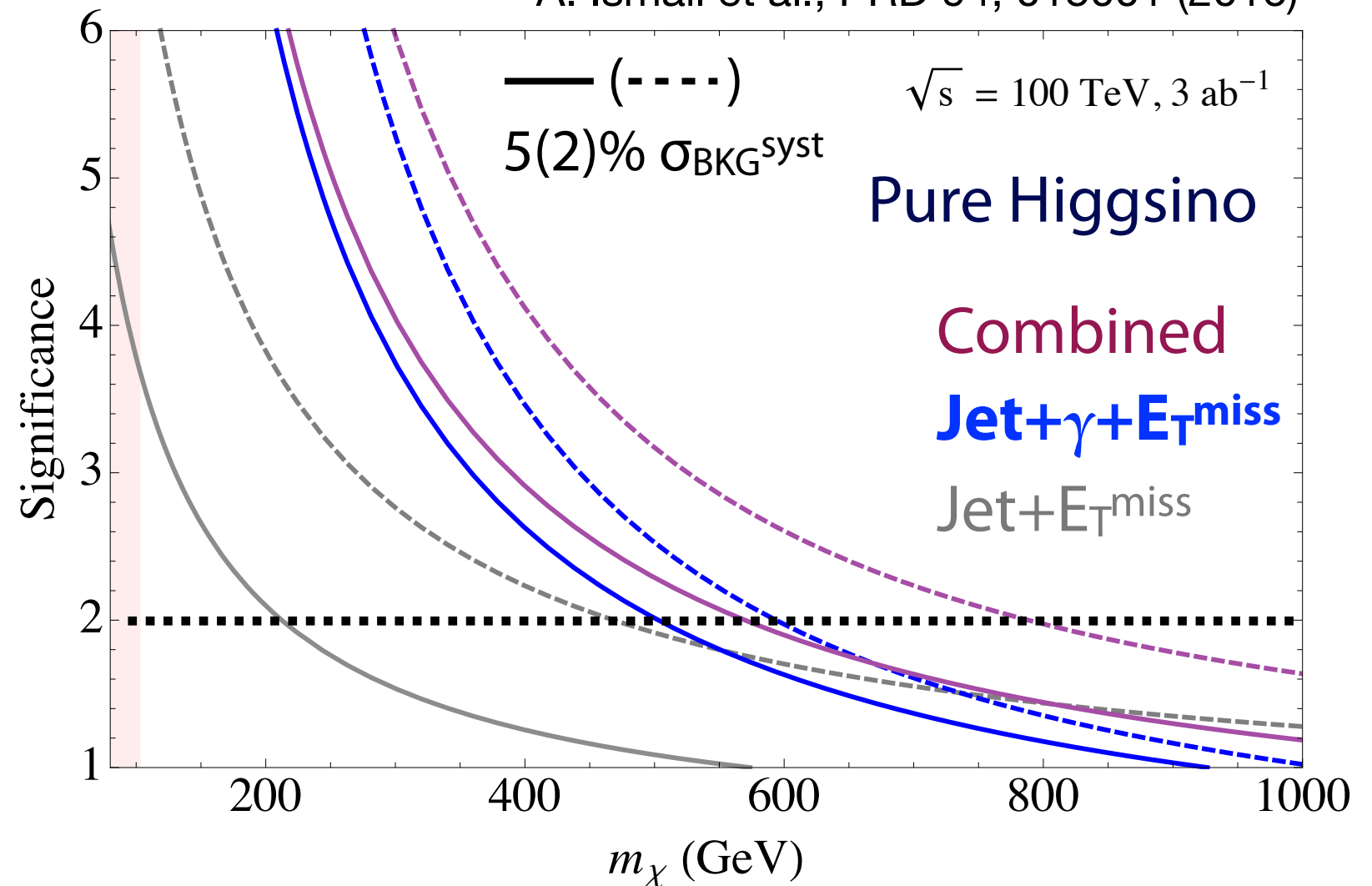
► Pure Higgsino ($\Delta m_\pm \sim 350 \text{ MeV}$) probed up to $\sim (130)500 \text{ GeV}$ at 14(100) TeV

➡ Potentially no "blind spot" in this analysis?

Good to demonstrate the performance with (HL-)LHC data!

Expected significance at 100 TeV collider

A. Ismail et al., PRD 94, 015001 (2016)



Summary

- ▶ Neutralinos composed of Wino, Higgsino or mixed states are promising DM candidates
- ▶ Compressed spectra posing experimental challenge at hadron collider
- ▶ Several new ideas emerging to further constrain compressed states at hadron collider (→ *More in R. Sawada's talk*)

Summary

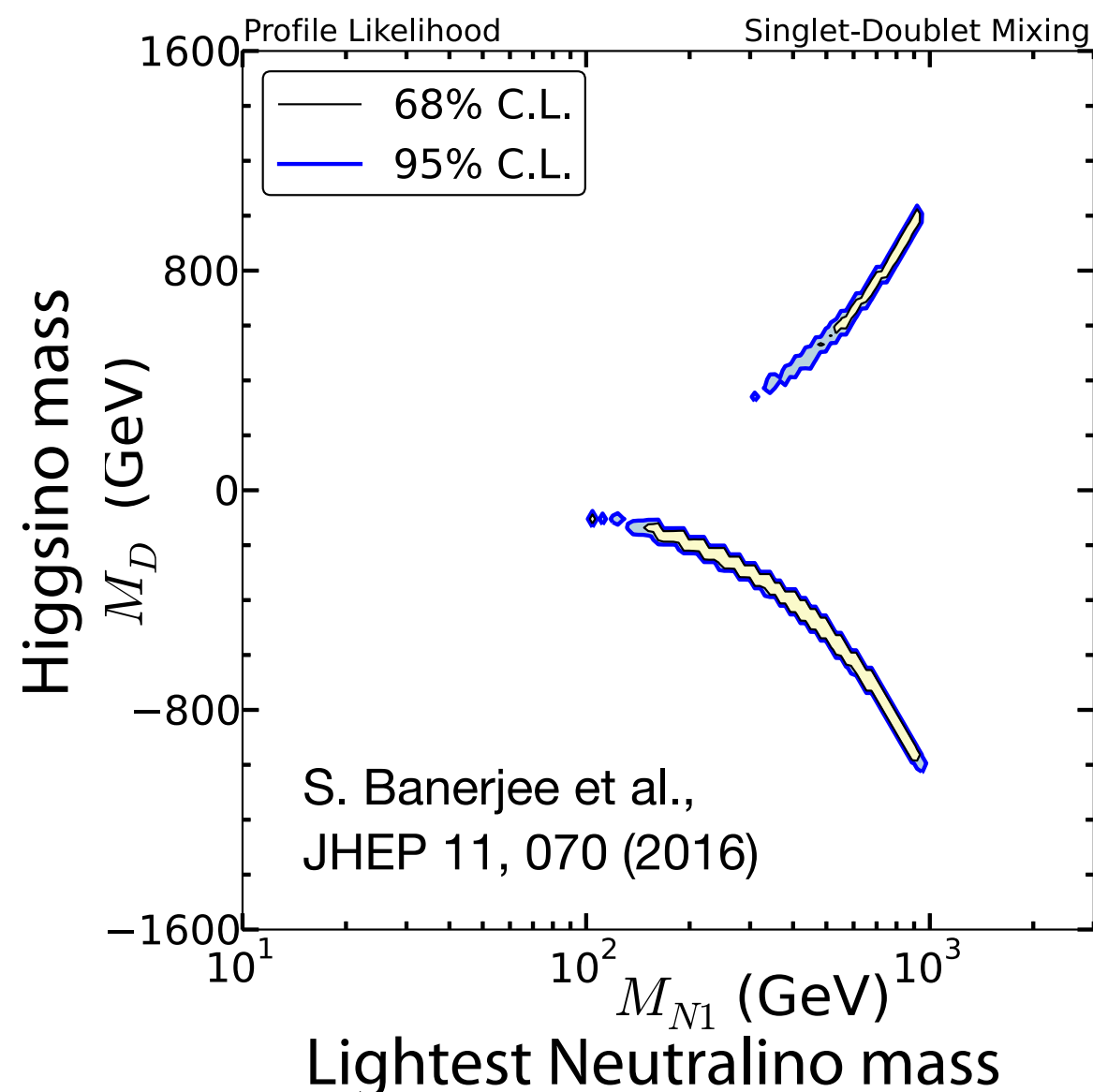
- ▶ Neutralinos composed of Wino, Higgsino or mixed states are promising DM candidates
- ▶ Compressed spectra posing experimental challenge at hadron collider
- ▶ Several new ideas emerging to further constrain compressed states at hadron collider (\rightarrow *More in R. Sawada's talk*)

Future prospects for Singlet-Doublet WIMP dark matter

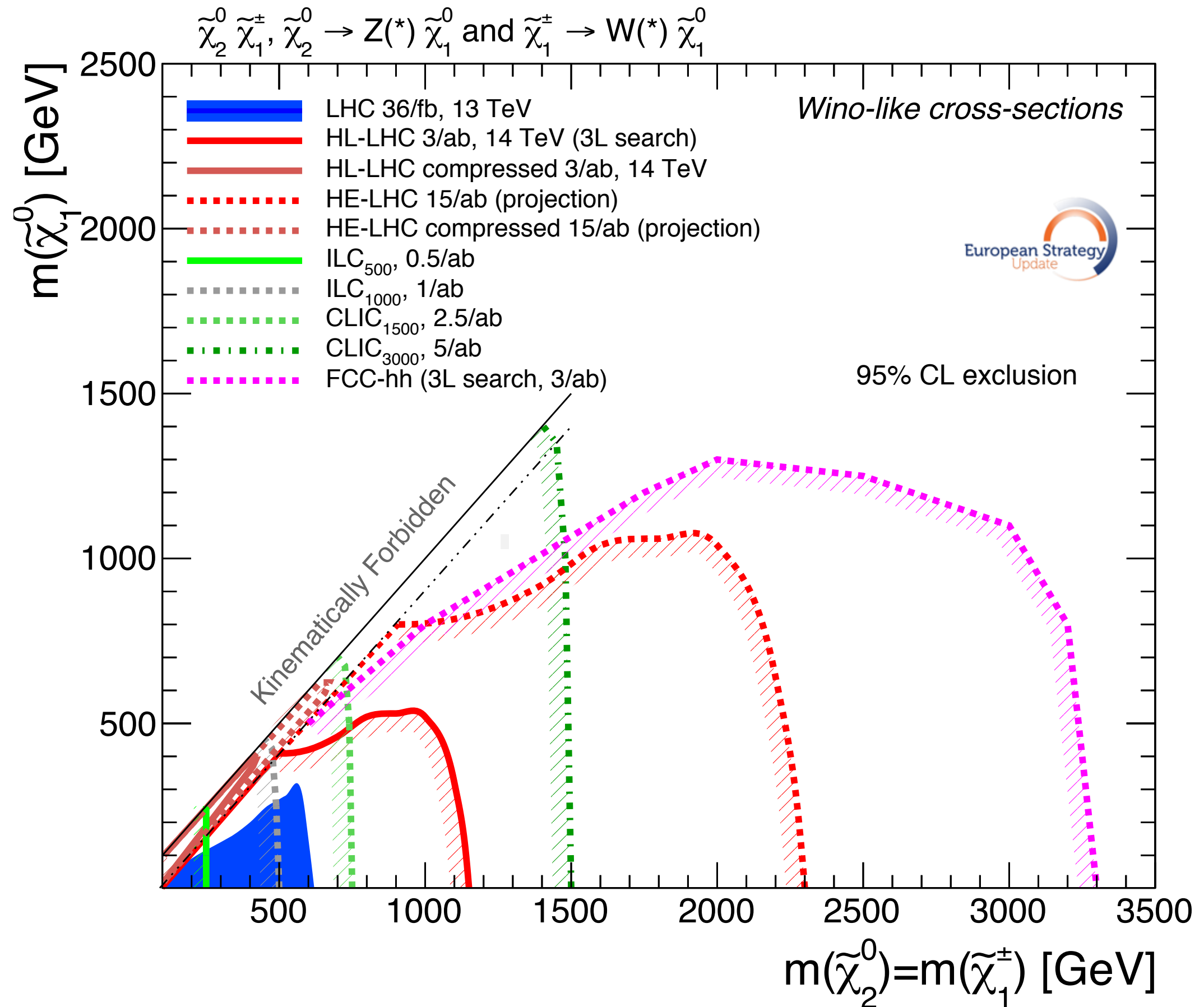
- ▶ Strong constraints from direct & indirect detections
- ▶ HL-LHC sensitivity quite limited...

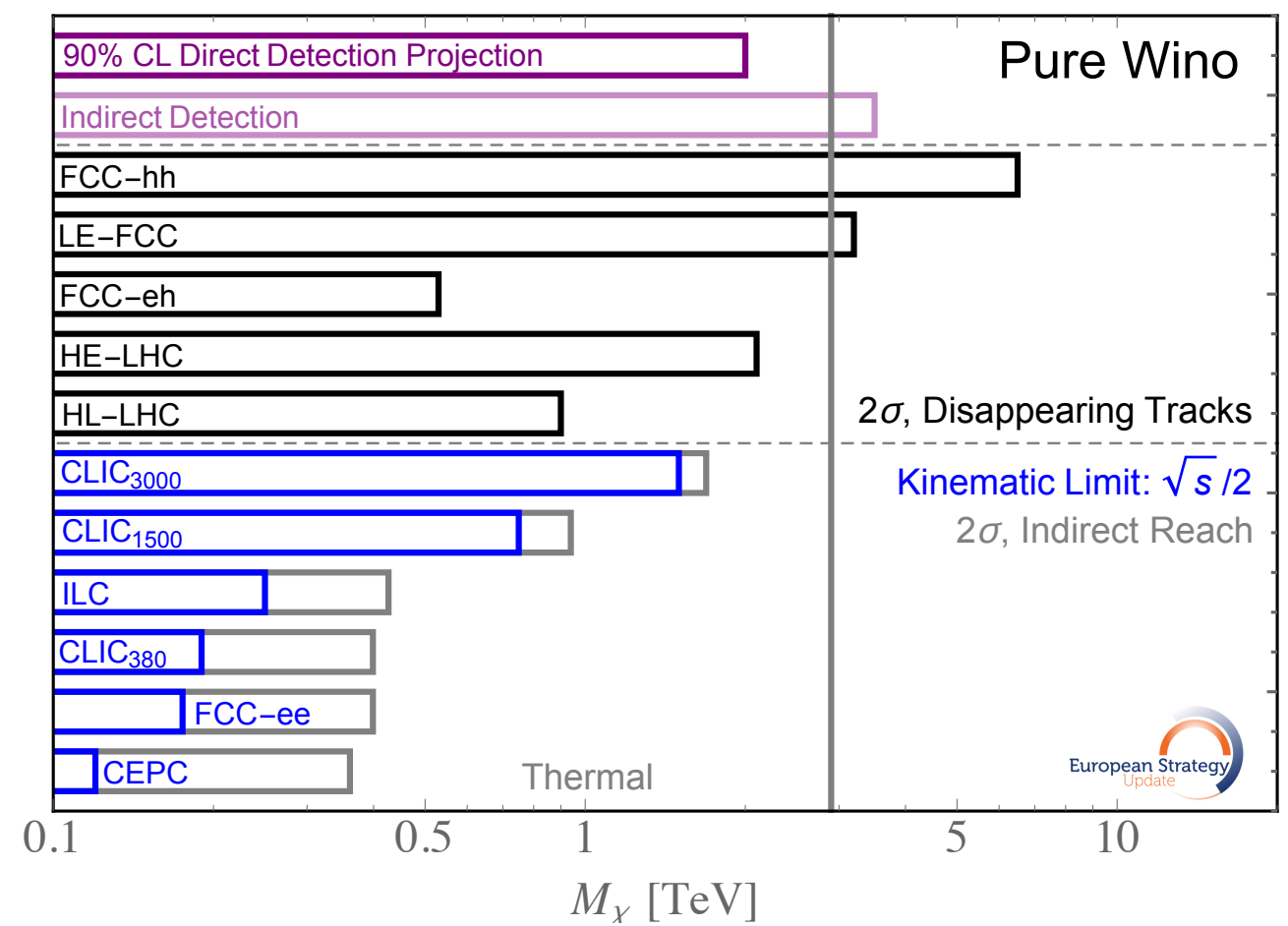
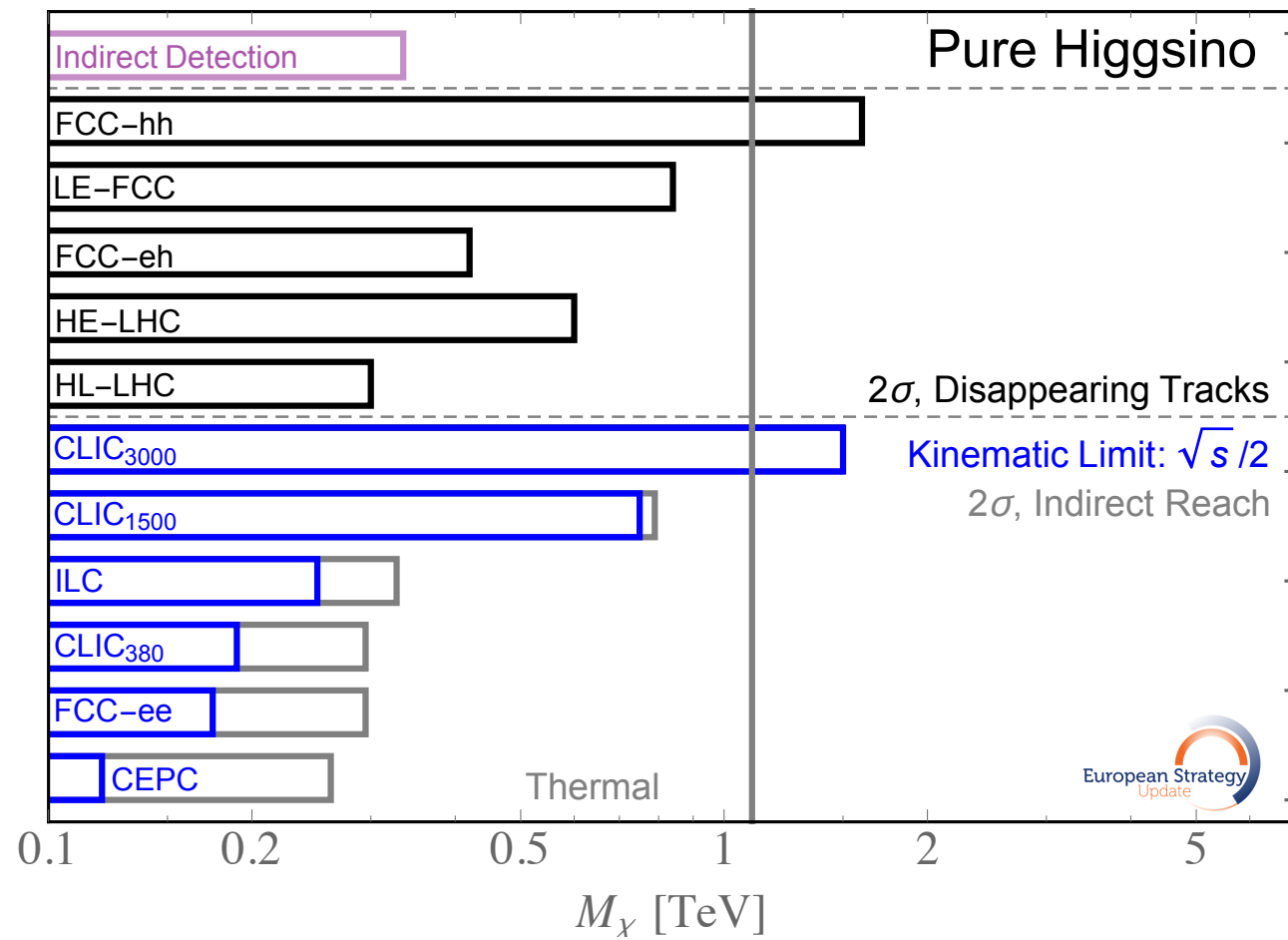
*Only on-shell W/Z analysis
($p_T^{\text{lepton}} > 50 \text{ GeV}$) available
at that time*

Could (near) future colliders
enter into the game again?

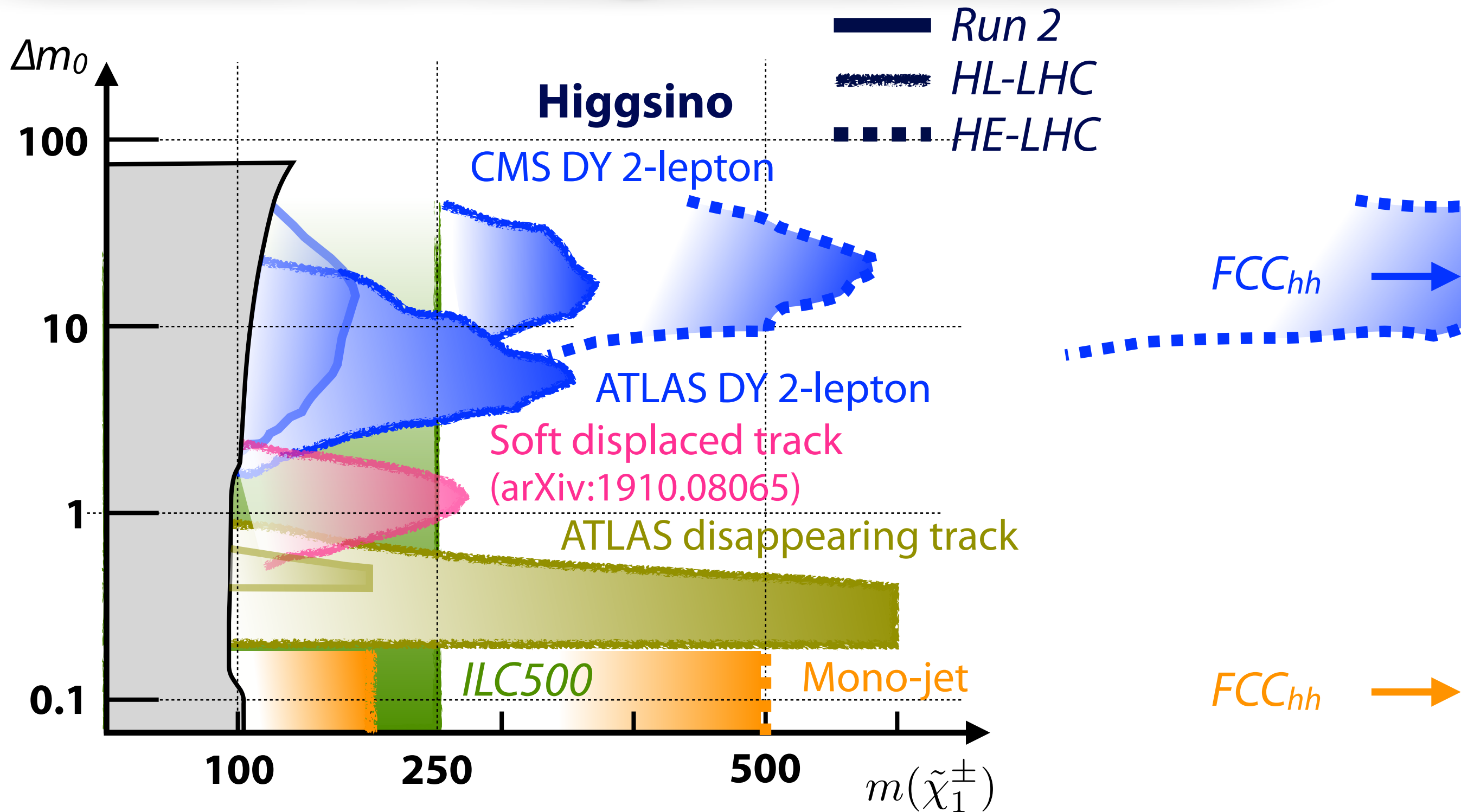


Backup





Bounds on Compressed Scenario



Combination of hadron & lepton colliders could cover $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)$ up to ~ 300 GeV at *any* $\Delta m_0 < \sim 10$ GeV