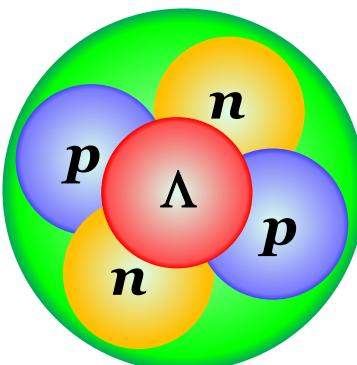
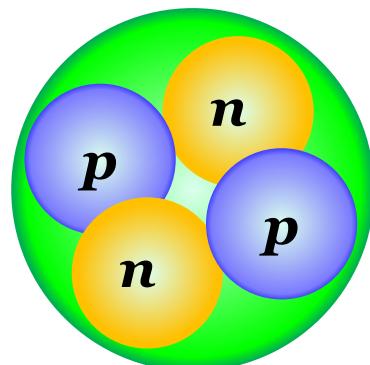
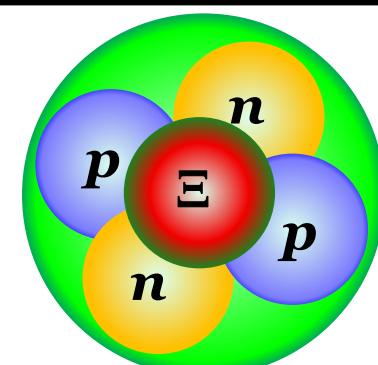
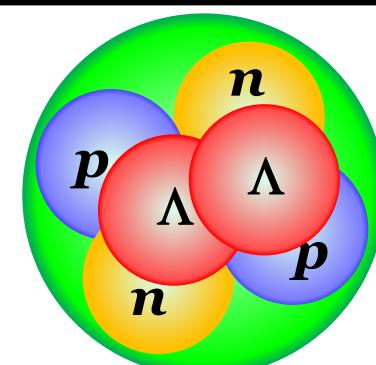


# ダブルハイパー核実験用原子核乾板の 神岡地下施設の鉛ブロック内での保管

仲澤 和馬  
岐阜大学・物理学教室  
2015年12月18日

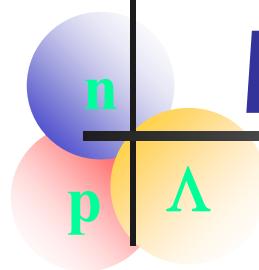


ダブルハイパー核  
ストレンジネス(S) -2の原子核



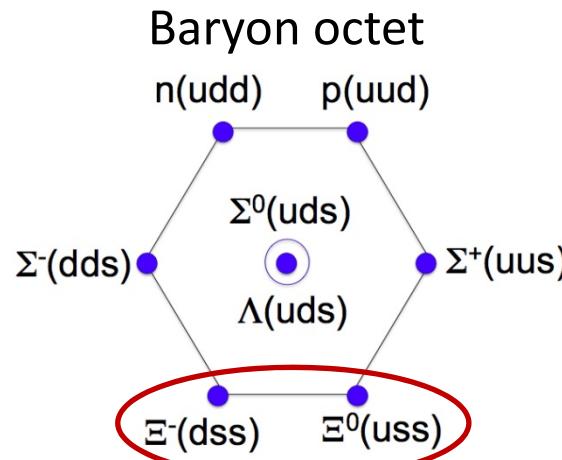
Λ-Λ相互作用

Ξ-Ν相互作用



# Motivation

## Nuclear Phys. with $S=-2$



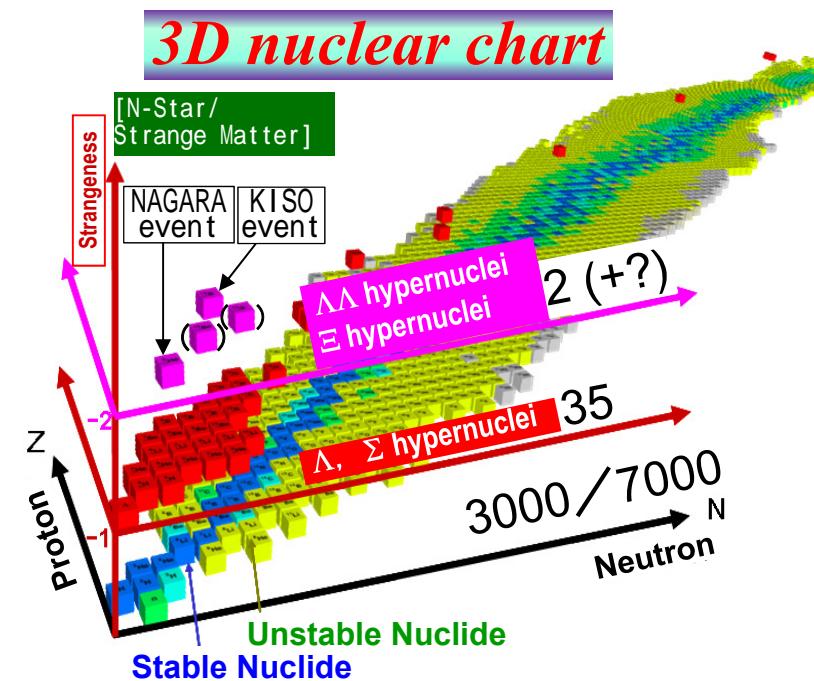
In  $S=-2$  sector,

→ YY-mixing [ $\Lambda\Lambda \leftrightarrow \Xi N \leftrightarrow \Sigma\Sigma (\leftrightarrow H)$ ]

- $m(\Xi N) - m(\Lambda\Lambda) = (23\sim28)$  MeV
- $m(\Sigma N) - m(\Lambda N) = 80$  MeV

Information of  $\Lambda$ - $\Lambda$  and  $\Xi$ - $N$  force,  
for understanding B-B int. in  $SU(3)_f$ ,  
and as guide for us to Multi-strangeness system,  
e.g. Neutron Stars.

\* Making a nuclear chart of double-hypernuclei



← For those information;

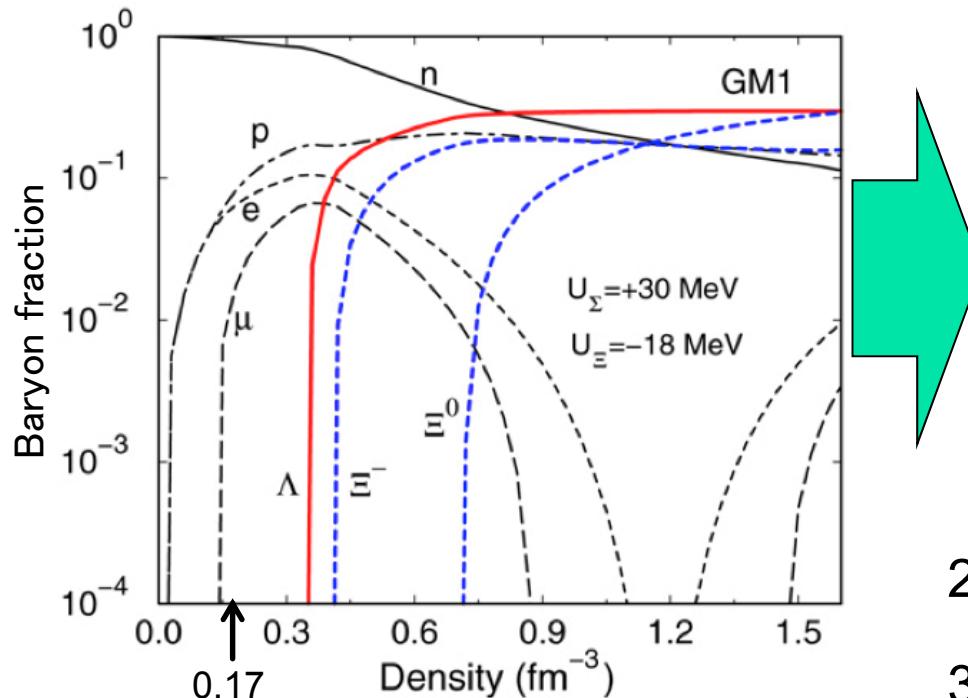
available sources are

double- $\Lambda$  hypernucleus,  
 $\Xi$  hypernucleus,  
 $H$ -dibaryon

# Motivation

**== YN interaction ==**

$$M_{\text{NS}} < 1.4 M_{\odot}$$



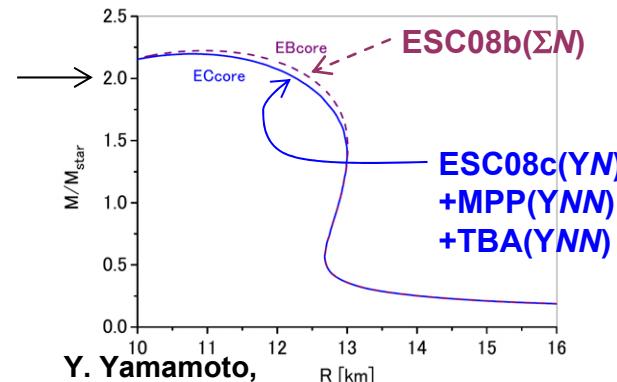
J.Schaffner-Bielich, N.P. A 804 (2008) 309-321  
「Hypernuclear physics for neutron stars」

**Discovery of heavy NS ( $\sim 2M_{\odot}$ )**  
*For extra **repulsive** forces,*

**1. Universal three body force.**

→ flavor independent !

NNN, YNN, YYN, YYY int.,  
where  $Y = \Lambda, \Sigma, \Xi$



**2. Phase transition of**  
baryon to quark matter.

**3. . . .**

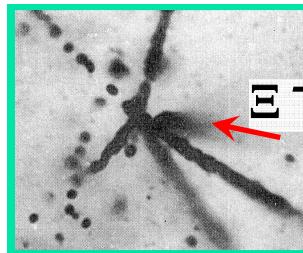
Many theorists present many theories.  
**百家争鳴**

**It is necessary for more rich information**  
**of YN & YY int.**

# Observed double- $\Lambda$ Hypernuclei in E176/E373 Hybrid Emulsion experiments

**KEK-E176**

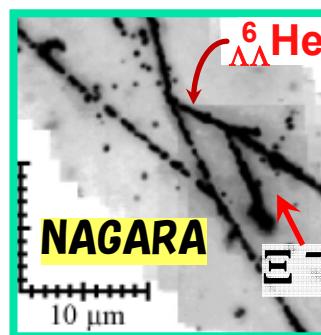
in  $\sim 80 \Xi^-$  stops



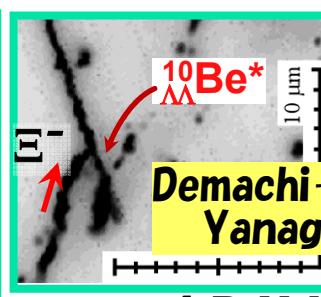
S.Aoki et al., NP A828 (2009)  
191-232

**KEK-E373**

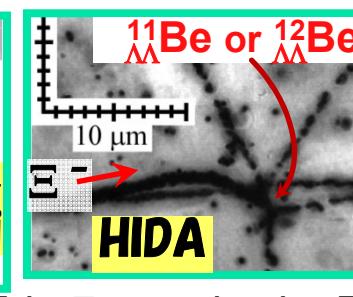
$\sim 10^3 \Xi^-$  stops



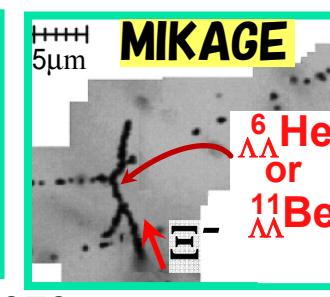
NAGARA



Demachi-  
Yanagi



HIDA



MIKAGE

4 D.H.N in 7 samples by E373

J.K.Ahn et al., Phys. Rev. C88 (2013) 014003-1~10

## $\Lambda\Lambda$ bound energies

[1] Hiyama et al.  
PRL104(2010)212502

[2] Gal-Millener  
PLB701(2011)342

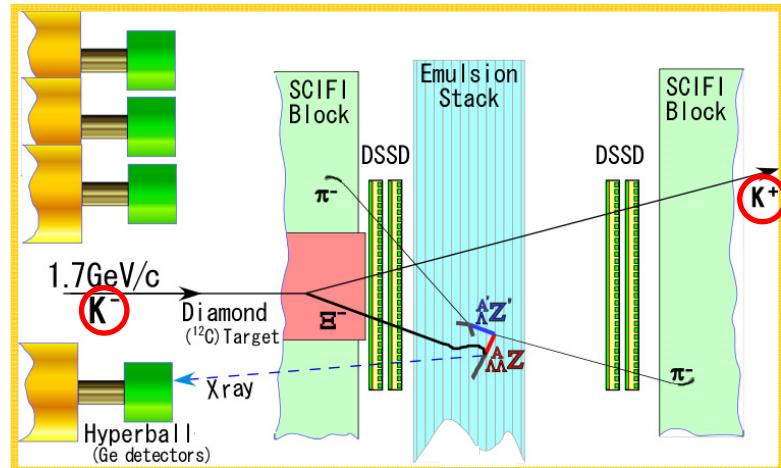
Event	$^{A_Z}\Lambda\Lambda$	Target	$B_{\Lambda\Lambda}$ [MeV]	$\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda}$ [MeV]	Cluster [1]	Shell [2]
NAGARA	$^{ 6}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{He}$	$^{12}\text{C}$	$6.91 \pm 0.16$	$0.67 \pm 0.17$	(6.91)	(6.91)
DEMACHIYANAGI	$^{10}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$ ( $^{10}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}^*$ )	$^{12}\text{C}$	$11.90 \pm 0.13$	$-1.52 \pm 0.15$	11.88	
HIDA	$^{11}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$	$^{16}\text{O}$	$20.83 \pm 1.27$	$2.61 \pm 1.34$	18.23	18.40
	$^{12}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$	$^{14}\text{N}$	$22.48 \pm 1.21$	—		20.27
MIKAGE	$^{ 6}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{He}$	$^{12}\text{C}$	$10.01 \pm 1.71$	$3.77 \pm 1.71$		
	$^{11}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$	$^{14}\text{N}$	$23.05 \pm 2.59$	$4.85 \pm 2.63$		
E176	$^{13}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{B}$ ( $^{13}_{\Lambda}\text{C}^*$ )	$^{14}\text{N}$	$23.3 \pm 0.7$	$0.6 \pm 0.8$		23.21
Danysz et al.	$^{10}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$ ( $^9_{\Lambda}\text{Be}^*$ )	$^{14}\text{N}$	$14.7 \pm 0.4$	$1.3 \pm 0.4$	$14.74(\text{g.s.})$	$14.97(\text{g.s.})$

$$\Lambda\Lambda \text{ interaction energy : } \Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda}(\overset{A}{\Lambda}\overset{Z}{\Lambda}) = B_{\Lambda\Lambda}(\overset{A}{\Lambda}\overset{Z}{\Lambda}) - 2B_{\Lambda}(\overset{A-1}{\Lambda}\overset{Z}{\Lambda})$$

# Strategy of E07 experiment at J-PARC

p

## 1. New Hybrid method



J-PARC

### 1. Pure K-beam

( better 3.5 times than KEK-PS)

### 2. More emulsion volume ( E373 x 3 )

[ gel : 2.1 t ]

- 10<sup>3</sup>** (E373) → **10<sup>4</sup>** Ξ- stop events
1. ~10<sup>2</sup> double hypernuclei
  2. X ray measurement from Ξ atom  
→ study of Ξ-N interaction

**Automated track-following**

## 2. Overall-scanning

Fully automatic detection of  
**3 vtx. event**  
like NAGARA and KISO event

10 times statistics of that  
with the hybrid method

- (1/0.3) : free from acceptance & tracking  
 4 : •  $p(K^-, K^+) \Xi^-$  in the emulsion  
 •  $n(K^-, K^0) \Xi^-$  reaction

We expect to measure the mass of  
**~10<sup>3</sup>** double-Λ hypernuclei  
**~10<sup>2</sup>** Ξ hypernuclei  
 with  $A < 16$

## ダブルハイパー核実験棟



### <塗布室>

Three flat stone bases,  
Hot bath

Cutting machine

### <乾燥室>

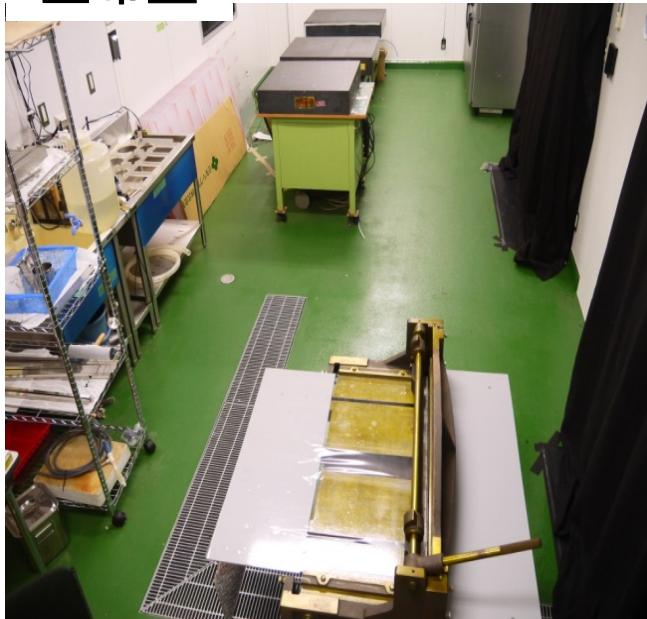
Temp **30 °C** and R.H. **75%**.

### <現像室>

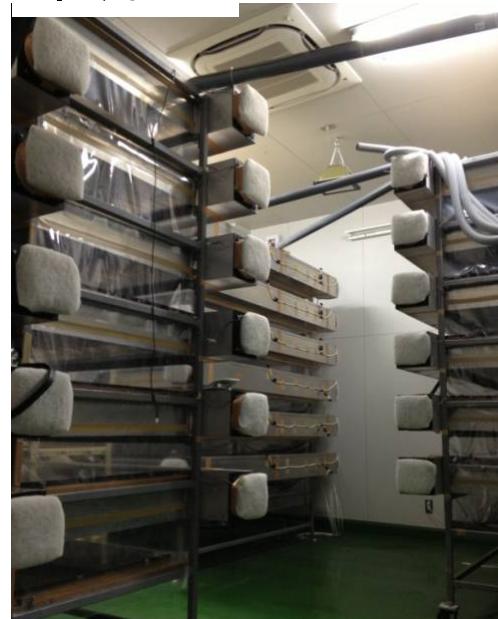
1200 liters' chemical solutions

**Total 100 m<sup>2</sup>**

### 塗布室

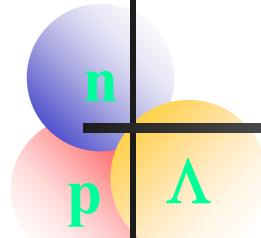


### 乾燥室



### 現像室

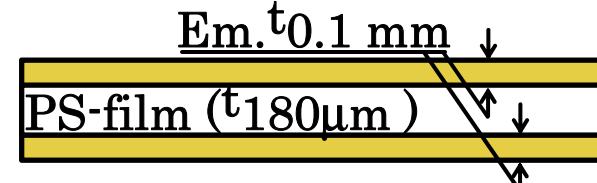
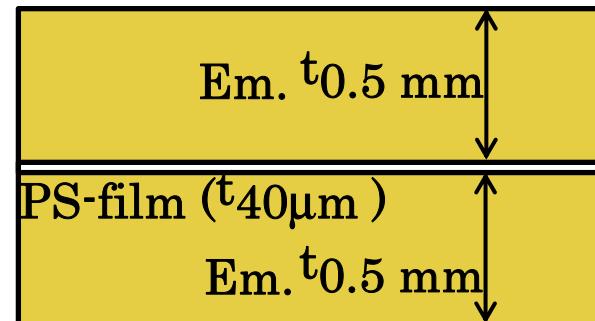




# Mass production from Dec. 06, 2013 to May 18, 2014

Size:

**345 x 350 mm<sup>2</sup>**



**2.1t gels →**

**1380 plates**

**240 plates**

**Stocked in the Kamioka mine**

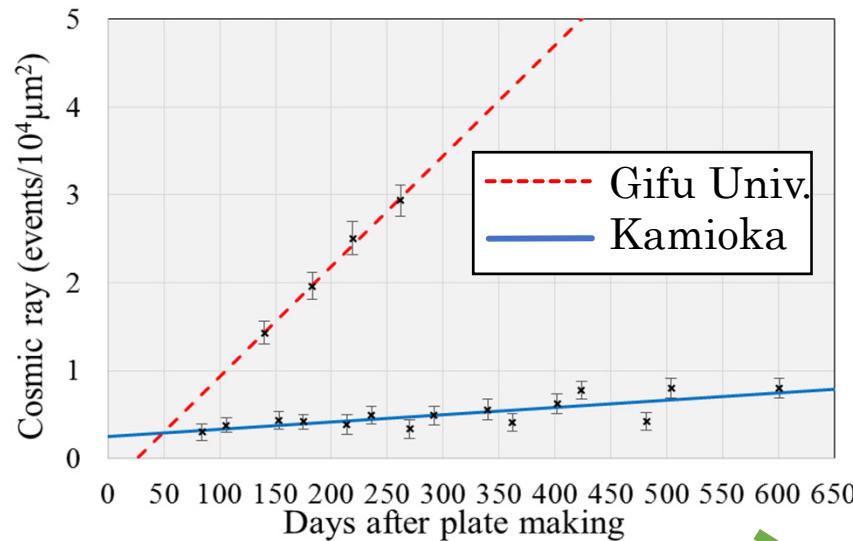
Spot cooler keeps  
temp. at 15~17 °C.  
It is monitored  
via internet.



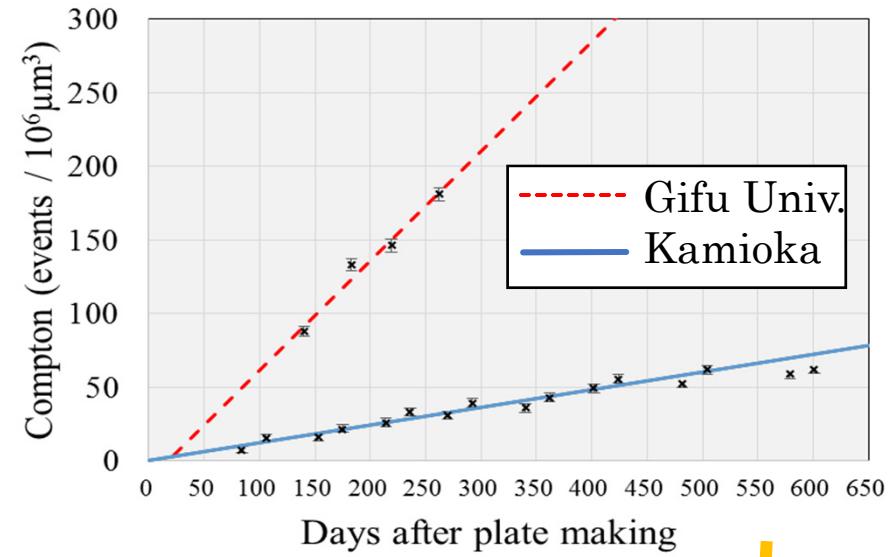
Box made of Lead wall  
( $t_{10\text{ cm}}$ , 60 cm×60 cm×240 cm)  
to avoid .....  
1. Cosmic radiation  
2.  $\gamma$ -ray from air

## Emulsion condition after plate making

### ● Cosmic rays

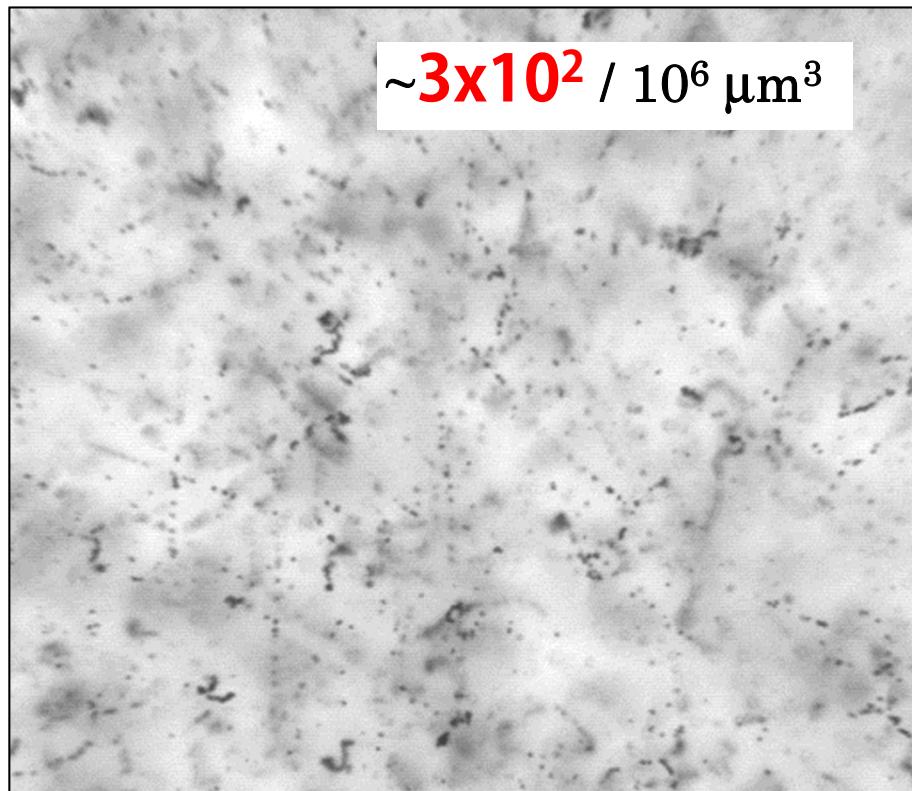


### ● Compton electron

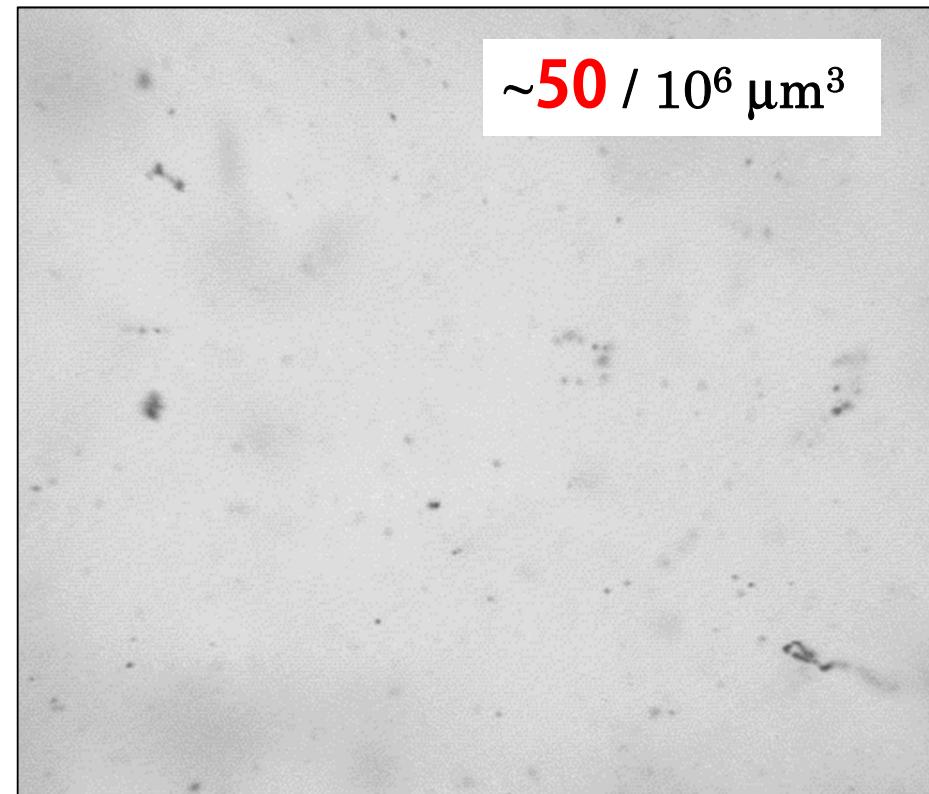


Location (day)	Cosmic ray (tracks/ $10^4 \mu\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{day}$ )	Compton (electrons/ $10^6 \mu\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{day}$ )
Refrigerator in Gifu Univ.	$12.5 (\pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$	$0.75 (\pm 0.05)$
Lead box at SK. E07 (Jan. 2014~)	$0.82 (\pm 0.29) \times 10^{-3}$	$0.12 (\pm 0.01)$
	$0.45 (\pm 0.05) \times 10^{-3}$	$0.14 (\pm 0.01)$

## ● Pictures of the emulsion plates



Refrigerator in **Gifu** Univ. : 400days

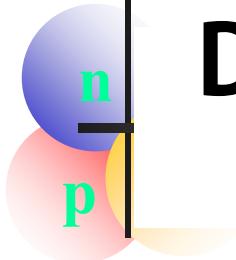


Lead box in **Kamioka** mine : 424days

Back ground of Compton electrons **in E373**

max.  $\sim 130 / 10^6 \mu\text{m}^3$

B.G. is closing the max. value on **Jul. 2016**



# Development of “Overall-scanning”



**Primary motivation:**

fast detection of  $\alpha$  decay vertices  
of natural isotopes to calibrate  
range-energy relation.

## ① fast image capture

**Developed system  
with CCD camera**

OS : Win2000 sp4

CPU : 3.0 GHz

1.57GB RAM

Camera : 100Hz (CCD)

Obj. lens : x 50

emulsion : 0.5mm

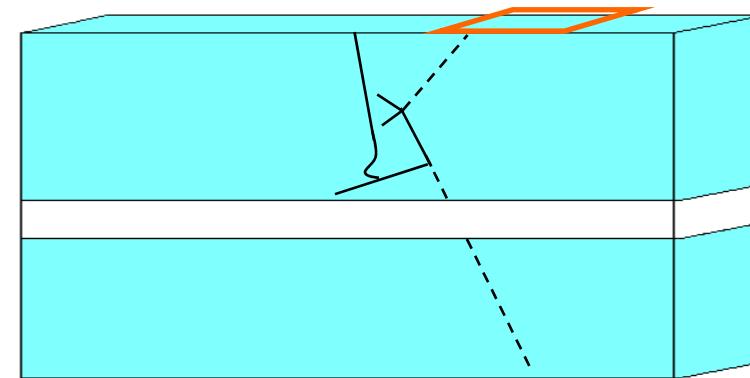
area : 0.1x0.08mm<sup>2</sup>

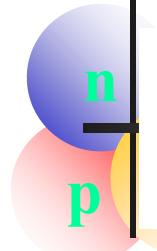
# of image : ~100/cycle

Time : 5 min. /cycle

→ 3sec/cycle

[~ hard limit]

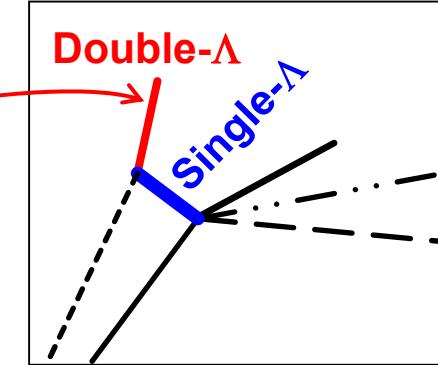
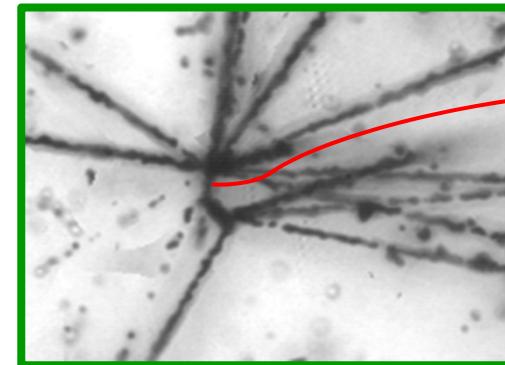
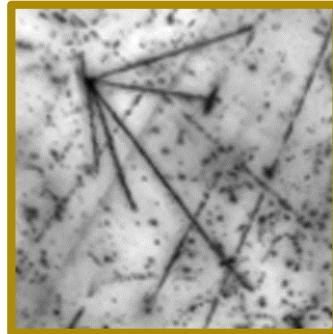




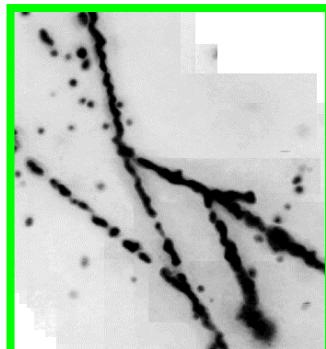
# Development of “Overall-scanning”

② fast image processing for event detection

$\alpha$  decay VTX

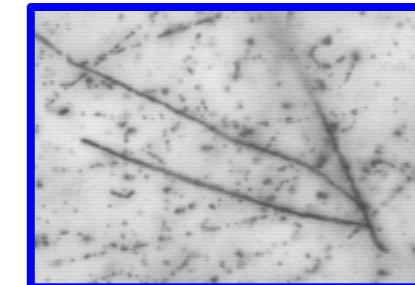
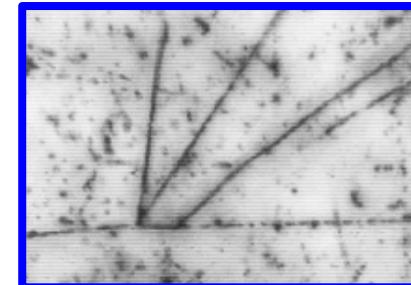


3 vertices



**NAGARA event**  
was detected by this method

2 vertices (single- $\Lambda$  cand.)

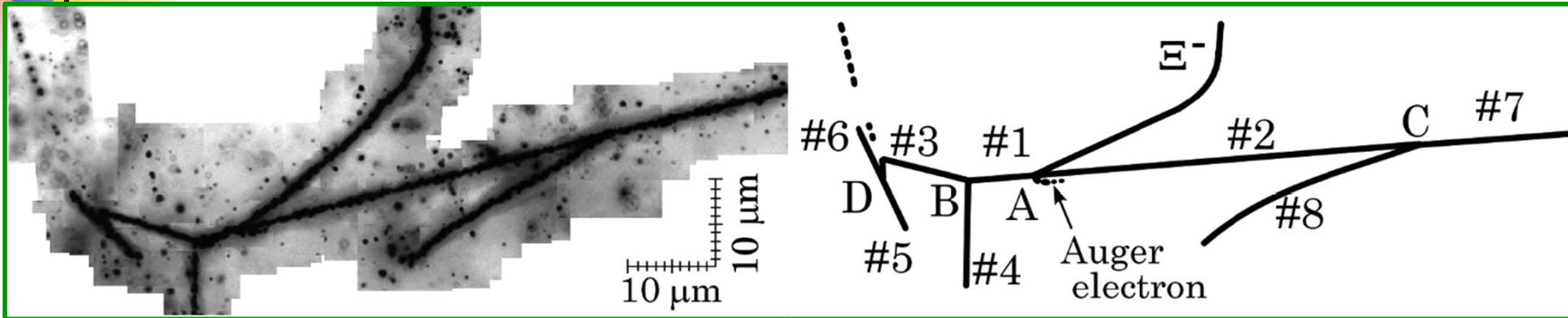


more

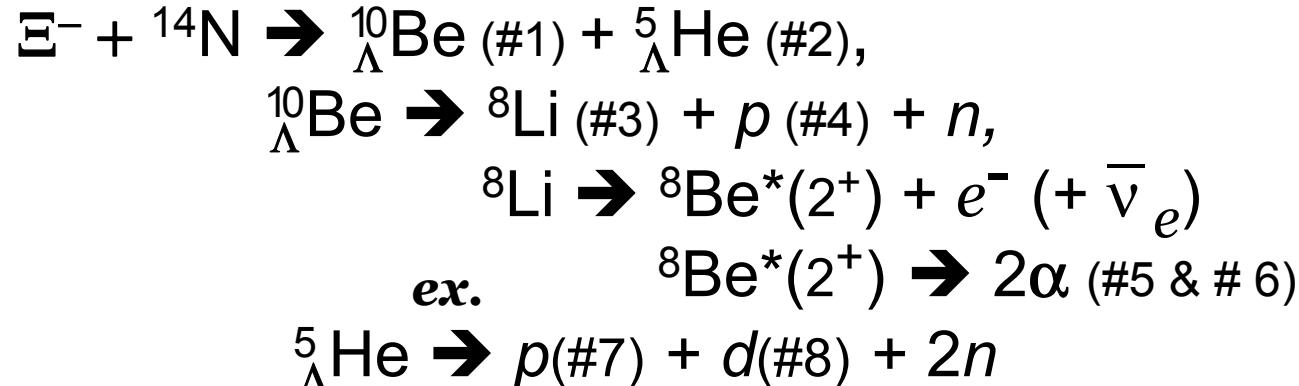
Until April. 2013,  
**8M images** under test operation ( $1.46 \text{ cm}^3$ )  
using E373 emulsion (**55 liters**)

# \* The first evidence of $\Xi^-$ - $^{14}\text{N}$ deeply bound system

K. Nakazawa et al., PTEP. 2015 033D02 (11 pages)



## Process of the *KISO* event



$$B_{\Xi^-} = 4.38 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV} \text{ (by Mom. balance [\#1 and \#2])}$$

if  ${}^{\Lambda}{\rm Be}$  is in excited production,  $B_{\Xi^-} = 1.11 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV}$   
cf. 0.17 MeV (atomic 3D level for  ${}^{14}\text{N}$ )



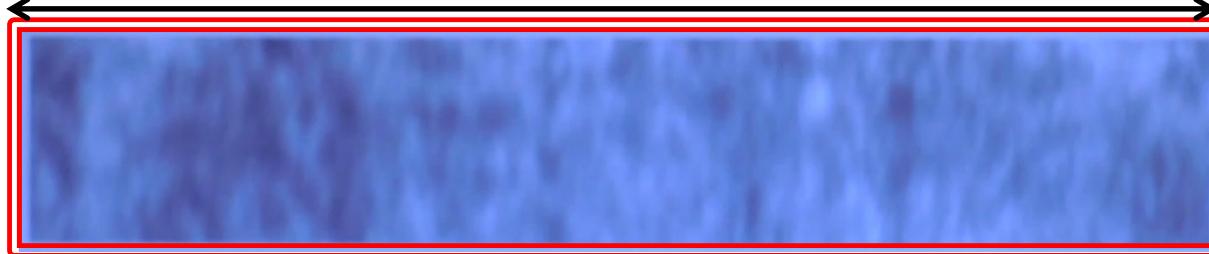
■ハイパー核(KISO event)発見の新聞報道（中日新聞2015年1月19日：朝刊3面）



# New scanning system for the E07emulsion

## Vertex Picker (VP) for Overall scanning in full EM volume

Fast image capture by Obj. x20 → image processing →  
1.1 mm



with piezo stage

x 300  
faster !!

	Old	VP
Obj. Lens	× 50 (NA. 0.9)	× 20 (NA. 0.35) → × 50
Camera	100Hz XC_HR300	800Hz HXC20
Pixel	512 × 440 pixel	2039 × 357 pixel
Area	130 mm × 110 mm	1.1 mm × 0.20 mm
Rate(Hz)	0.3	5

4 sets

3 sets

Picked up vertices are checked by Obj. x50

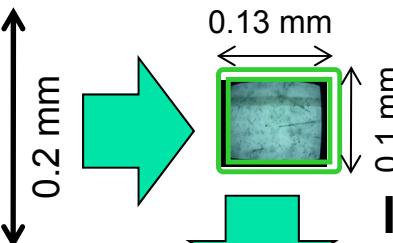


Image processing

Human check 3 VTX.  
in well contrasted images  
In Myanmar Universities:

by more than 10 Graduate Stu.

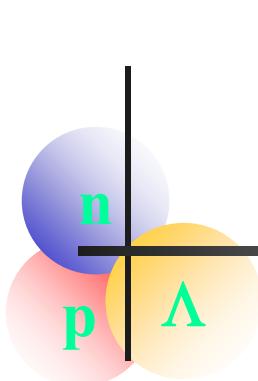
Images with 3 VTX.  
are taken by bj. × 100

Event analyses by the image



Physics by, ~10<sup>3</sup> D.H.N

At present, we are able to detect **(1~2) × 10<sup>2</sup> single-Λ hypernuclei in a week.**



# E07 Exposure plan at J-PARC

1. Beam test exposure has been successfully performed in **Oct. 2015**.
2. Spectrometer magnet will be installed in **Mar. 2016**.
3. Beam line construction **from Apr. to Mar. 2016**.
4. First run will be **Jun. 2016. (<10% of all)**
5. Second run will be started in **Feb. 2017.**