

Multi-messenger γ-ray observations by MAGIC & CTA

Koji Noda (ICRR, U. Tokyo) 25 Mar 2022



Synergies at new frontiers at γ , ν , and GW

MAGIC · CTA LST

- MAGIC
 - 2x 17 m, FoV 3.5 deg, 1039 PMT (0.1 deg)
 - 1st tel. since 2004, 2nd tel. since 2009 lacksquareCamera upgrade in 2012. **Operational** since 2013 with the current sensitivity
- Large Size Telescope (LST) of Cherenkov Telescope Array (CTA)
 - 1 of 3 types, array of tens IACTs
 - 4x 23 m, FoV 4.5 deg, 1855 PMT (0.1 deg)
 - North site: LST1 since 2018, operational now 4 LSTs to be completed in 2024, obs. will start

The MAGIC Colla

Both in ORM, La Palma, Spain. Can follow the same sources:







cherenkov telescope



MAGIC => LST improvements (cta

- E threshold: 30-50 GeV (MAGIC) => 20 GeV (LST)
 Less EBL absorption, farther
 objects can be detected
- Sensitivity: <0.7% Crab
 @ 220 GeV in 50 h (MAGIC)
 => x10 improve with LST
- Resolutions @ TeV: E 15% => 10% (LST) Angular 0.06 => 0.05 deg (LST)



Weight: 70 t => 100 t
 Fast rotation: 7 deg/s => 9 deg/s (180 deg/ 20 s)
 LST can start to observe transients within 1 min

MAGIC/LST focus on (far) transients by design

cherenkov

telescope arrav



- Need a dedicated system to receive alerts, filter them, and start & control the special observation
- MAGIC: Automatic Alert System (AAS), LST: Transient Handler
- Developers of MAGIC AAS contribute to LST TH. Already operational





cherenkov telescope array

Gamma-ray burst (GRB) follow-up



MAGIC GRB obs. (the renkov telescope array



- 107 GRBs in total observed in 2005 2019
 - 2005-: mono, 2009-: stereo, 2013-: upgraded
- 50 in 2013 2019 (with the upgraded telescopes)
 - Hints of detection already in 2014 & 2016 Reported only upper limits (but 160821B)
 - 41 GRBs removing non-optimal conditions (Longo+ @ ICRC 2021)
- 2019: 190114C detection in Jan, 2 papers in Nature in Nov
- 2020 Mar May: covid19, 2021 Sep-Dec: eruption



- Long GRB, T₉₀ = 361s
 by Swift-BAT, "very bright"
- Alert received at 22 s after GRB onset, obs. start at 50 s, data acquisition started 57s +5 s to obtain analyzable data
- Zenith angle 55 deg, moderate moon, z = 0.42 (the 3rd closest in GRBs observed by MAGIC)
- First detection of TeV gammarays from a GRB
- MWL modeling (23 instruments): SSC is natural interpretation (No big need for different models)





Other VHE GRBs

- 180720B: HESS, clear (? marginal?)
- 190829A: HESS, low luminosity
 - Presented in ICRC2021 "hard to explain with SSC, better with a single Synchrotron component"
- 201015A: MAGIC, marginal detection (3.5 sigma), low luminosity?
- 201216C: MAGIC, clear detection with > 5 sigma. z=1.1, the farthest source detected by IACTs ever.
 Observed by LST (but cross analyses not possible)



Redshift - Eiso of VHE & GBM GRBs (Noda & Parson, 2021 submitted)

2 groups in VHE (long) GRBs? but need more statistics, which is needed also to conclude on the "SSC discussion" => LST!

cherenkov

telescope



LST GRBs



First regular follow-up started at the beginning of 2021

- Only several events observed so far (partially due to swift malfunctioning)
- Fully automatic procedure is under development
- Started with MAGIC strategy. From Caros (updated in Expecting higher z (2-4) with the lower E threshold than MAGIC, increasing VHE GRB stat
- Optimizations: observations to later (from <4 hrs to, e.g., 24 hrs), more GBM GRBs with a large localization error (1 deg to ~2 deg)
 - but then need to reduce frequency, by selecting with brightness?
- Analysis need to be optimized as well
- Detection / observation of the prompt emission !

	T ₀	T ₉₀	z	Start time	Delay	Trigger
	[UTC]	[s]		[UTC]	[s]	
GRB 201216C	23:07:31	48.0	1.1	20:57:03	79200	Swift
GRB 210511B	11:26:39	6	-	03:37:54	58200	Fermi-GBM
GRB 210704A	19:33:24	1	-	21:32:43	119	Fermi-GBM
GRB 210731A	22:21:07	25.9	1.25	23:22	3600	Fermi-GBM
GRB 210807A	10:03:40	156.3	-	03:55:17	1071	Swift
GRB 220302A	07:40:19	20	-	05:23:06	1302	Swift

From Carosi+, ICRC 2021 (updated in Mar 2022)





cherenkov telescope array

Neutrino follow-up



y follow up (2012-) (ta cherenkov telescope array



different list of targets depending on IACTs

K.Satalecka+, PoS(ICRC2021)960

- Gamma Follow Up (GFU): multiplet in time scale from s to 180 days, correlation with gamma sources in TeVCat & Fermi LAT && distance (z<1) && variability in γ && IACT-dependent conditions (observability and extrapolated flux > 100 GeV) Strong bias to γ-rays
- MAGIC & VERITAS since 2012, HESS since 2019. <u>>10 observed in</u> <u>MAGIC.</u> Private alert by email, triggering ToO obs. (not automatic)



- HESE/EHE: single neutrinos (singlet), 2015-, no corr. condition, public
 - MAGIC observed in 2016 archival HESE & track events in 2015
 - Since mid 2016, the automatic observation system for neutrinos (GCN/AMON) has started to operate as for GRBs. Since then, MAGIC has observed 6 online alert events over 3 years
- GOLD/BRONZE: HESE/EHE was re-organized in 2019, only with the probability "signalness". 10 events over ~2 years observed by MAGIC
 - Bronze alerts tend to be upward in the south pole = northern sky





TXS 0506+056



- Online alert EHE 170922A (Singlet, 290 TeV, ~1 deg error) Blazar TXS 0506+056 at 0.1 deg flared in optical and GeV (LAT)
 - MAGIC: bad weather in the day of the alert, ToO (normal) observation a few days later => detection of >100 GeV γ
 - Details in Science paper
- However,,, it is hard to explain the v emission with a simple model. No other similar detection... It would be difficult to explain IceCube diffuse v even if we sum up all such v emissions from blazars
 <u>The consensus is "not yet clear"</u>

cherenkov

telescope

array



Non-blazar v?

- IceCube point source search: 7-yr until 2015 max. significance among γ sources was a blazar 1ES1959+650, but BG prob. 54%
- 10-yr search <u>not depending on γ-ray sources</u> revealed 2.9 σ hotspot 0.35 deg away from NGC 1068 (M77) => became 4 σ
 - not detected at VHE γ (while 2nd & 3rd highest are TeV sources)
 - nearby Sayfert 2 gal., detected by LAT
 - MAGIC has observed it but outside GFU proposal, for <u>125 hr from 2016 to 2019</u>
 - Strong constraint in particular on the AGN wind models, but no clear alternative

Better to observe irrespective of known VHE/TeV γ source or not



cherenkov

telescope



IceCube 10-yr data Aartsen+ (2020)



v follow-up by CTA/LST (telescope array

- Continue to observe GOLD / BRONZE (singlet). Official says ">11 astrophysical evts / yr" and MAGIC observed 5 evts / year. Expecting the same with LST (~once per 2 months)
- γ-ray followup (multiplet GFU) by LST
 - MAGIC ~2/year => need to revise for LST (lower E, farther), more alerts
 - private alert, MoU with IceCube: done
- More obs. not biased to TeV γ
 - more non-blazar AGN (but how?)
 - nearby SN (multiplet)
 - NS mergers (Galaxies? Technically the same as GRB & GW)
- Aug 2020-: Cascade activated, ~8/yr, large localization (3-30 deg) Source selection and/or tiling obs. = tasks shared with GW



 10^{-1}

10⁰ Energy (TeV) 10¹

(Bošnjak+ 2021)

10²

 10^{-13}

 10^{-2}





Gravitational wave (GW) follow-up





10

- No TeVγ from BBH/BHNS/BNS?
- BNS: non detection from GRB 170817A / GW170817 by HESS nor MAGIC, but > 5 hr
- **Short GRB 160821B** @ z = 0.16
 - MAGIC observed from 24 s after the onset under non-optimal conditions Hint of detection (3.1 sigma) >0.5 TeV
 - Reported a kilonova in 2019 "Most sampled after 170817" TeV gamma from BNS/sGRB?
 - Detailed model (4 emissions): \bullet TeV from SSC ~order beyond a rough estimation by the obs. **External Compton?**
- **BNS** is hot topic also in IACT



GW follow-up by MAGIC Cta

- Participated in follow-ups since 2014
 - O1: GW151226, O2: GW170817 (still) under analysis
- Technically the same as GRB/v but the larger localization errors
 - Selection of "interesting sources"



Abbott et al. 2020

- On-call shift in O3, 2 evts observed (under analysis)
- Semi-automatic tool prepared for O4
- **Tiling observation** (implemented by HESS, Ashkar+ 2020) ? 3D Algorithms: 'GW x galaxy' prob. using catalogs (e.g., GLADE)



GW follow-up by CTA/LST (telescope array

- O4 (from 2023?): KAGRA with a high sensitivity (in the latter half)
 = essential improvement, more alerts with a small error
 - ~30%: No need for selection or tiling, ~2-3 BNS/year
 - > a half: LST FoV (~16 deg2) can cover with the tiling but need an optimized strategy (share experiences of v cascades)
- Simulation of "If observed?": BNS-GRB >90% (CTA Cons., in prep.)
- MoU with LVK in near future (?)









Outlook





Follow-up strategies (cta)

- GRB
 - Public alerts (Swift, Fermi,,, through GCN. SVOM?)
 - MWL? MAGIC has a strong connection to INAF, but unclear for LST.
 I always wait for z & host info in GCN. Please contact me as Deputy MWL coordinator in LST and one of Transient conveners in MAGIC

Neutrinos

- <u>by IceCube</u>: MoU signed for private alerts
 - Strong optical follow-up team in Japan, aiming at nearby SNe
- Other exp.? Water (KM3Net, B-GVD) has a better localization
- GW
 - MAGIC has MoU with LVK. CTA/LST also needs one by O4.
 - Before KAGRA comes with a high sensitivity, we still need inputs from other follow-ups, even if nice tiling tools are being prepared
- Alerts from CTA? Yes in the future. Real Time Analysis to trigger obs.



Summary



- MAGIC under operation and CTA LST under construction:
 optimal for MWL/MM transients followup in a few tens GeV TeV γ
- GRB: expand MAGIC strategy/results to farther GRBs and aim for the prompt emission, ~ 10 events / yr
- Neutrinos: continue AGN blazar follow-ups, improving for LST, but not only known (TeV) γ sources. ~10 events / yr
- GW: Short GRB / GW is a hot topic in coming years. To essentially overcome a large localization error, we need KAGRA. A few events / yr
- More observations by LST, expecting detections in coming years

