

# The event analysis in NINJA experiment

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### Neutrino physics on sub-multi GeV



### Neutrino multi-nucleon interaction



### NINJA Experiment

Neutrino Interaction research with Nuclear emulsion and J-PARC Accelerator

- Precise measurement of neutrino-nucleus cross-sections in Sub-Multi GeV  $u_{\mu}$
- Electron neutrino cross-section measurement
- Sterile neutrino search

50 researchers from 10 institutions



### Merits using nuclear emulsion



The nuclear emulsion has all the essential elements for low energy neutrino study.

### NINJA ROADMAP



### Currently, Physics Run I is underway.

## Results of Detector Run (T60)

 $v_{u}$ -Iron CC inclusive cross-section and detailed information was reported.



# Physics Run (E71a)

- First measurement of v-multi nucleon interactions
- Exclusive cross-section measurement of  $v_{\mu}$ -water interactions





Emulsion Shifter and Scintillation Tracker give time stamps to emulsion track in ECC to identify  $\mu$  with Baby MIND.

# NINJA detector (E71a)

### Direction of analysis in conventional method



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# **Emulsion Shifter**

### H.Kawahar (Nagoya Univ.) 11

### 4 films are used for a wall of emulsion shifter



### Operation of the Emulsion Shifter $\rightarrow$ Stable 50.0 stages [mm] 45.0 40.0 of the 35.0 Slow (data) -Fast (data) Position 30.0 25.0 20.0 15.0 10.0 5.0 0.0 2019/11/3 12:00 2019/11/20 12:00 2019/12/7 12:00 2020/1/27 12:00 2019/12/24 12:00 2020/1/10 12:00 2020/2/13 12:00

### Each spot corresponds to the time information.



Position difference between Moving wall and Fixed wall

Tracking efficiency (angle dependence) for one film



### Scintillation Tracker ↓ Operation result during neutrino beam exposure Bun a-1) χ² / ndf 0.336 # of events/10<sup>15</sup> protons Prob 0.88 Total POT: 2.650e+20 $0.7947 \pm 0.001742$ 0.86 0.84 0.82 2.4cm 0.8 3.3mm 0.78 0.76 0.74 0.72 0 0.9 31.83 / 28 # of events/10<sup>15</sup> protons Prob 0.2813 0.88 Event Rate 0.86 0.84 0.82 0.8 0.78 0.76 0.74 0.72 0.7 MC DATA ∆y Distribution Entries/0.4 mm Position resolution Vertical Angle resolution 0.14 Vertical 7 Horizontal Horizontal 0.12 80 σ(δ(x/y)) [mm] 0.1 $\sigma = -2mm$ $\alpha(9(\tan^{-1.0}_{x/y}))$ 5 60 40 0.04 20 0.02 0<u>2</u> -1.5 0.5 y<sub>recon</sub>-y<sub>true</sub>[cm] -1 -0.5 0 0<sup>C</sup>0 0<sup>L</sup> 0.2 0.6 0.8 0.4 1. 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.2 1 1 Position resolution of Scintillation $|\tan\theta_{x/v}|$ $Itan\theta_{x/v}I$ Tracker for straight tracks

The performance (position and angle resolution) of the Scintillation Tracker was as expected.

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T. Odagawa (Kyoto Univ.)

### Track matching efficiency



High detection and connection efficiencies have been achieved at each stage.

### Detected neutrino events

ECC – Emulsion Shifter – Scintillation Tracker – Baby MIND worked well and succeeded in  $\mu$ ID and measuring their charge.



## Emulsion scanning status

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

• Emulsion scanning was completed.

 $\rightarrow$  First result will be shown in this summer.

- Emulsion data taking is progressing as planned except for the effect from COVID-19 in 2020 and the hardware troubles of the scanning system that occurred last year.
- Tracking efficiency is sufficiently high.

![](_page_15_Figure_0.jpeg)

### Particle Identification

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

The detailed was presented by Odagawa-san in young talk.

# **Event Viewer** Iron event (121 events) 200 **Event candidate** 150 Fe:121 100 Water:95

### Very preliminary result in sub-sample

![](_page_18_Figure_1.jpeg)

\*Emulsion gel,base, packing interaction are included

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# Direct vertex hunting in ECC

**20** My master thesis

- Cross-check of muon prediction based analysis
- Electron neutrino event search

![](_page_19_Figure_4.jpeg)

In this method, vertices are reconstructed using only ECC tracks

- ••• the direction of analysis is the opposite of the conventional method
- •••analysis is not biased by electrical detectors

## Direct vertex hunting in ECC

![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

= Independent analysis confirms conventional methods.

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By increasing the statistics, we can guarantee the correctness of the conventional method and also search for electron-neutrino interactions.

### Schedule

The emulsion scanning of E71a will be completed.
→We plan to concentrate on its physics analysis in 2022.
→First physics output hope to be shown in this summer.
The next physics run (E71b) will be implemented in JFY2023.

Requested POT	<b>10 X 10</b> <sup>20</sup>
E71a	4.8 x 10 <sup>20</sup>
Done!	
E71b	5.2 x 10 <sup>20</sup>

E71a analysis:

As shown in results of detector run,

![](_page_21_Figure_5.jpeg)

cross-section and proton/pion kinematics information on  $v_{\mu}$ -water and iron interactions will be obtained with more than 10 times statistics from detector run.

Also, if 2p2h is the cause of the excess of CCQE like event, back-toback proton would be increased clearly in 0pi2p events.

## Toward next physics run (E71b)

We have developed an automatic emulsion pouring system and a new higher speed emulsion scanning system in Nagoya U.

![](_page_22_Picture_2.jpeg)

It is still under discussion, but we probably can install about Four times larger detectors in next run to increase statistics.

### Summary

- Precise measurement of sub-multi GeV neutrino-water interactions is important for future neutrino oscillation analysis (especially, 2p2h and v<sub>e</sub>) and proton information is a key to improve neutrino-nucleus interaction model.
- We have demonstrated the analysis of NINJA experiment in detector runs.
- The data taking of our first physics run (E71a) was completed.
- The hybrid analysis between emulsion detectors and electronic detectors works well, and PID analysis was also done well.
- Non-bias analysis method has been developed for cross-check of conventional analysis method and  $v_e$  CC event search.
- We will start physics analysis with full statistics of E71a, corresponds to 4.8 x 10<sup>20</sup> POT. The first physics result will be reported in this summer.
- Second physics run (E71b) is scheduled in JFY2023. The new emulsion production systems and readout system allow us to make a detector four times larger.

# Back up