

宇宙の進化と素粒子模型

令和4年度宇宙線研究所共同利用研究成果発表会
宇宙線研究所理論グループ 伊部昌宏

東大宇宙線研：川崎、伊部、他

名古屋大：久野

京都大学：瀬波

金沢大：青木、石渡、斎川

東北大：高橋

KEK：郡

神奈川大：粕谷

(合計16名)

国内旅費：20万円(次年度に繰越させて頂きます)

2022 年度 業績一部

- (1) [Enhancement of second-order gravitational waves at Q-ball decay](#)
By Shinta Kasuya, Masahiro Kawasaki, Kai Murai
e-Print: 2212.13370 [astro-ph.CO]
- (2) [Precise estimate of charged Wino decay rate](#)
By Masahiro Ibe, Masataka Mishima, Yuhei Nakayama, Satoshi Shirai
e-Print: 2210.16035 [hep-ph]
DOI: 10.1007/JHEP01(2023)017
- (3) [Isotropic cosmic birefringence from early dark energy](#)
By Kai Murai, Fumihiro Naokawa, Toshiya Namikawa, Eiichiro Komatsu
e-Print: 2209.07804 [astro-ph.CO]
- (4) [Revisiting sterile neutrino dark matter in gauged \$U\(1\)_{B-L}\$ model](#)
By Shintaro Eijima, Osamu Seto, Takashi Shimomura
e-Print: 2207.01775 [hep-ph]
DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.106.103513
- (5) [Revisiting the Affleck-Dine mechanism for primordial black hole formation](#)
By Kentaro Kasai, Masahiro Kawasaki, Kai Murai
e-Print: 2205.10148 [astro-ph.CO]
DOI: 10.1088/1475-7516/2022/10/048
- (6) [More on fake GUT](#)
By Masahiro Ibe, Satoshi Shirai, Motoo Suzuk, Keiichi Watanabe, Tsutomu T. Yanagida
e-Print: 2205.01336 [hep-ph]
DOI: 10.1007/JHEP07(2022)087
- (7) [Gravitational waves detectable in laser interferometers from axion-SU\(2\) inflation](#)
Tomohiro Fujita, Kaname Imagawa, Kai Murai
e-Print: 2203.15273 [astro-ph.CO]
DOI: 10.1088/1475-7516/2022/07/046
- (8) [Lepton asymmetric universe](#)
Masahiro Kawasaki, Kai Murai
e-Print: 2203.09713 [hep-ph]
DOI: 10.1088/1475-7516/2022/08/041
- (9) [EMPRESS. VIII. A New Determination of Primordial He Abundance with Extremely Metal-poor Galaxies: A Suggestion of the Lepton Asymmetry and Implications for the Hubble Tension](#)
Akinori Matsumoto, Masami Ouchi, Kimihiko Nakajima, Masahiro Kawasaki, Kai Murai et al.
e-Print: 2203.09617 [astro-ph.CO]
DOI: 10.3847/1538-4357/ac9ea1
Published in: *Astrophys.J.* 941 (2022) 2, 167
- (10) [Universality of linear perturbations in SU\(N\) natural inflation](#)
Tomohiro Fujita, Kai Murai, Ryo Namba
e-Print: 2203.03977 [hep-ph]
DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.105.103518 (publication)

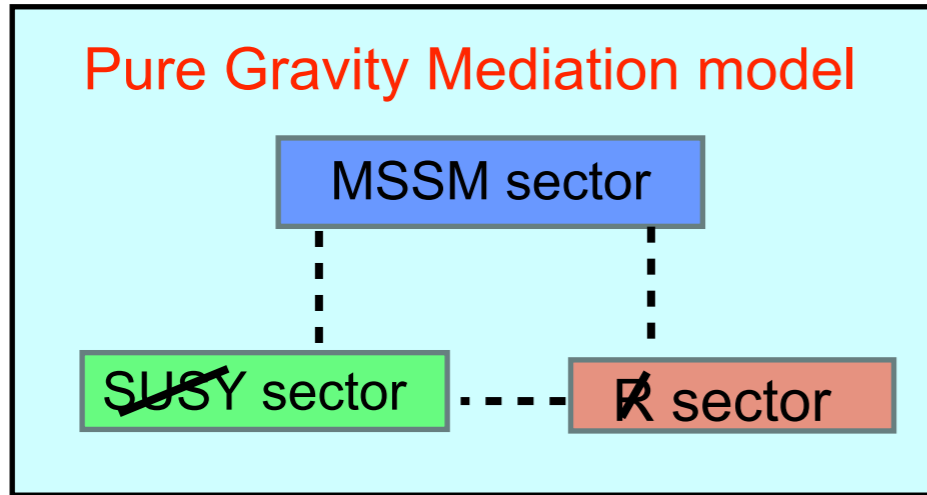
Precise estimate of charged Wino decay rate

JHEP 01 (2023) 017

Masahiro Ibe, Masataka Mishima, Yuhei Nakayama, Satoshi Shirai

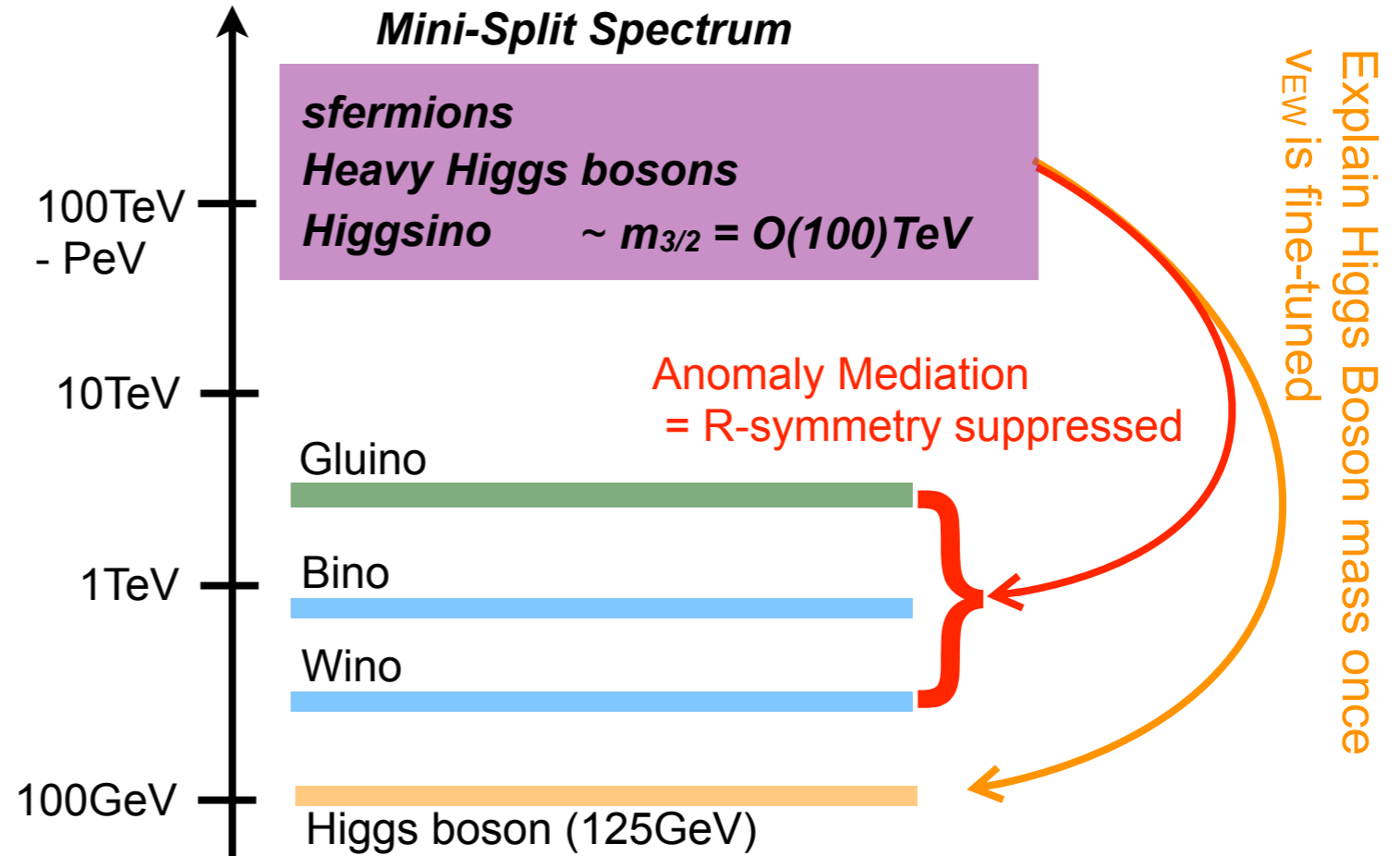
High Scale SUSY at 100TeV - PeV

- ✓ Consistent with cosmology (good DM candidate, no Gravitino/Polonyi problem)
- ✓ Model building is very simple and consistent with 125GeV Higgs !
- ✓ Fine-tuning problem between $O(10-1000)TeV$ and $v_{EW} = 174 GeV...$



They are connected by generic **Planck suppressed operators** with each other.

[’04 Wells, ’06 MI, Moroi, Yanagida, ’12 MI, Yanagida, ’12 Arkani-hamed, Gupta, Kaplan, Weiner, Zorawski...]



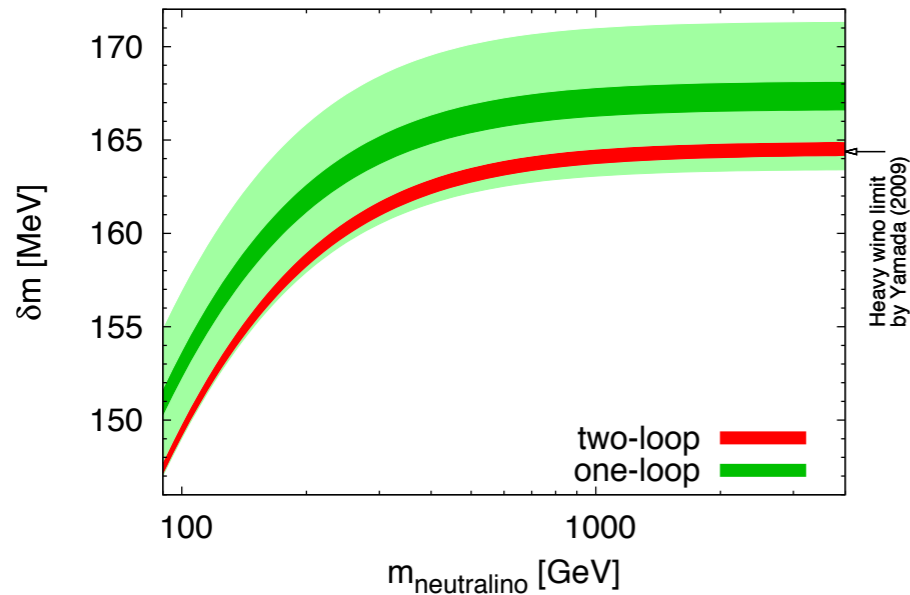
Gauginos Masses are One-Loop Suppressed !

Gauginos Masses = Anomaly Mediation + Higgsino Mediation

[’99 Giudice, Luty, Murayama, Rattazzi, ’99 Gherghetta, Giudice, Wells]

Neutral Wino (superpartner of W/Z boson) is the candidate for dark matter !

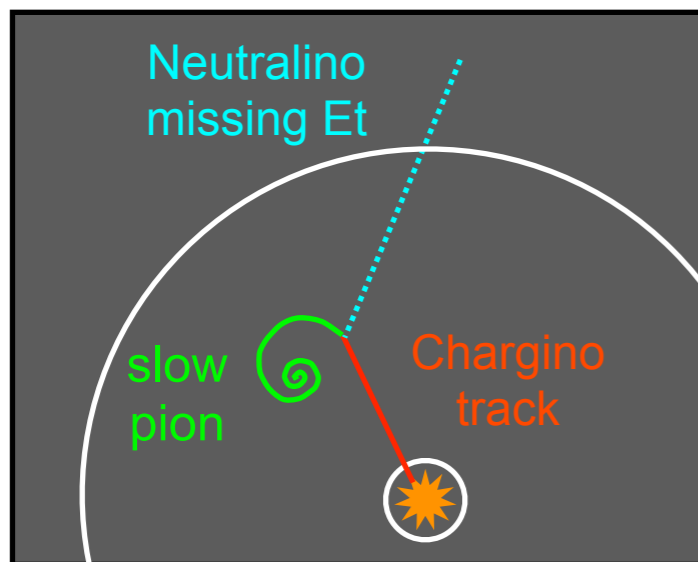
High Scale SUSY at 100TeV - PeV



- ✓ A unique feature : degenerate mass spectrum of charged Wino and neutral Wino

$$\Delta m = m_{\chi^\pm} - m_{\chi^0} \simeq 164 \text{ MeV}$$

@ 2-loop [12' MI, Matsumoto, Sato]



- ✓ The charged Wino has a rather long lifetime

Main decay mode : $\chi^\pm \rightarrow \chi^0 + \pi^\pm$

$$\Gamma_{\text{tree}}(\chi^- \rightarrow \pi^- + \chi^0) = \frac{4}{\pi} F_\pi^2 (G_\pi^0)^2 \underline{\Delta m^3} \left(1 - \frac{m_\pi^2}{\Delta m^2}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$\leftrightarrow \tau_{\text{Wino}} = \mathcal{O}(10^{-10}) \text{ s}$$

Leptonic modes : $\chi^\pm \rightarrow \chi^0 + e^\pm + \nu_e$ (2%)

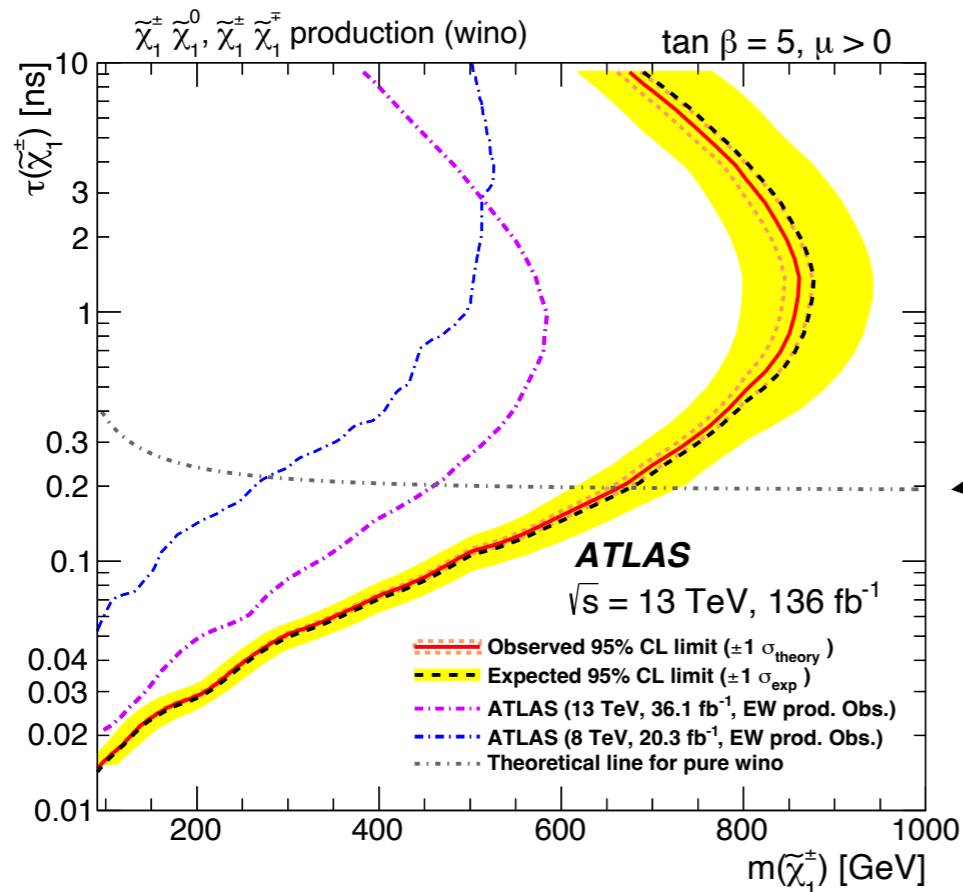
$\chi^\pm \rightarrow \chi^0 + \mu^\pm + \nu_\mu$ (0.5%)

- ✓ The charged Wino leaves a disappearing charged track ! [06' MI, Moroi, Yanagida]

One of the most important channel to test the Wino scenario !

NLO calculation of the main Wino decay

✓ Current Constraint from disappearing track search



95%CL limit on the Wino mass by ATLAS

$$m_\chi > 660 \text{ GeV}$$

[Eur. Phys. J. C 82 (2022) 606]

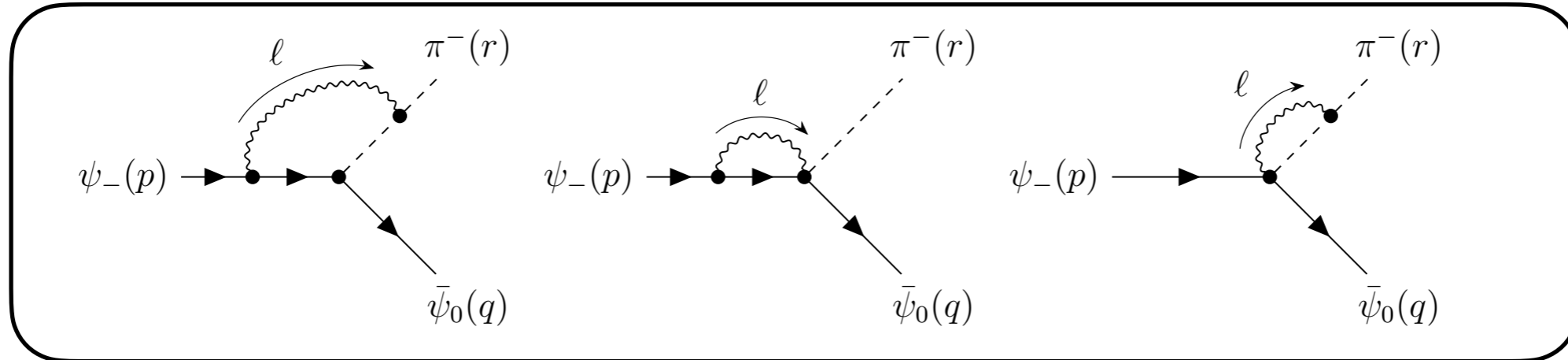
$$\Gamma_{\text{tree}}(\chi^- \rightarrow \pi^- + \chi^0) = \frac{4}{\pi} F_\pi^2 (G_\pi^0)^2 \underbrace{\Delta m^3}_{\text{2-loop}} \left(1 - \frac{m_\pi^2}{\Delta m^2}\right)^{1/2}$$

✓ So far main decay mode is calculated only up to the leading order, although the mass difference @NLO(= 2-loop) is used.

QED NLO analysis of the decay width is important to know the uncertainty!

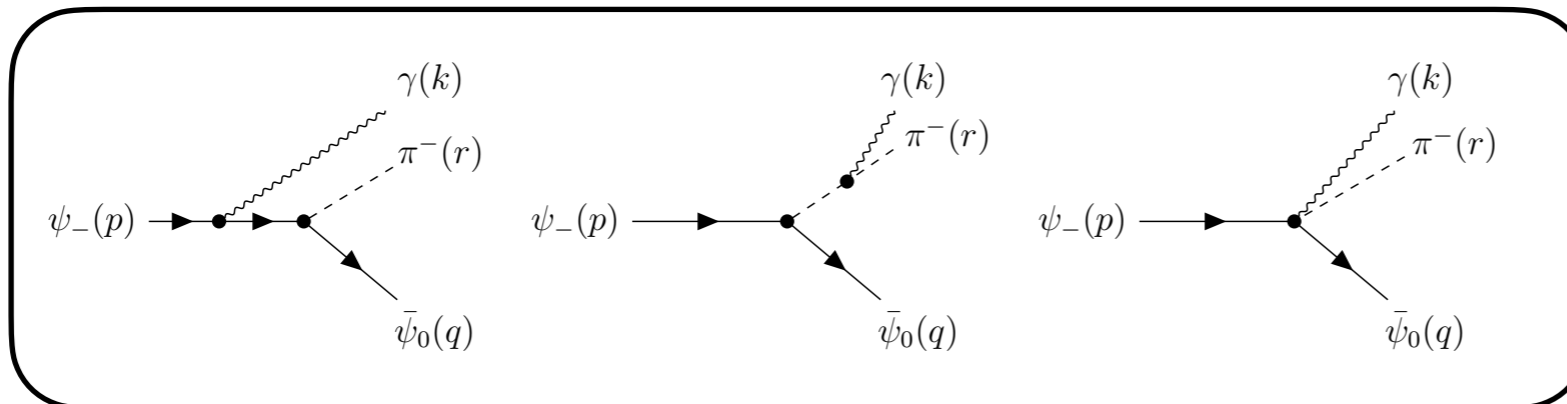
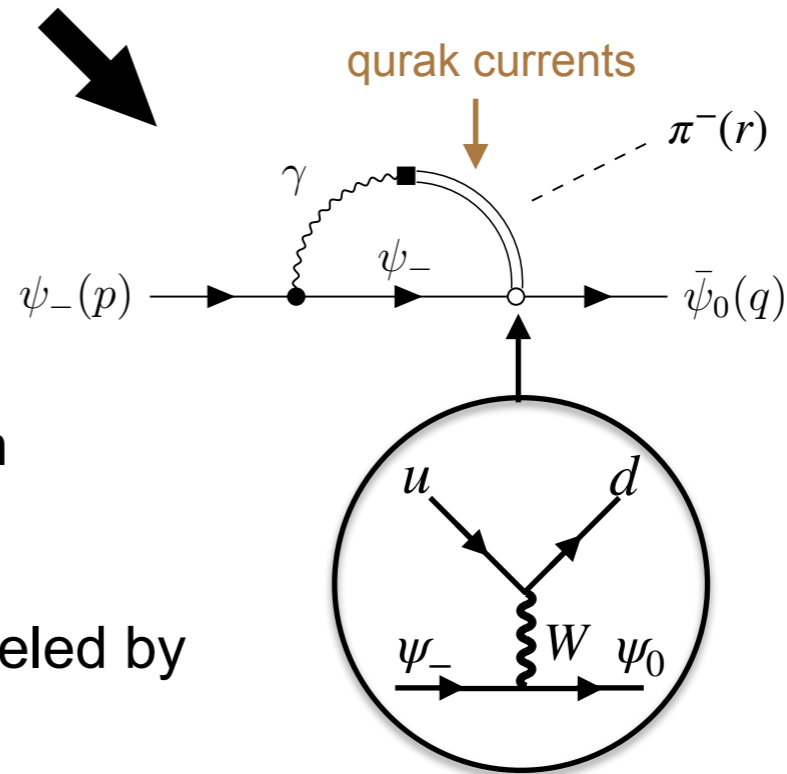
NLO calculation of the main Wino decay

Simple Photon Loops ... Look easy ?



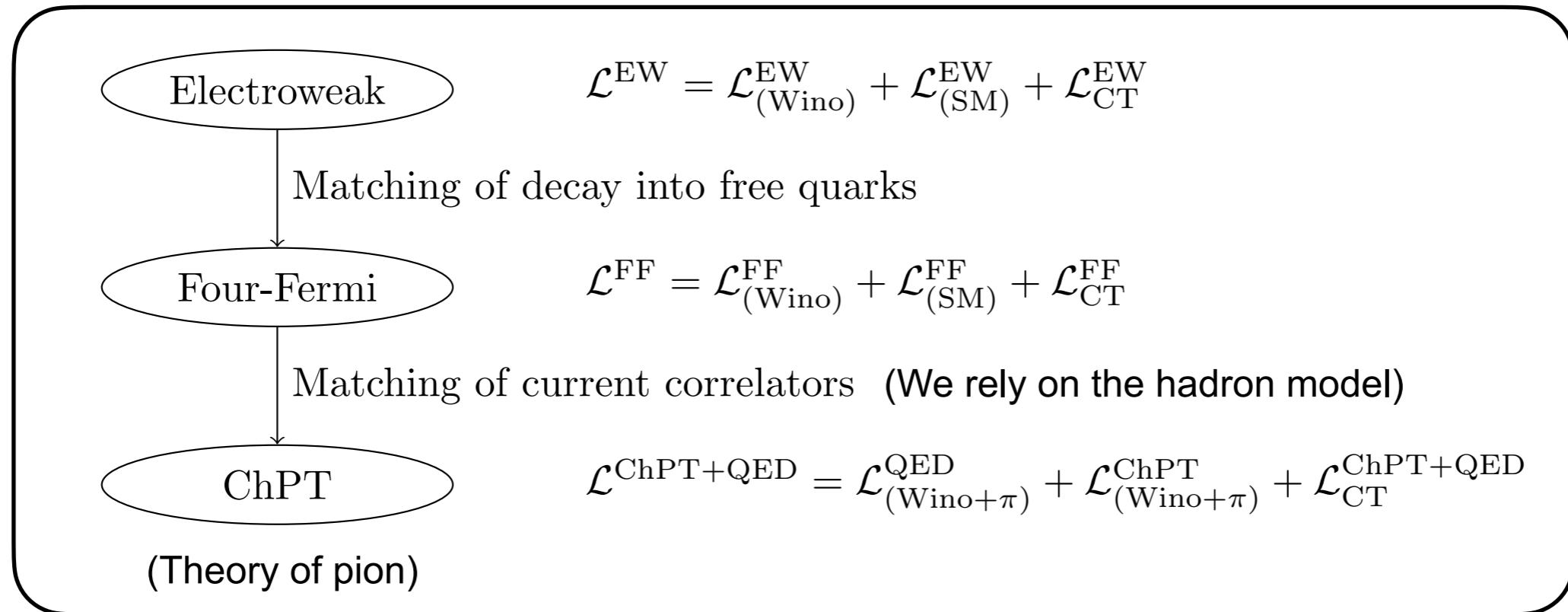
Not really...

- ✓ Pion theory is NOT renormalizable
- ✓ Non-perturbative effects exist...
- ✓ Weak interaction via the four-fermi interaction is non-renormalizable
- ✓ IR divergence of QED (which should be canceled by the IR divergences of real emissions).



NLO calculation of the main Wino decay

Flow Chart of Matching



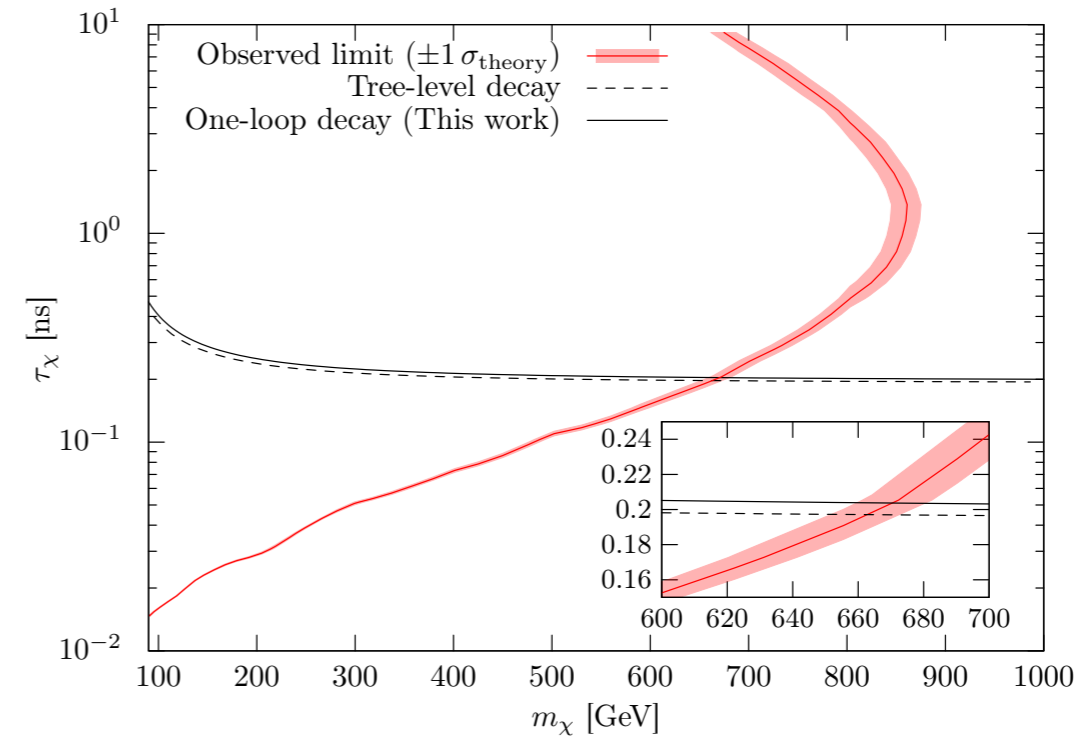
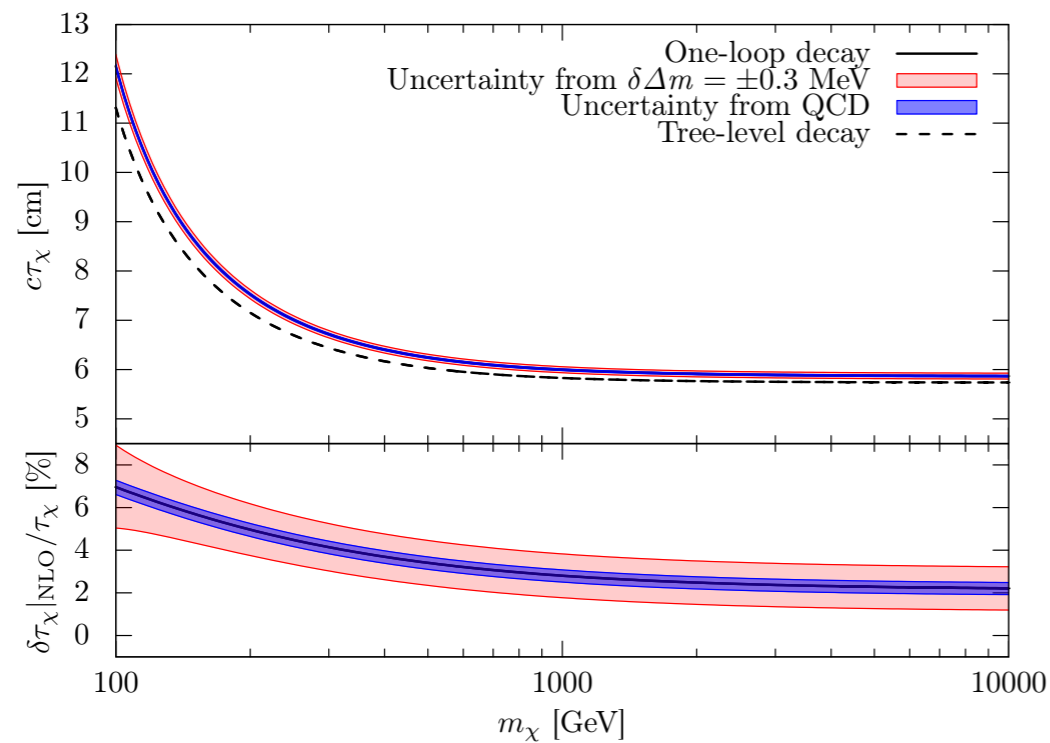
e.g. QED NLO analysis of $\pi^- \rightarrow \mu + \nu_\mu + (\gamma)$

1959 Kinoshita, 1986 Marciano&Sirlin (No hadronic effects),

→ 2006 Descotes-Genon&Moussallam (hadron effects)

NLO calculation of the main Wino decay

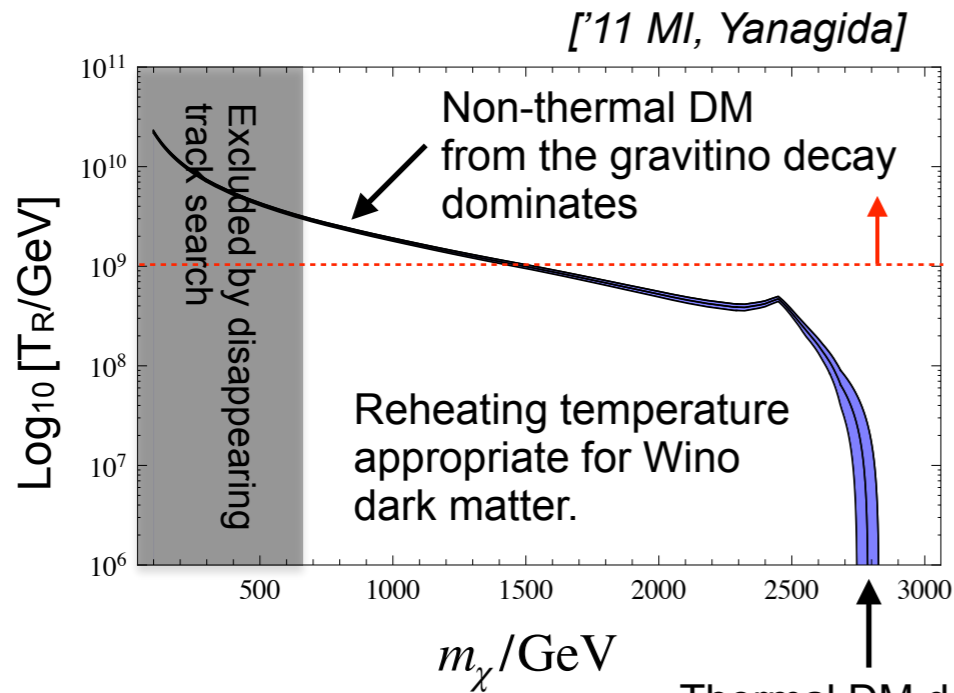
Results



- ✓ Now, we can make prediction of the wino lifetime at the $O(1)\%$ precision.
- ✓ The NLO effect is around 2-6 % depending on the Wino mass [much larger than naive expectation $\mathcal{O}(\alpha/4\pi)$]
- ✓ The lower limit on the wino mass gets slightly tightened. [The uncertainty are dominated by the 3-loop Δm and production cross section]

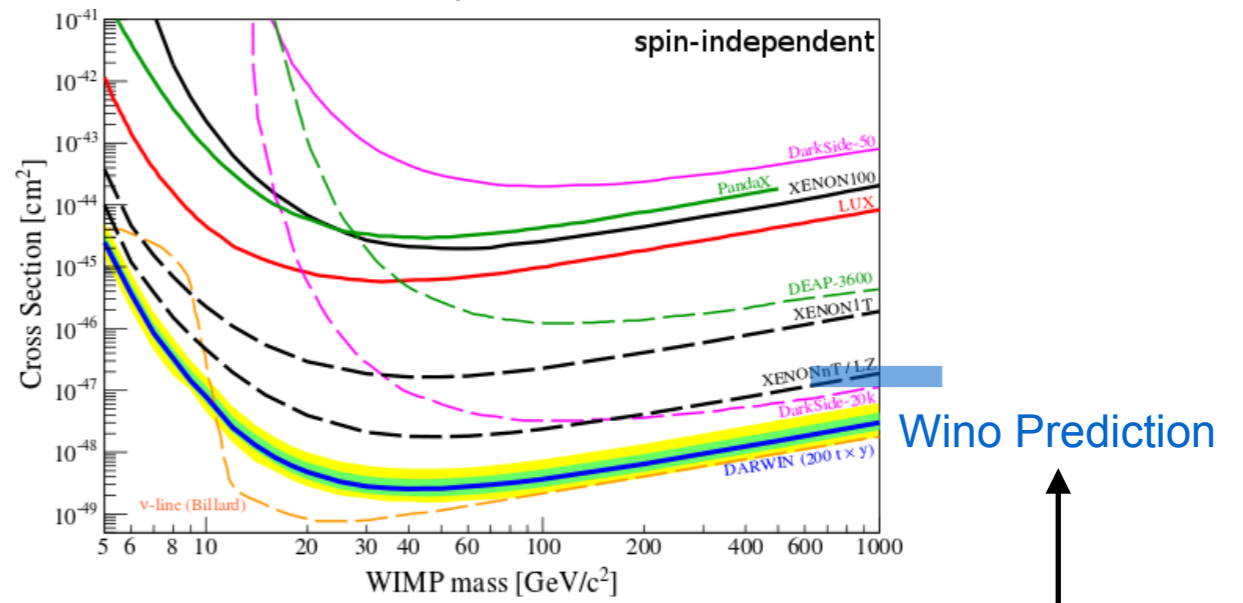
Wino DM vs Thermal Leptogenesis (work in progress)

✓ Wino dark matter and thermal Leptogenesis is consistent only for



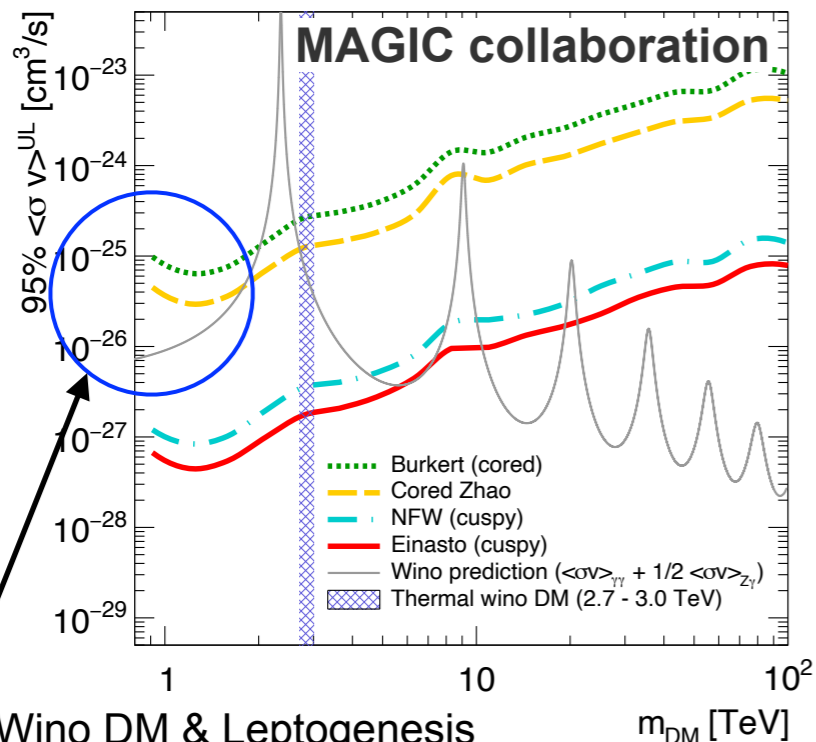
Thermal DM dominates
[07 Hisano, Matsumoto, Nagai, Saito, Senarmi]

<https://darwin.physik.uzh.ch/darwin.html>



[10, Hisano Ishiwata Nagata]

Line γ -ray from Galaxy center
[Phys.Rev.Lett. 130 (2023) 6, 061002]



Region Wino DM & Leptogenesis consistent

The Wino with thermal leptogenesis
 $660 \text{ GeV} < m_\chi \lesssim 1.5 \text{ TeV}$
is under siege.

(We are going to revisit the uncertainties of the theoretical prediction of m_χ from leptogenesis)